



GORJ COUNTY

2008

**COLECTIVUL DE LUCRU CARE A PARTICIPAT LA ELABORAREA
GHIDULUI INVESTITORULUI**

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ACRONIME

RO

BIM Biroul International al Muncii

EUROSTAT – Institutul de Statistică al Uniunii Europene

PATN – Planul de Amenajare a Teritoriului National)

AJOFM – Agentia Judeteana pentru Ocuparea Fortei de Munca

RICOP – Programul de Restructurare Industrială și Reconvertire Profesională

MARR – Fondul de Reconstrucție a Regiunilor Miniere

POR – Program Operational Regional

ONRC – Oficiul National al Registrului Comertului

UATB – Unitati administrativ teritoriale de baza

UAT – Unitati administrativ teritoriale

CNSIS – Consiliul National al Cercetării Științifice din Învățământul Superior

CCS – Consiliul Cercetării Științifice

ARACIS – Agentia Romana de Asigurare a Calitatii in Invatamantul

ACRONYMS

EN

ILO International Labour Office

EUROSTAT – The Statistical Office of the European Union

The Spatial Plan for Territorial Management

County Employment Agency

Industrial Restructuring and Reconversion Programme

Mining Affected Regions Reconstruction Fund

ROP – Regional Operational Programme

NTRO – National Trade Register Office

BTAU – Basic territorial-administrative units

TAU – Territorial-administrative units

The National Council of Scientific Research

The Council of Scientific Research

Romanian Agency for Quality Assurance in Higher Education

Superior

ENQA – Asociația Europeană pentru
Asigurarea Calității în Învățământul
Superior

European Association for Quality
Assurance in Higher Education

IDU – Indicele Dezvoltării Umane

HDI – Human Development Index

INS – Institutul Național de Statistică

NIS- National Institute of Statistics

FOREWORD

Romania's accession to the European Union and the opening of gates for our country, and implicitly Gorj County, towards a European market, a competitive market, in a permanent movement and development, created the premises for Gorj County Council to take initiatives in order to develop the business environment and to stimulate the innovation.

The priority of Gorj County Council is the social-economic development of the county, and the attraction of investors, both native and foreign, interested in the potential and opportunities that Gorj County has to offer is a very important instrument in attaining this purpose. To meet the expectations of investors that wish to bring financial capital and new technologies in the county, Gorj County Council elaborated the *Investor's Guide*, document that puts together different useful information that could serve as orientation for the possible investors that wish to contribute to the development of Gorj County.

According to the study "Southeast Europe Attractiveness Survey 2007", carried out by the company Ernst & Young, our country was leading in the top of attractiveness in 2007, being designated the most attractive destination for investment in the Southeast, Central and West Europe, ahead of Poland and the Czech Republic, with 58% of the international companies willing to invest in Romania in 2007.

The increased potential of the work productivity, the relatively low workforce cost and level of the profit tax, but also the flexibility of the labour legislation, the total openness of the local and county public administration, the availability of the locations for investment, as well as the natural resources and the touristic potential of Gorj County will attract foreign investors in the county.

The contemporary market economy is very complex and diversified, based on multiple, divergent interests of the economic agents. Therefore, the scientific grounding of a socio-economic development strategy for Gorj County proved to be opportune in the context of the development of an European market. The socio-economic analysis of Gorj County identified five priority fields in the socio-economic development of the county: the agriculture, the infrastructure, the environment and natural resources, the human resources and the business environment and the social environment.

The *Investor's Guide* harmonizes with the strategy, both aiming at the socio-economic development of Gorj County. Starting with a general description of Romania, followed by the presentation of South-West Oltenia Region, region in which Gorj County is integrated, the guide offers the investors general information about the county (short history, geographical and administrative data, natural resources), as well as specific information regarding the economy of the county, the agriculture, the infrastructure, services and least, but not last, the tourism. Thus, the investor will have the possibility to have a general view on the county, being able, in the same time, to identify the areas where they could invest.

At the same time, we mention that the information and estimations displayed in this guide reflect the latest available data at the time of the conception of this guide, being subject to possible further alterations.

By elaborating the *Investor's Guide* we have the certainty that we will attract many investors in our county, increasing the interest for this area that has many things to unfold.

ION CĂLINOIU
PRESIDENT,
GORJ COUNTY COUNCIL

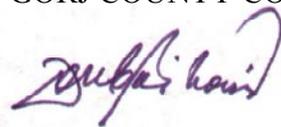


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1. ROMANIA



Official denomination: Romania

Official language: Romanian

Capital: Bucharest

Total area: 238,391 sq. km (the 11th largest country in Europe and the 79th in the world)

Population: 21,7 million, of which, 10,6 million men and 11,1 million women

Population density: 91 inhabitants/ sq. km

Ethnic groups: 89.5% - Romanians, 6.6% - Hungarians, 2.5% - Roma, 0.3% - Germans, 0.3% - Ukrainians, 0.8% - other nationalities.

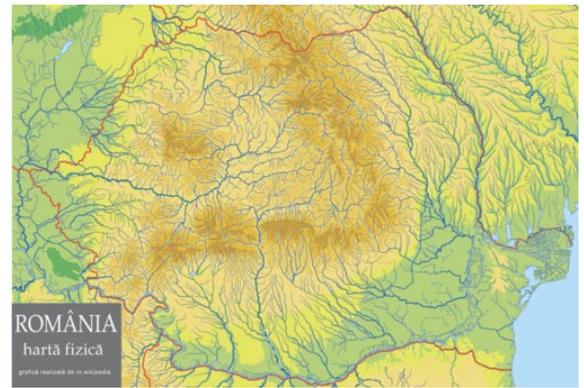
Form of Government: Republic

National Day: 1st of December

Monetary unit: Leu (Lei, plural)

Romania lies between 43°37'07"-48°15'06" latitude north and 20°15'44"-29°41'24" longitude east.

1.1. Geographical Data



Politically, Romania is located in the South-Eastern Europe, but geographically, it lies at approximately equal distances – about 2,500 km – between the eastern border (The Atlantic Ocean) and the western border (The Ural Mountains) of Europe, namely in a central-southern position. A large part of Romania's border with Serbia and Bulgaria is formed by the Danube, while the Prut River, a tributary to the Danube, forms the border with the Republic of Moldavia.

The **Carpathian Mountains** dominate the center of Romania, with fourteen of its mountain ranges reaching above 2,500 meters altitude. The highest mountain in Romania is Moldoveanu Peak (2,544 m), in the Făgăraș Mountains. Romania's relief is diversified and roughly equally distributed between mountainous, hilly and lowland territories (31% mountains, 36% hills and tablelands, 33% planes).

The **Eastern Carpathians** stretch from the northern border to the Prahova River Valley, whose large depressions and numerous passes carry the main roads and railways through the mountains, linking Moldavia to Transylvania.

A densely forested area, the **Southern Carpathians** (also called the **Transylvanian Alps** or **Carpații Meridionali** in Romanian) – extended between the Prahova River Valley and the Timiș-Cerna Corridor – are higher (the national maximum level being reached by Moldoveanu Peak, in the Făgăraș Mountains, with 2,544 meters). They present a range of depressions and passes, similar to those of the Olt and Jiu River Valleys.

The **Western Carpathians** (extended between the Danube Pass, to the south and the Someș River, to the north) are less high. They present numerous depressions (Țara Almașului, Țara Moșilor) and frequent karstic phenomena (in the Apuseni Mountains).

There are **hills** both inside the Carpathian Arch (The Transylvanian Depression), as well as outside the Arch (in the Sub-Carpathians, the Moldavian Plateau, the Getic Plateau, the Western Hills).

Planes are mostly present in the south (the Romanian Plain or the Lower Danubian Plain) and in the west of the country (The Western Plain). The Danube Floodplain, which broadens to the east has been diked, drained, irrigated and transformed into an agricultural area.

The **Danube Delta**, designated in 1990 a biosphere reserve, belongs mostly to Romania.

Romania has a rich [hydrographic network](#). The most important waters of Romania are: the **Danube River** (the second largest river in Europe, regarding the dimension and the stream discharge) and the rivers **Mureș, Olt, Prut, Jiu, Siret, Someș, Timiș, Ialomița, Dâmbovița**.

Despite the density of the hydrographic network, from the point of view of the resources generated on its own territory (without the input brought by the Danube and other smaller rivers from other countries), Romania is one of the poorest countries in water resources per square kilometer in Europe.

The Romanian **climate** is temperate-continental, characteristic to the Central Europe, with relatively reduced rainfall and notable season differences. In the northern and central mountainous areas, the summer is a temperate season, with few tropical or summer days and chilly nights.

1.2. History



The present borders of **Romania** include a large part of the territory of the ancient state Dacia.

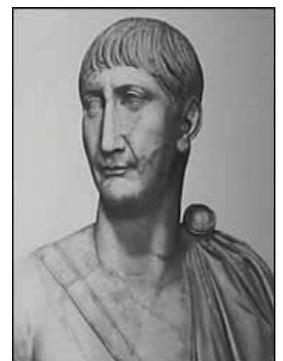
Romania's territory has been inhabited since the second millennium B.C. by the Indo-European tribes of the Thracians. In the 6th century B.C., in the area surrounding the Lower Danube, ancient historians spoke about a population called Getae (Getians), while in Banat and Transylvania there were tribes known as Dacians.

The Geto-Dacian state reached its maximum expansion during the leadership of King Burebista (82-44 B.C.). It stretched from the Wooded Carpathians (north) to the Haemus Mountains (the Balkans –south), and from the junction of the Moravia River with the Danube (west) to the Bug River (east).

After the death of Burebista, the Geto-Dacian kingdom shall divide into four, then five parts under separate rulers.



The kingdom was unified again, under the rule of **Decebalus** (87-106 A.D.). The newly formed state had its capital in Sarmizegetusa. Decebalus was engaged in two wars against the Romans, led by the Emperor Trajan, between 101-102 and 105-106. As a result of these wars, Dacia was conquered and turned



into a Roman province. It is the beginning of the Romanization process of the Geto-Dacians.

The Romanization is a complex historic process, by which the Roman civilization invades all the sectors of life in a province, leading to the replacement of the language of the conquered population with the Latin language.

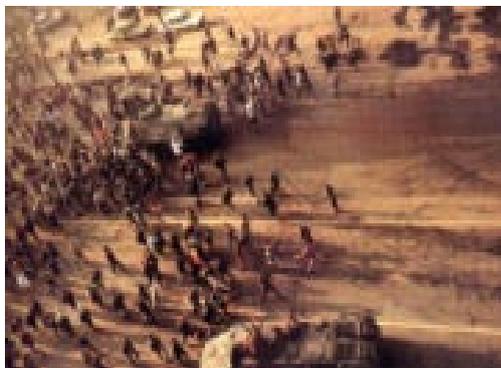
In 271, the Emperor Aurelian withdrew the Roman administration and army from Dacia. The majority of the Romanized population stayed behind, in the area north of Danube. After the Aurelian withdrawal, the Dacian unity is rebuilt on the left side of the Lower Danube.

Moreover, during this period, an intensified propagation of Christianity in Latin took place, which demonstrates the irreversible Romanization of the Dacians and the continuity of the Daco-Roman population. It is the Latin language that gave the basic Christian words: Biserică (Church) – Basilica; Dumnezeu (God) – Domine Deus; Duminică (Sunday) – Dies Dominica; Înger (Angel) – Angelus. Hence, between the 4th and the 6th centuries, there was a strengthening of the Romanization process in the south and north of the Danube. The natives integrated completely and irreversibly into the Roman world.

The **modern state** was created by the administrative union of the principalities Moldavia and Walachia in 1859, with the election of the same man, Alexandru Ioan Cuza, as prince of both principalities.



After the Second Balkan War, the country extended its territory, when, as a result of the peace Treaty of Bucharest (1913), Romania gained Southern Dobruja - the



Quadrilateral. It continued in that direction, gaining Transylvania, Bessarabia and Bukovina after the First World War, mostly by applying the wilsonian principle of “self-determination of nations” (with local and plebiscitary initiatives), but often under the form of military campaigns (1918-1919).

After the Second World War, Romania became a communist country, under the influence of the Soviet Union. The regime alienated itself from any form of internal reform, adopting authoritarian dogmas, repressive manifestations, while being

confronted with the Perestroika policies. In December 1989, after a series of bloody events, the communist system collapsed.

The dictatorship of Ceausescu was overthrown in the Revolution of 1989.

The National Salvation Front, which took over the power in December 1989, declared the giving up to communism, the changing of the name of the country (to Romania), a multi-party system, the passing to a free market economy, and the re-installing of the basic human rights.

After the Cold War, in 1989, Romania strengthened its relations with Europe, joined NATO in 2004 and the European Union. The Treaty of Accession for Romania and Bulgaria to the European Union was signed by the representatives of the Member States and Romania and Bulgaria in Neumünster Abbey, Luxemburg, on 25 April 2005 and entered into force on the 1st of January 2007, after being ratified by the 25 states of the European Union.

1.3. State organization

Romania is a state of law, democratic and social. Human dignity, the citizen's rights and freedoms, the free development of human personality, justice and political pluralism represent supreme values, guaranteed by the Constitution. The constitution provides for a separation of powers into three branches: the Legislative Branch, the Executive Branch and the Judicial Branch.

The Parliament, consisting of two chambers, The Chamber of Deputies and the Senate, elected to four-year terms by universal suffrage, is the supreme representative body of the Romanian people and the sole legislative authority of the country.

The Government, in accordance with its government programme accepted by the Parliament, ensures the implementation of the domestic and foreign policy of the country and exercises the general management of public administration.

The President of Romania, who serves a five-year term, is elected directly by universal suffrage, represent the Romanian State and guard the observance of the Constitution and the proper functioning of the public authorities. The President of Romania designates a candidate to the office of Prime Minister and appoints the Government on the basis of the vote of confidence of Parliament.

The public administration in territorial-administrative units is based on the principles of decentralization, local autonomy and deconcentration of public services.

The local Councils and Mayors, elected by direct suffrage, act as autonomous administrative authorities and manage public affairs in communes and towns. The Government appoints a Prefect in each county and in Bucharest Municipality.

2. THE SOUTH-WEST OLTENIA REGION



2.1. Location, Physical Profile

Oltenia Region lies in the southwestern part of Romania, having a total surface of 29,212 sq. km, which represent 12.25% of the total surface of Romania. The region has a favorable location is for its economy and tourism: the Carpathians and the Danube form, in the northern and southern part of the region, the natural borders of Oltenia.



The Danube is an important regional resource and runs along the border with Bulgaria and Serbia on a distance of 417 km. The northern border of the region is about 200 km away from Timișoara; the distance between Craiova and Bucharest is of 230 km.

Oltenia Region has five counties: **Gorj, Dolj, Vâlcea, Mehedinți and Olt.**

The territory of Oltenia is characterized by a mountainous and hilly relief in the north (The Carpathians and Sub-Carpathians, with a maximum height of 2,519 m in Parângul Mare), abounding in forests and grasslands.

The rich hydrographic network of the region is used to produce electrical energy. Apart from the Danube, there are another two important tributary sources that cross the region: the Jiu River and the Olt River. They irrigate the plain area between the Danube and the Getic hilly area.

The main natural lakes are in Bistreț (Dolj County), Zaton (Mehedinți County) and Câlcescu (Vâlcea County). Bistreț Lake is the second largest in the country, with a surface of 1,867 ha. Câlcescu is a glacial lake.

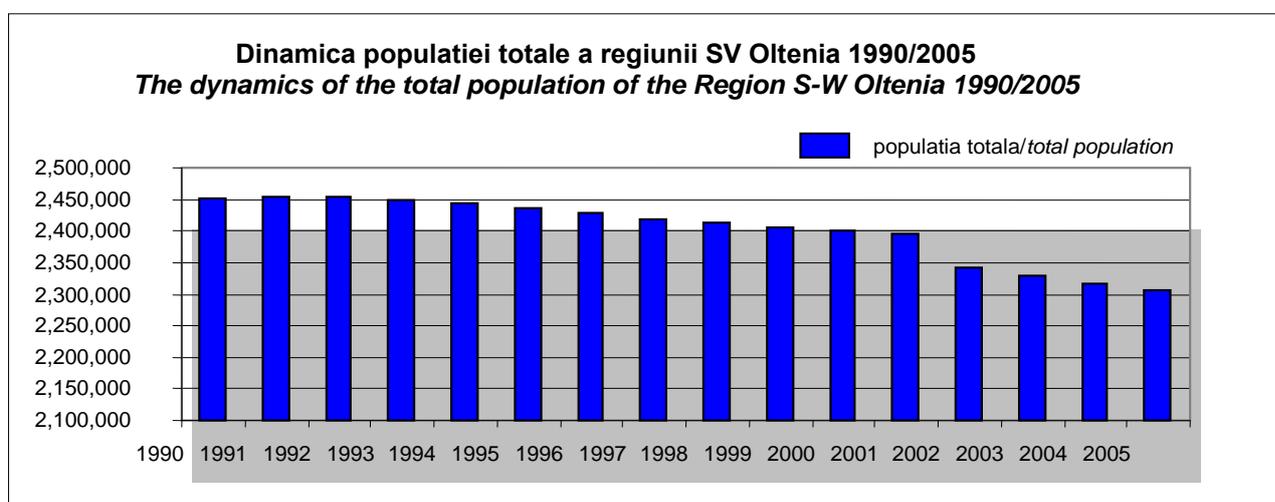
There are 6 artificial lakes in Oltenia. Two of them, placed in Mehedinți County, are the first and the second largest artificial lakes in the country: Ostrova Mare (with a surface area of 40,000 ha and a volume of 800,000 stere meters) and the Iron Gates (with a surface area of 10,000 ha and a volume of 2,400 stere meters). In Vâlcea County, on the Lotru River, is the Vidra Reservoir (at a height of 1,289 m, with an area of 1,035 ha and a maximum dam depth of 109, a volume of 340 million stere meters and 9 km length), on which is placed the Lotru-Ciunget hydropower plant, the biggest hydropower plant on the interior rivers. The waters of these artificial lakes are exploited for electricity generation.

2.2. Population

According to data provided by the Directorate of Statistics Dolj, on the **1st of July 2005**, the **South-West Oltenia Region had a population of 2,306,450 inhabitants**, pointing out a decrease of 0.48% compared to 2004.

At the level of South-West Oltenia Region, the evolution of the population continues the decreasing trend exhibited after the census made in January 1992. In 2005, compared to 1992, the regional population decreased by 146,825 people, that is 5.98% of the population registered in 1992.

Fig. 2.2.1.



Sursa: Direcția Regională de Statistică Dolj, 2006

Source: Regional Directorate of Statistics Dolj 2006

The decrease of the population in the last 13 years (2005 compared to 1992) had as major causes a negative natural growth rate (the live-births are outnumbered by the deaths), as well as the migration of population towards other areas.

Populația totală, pe județe, în data de 1 iulie 2005 - Regiunea Sud Vest Oltenia <i>Total population by counties on 1 July 2005 –South-West Oltenia Region</i>		
JUDET COUNTY	POPULAȚIA TOTALĂ TOTAL POPULATION	PONDEREA DIN TOTAL POPULAȚIE ÎN REGIUNE WEIGHT OF THE TOTAL POPULATION IN THE REGION (%)
DOLJ	718,874	31.17
GORJ	384,852	16.68
MEHEDINȚI	303,869	13.17
OLT	483,674	20.98
VÂLCEA	415,181	18.00
TOTAL în REGIUNE TOTAL in REGION	2,306,450	100

Sursa: Direcția Regională de Statistică Dolj 2006

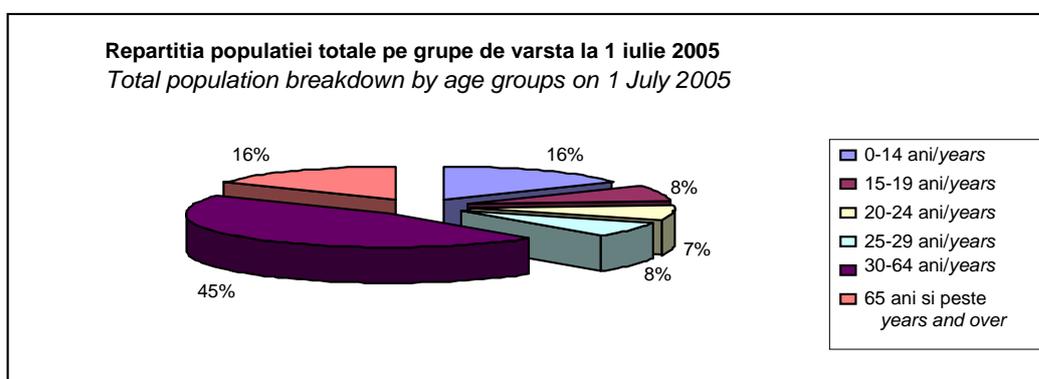
Source: Regional Directorate of Statistics Dolj 2006

We can notice that in 2005, Dolj County had the largest percentage of the total population in the region (31.17%), compared to the other counties: Olt (20.98 %), Vâlcea (18.00 %), Gorj (16.68 %) and Mehedinți (13.17 %).

Structura populației regiunii SV Oltenia pe grupe de vârste la 1 iulie 2005

Population structure in S-W Oltenia Region by age groups on 1 July 2005

Fig. 2.2.2.



Sursa: INS 2006

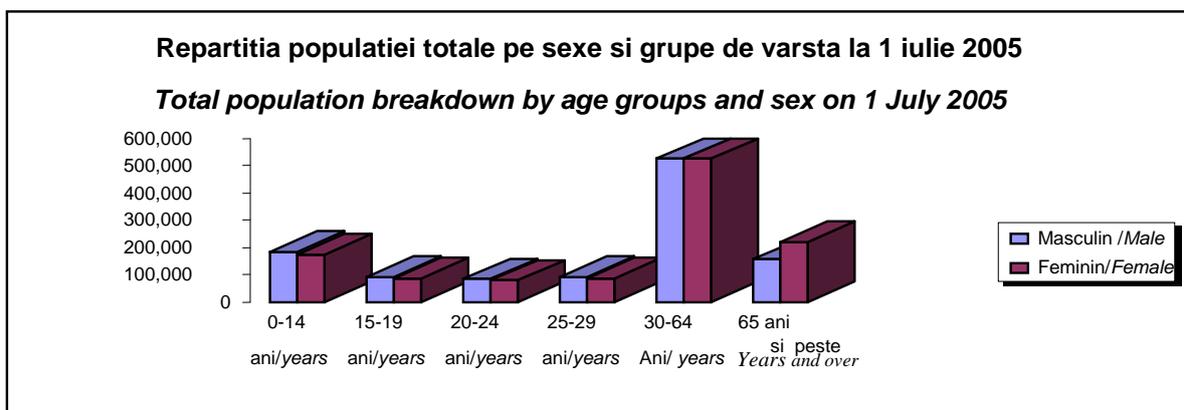
Source: INS 2006

We witness, in the Developing Region South-West Oltenia, a diminution of the young population (0-14 years) of the total population, from 22.7% in 1990, to 16% in 2005, while the elder population registers a slight increase, the population of 65 years and over exceeding in 2005 the level 16%.

The evolution of population by age groups in South-West Oltenia Region reveals the emergence of a slow, but constant aging process of the population, with negative impact on economy and society, phenomenon characteristic to all constitutive counties, due to the low birth rate, which contributes directly to a decrease in the weight of young population.

Populația regiunii SV Oltenia la data de 1 iulie 2005 detaliată pe sexe și grupe de vârstă
The population of S-W Oltenia Region on 1 July 2005 by age groups and sex

Fig. 2.2.3..



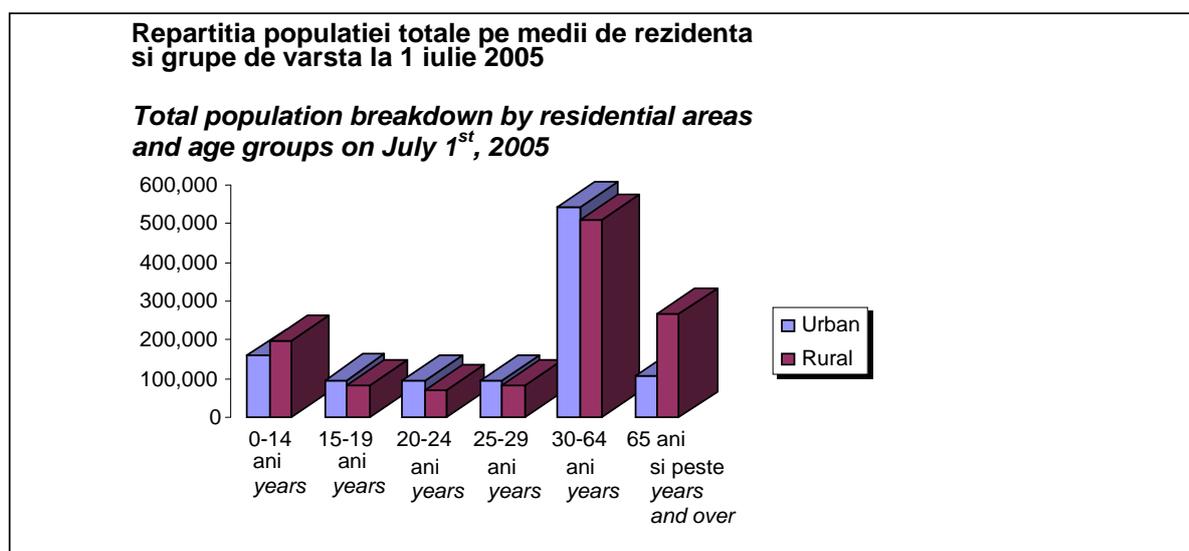
Sursa: INS 2006
 Source: INS 2006

Of a total of **2,306,450 persons** in 2005, there are **1,175,038 (50.95) women**. Almost 52% of these live in the rural area (see fig. 2.3.4.).

The structure of the population by sex maintains in every county a higher proportion of women compared to men, as follows: in Dolj 51.35 %, in Gorj 50.57 %, in Mehedinți 50.87 %, in Olt 50.69 %, in Vâlcea 50.94 %.

Populația regiunii SV Oltenia la data de 1 iulie 2005 detaliată pe medii și grupe de vârstă
The population of S-W Oltenia Region on 1 July 2005 by areas and selected age groups

Fig. 2.2.4.



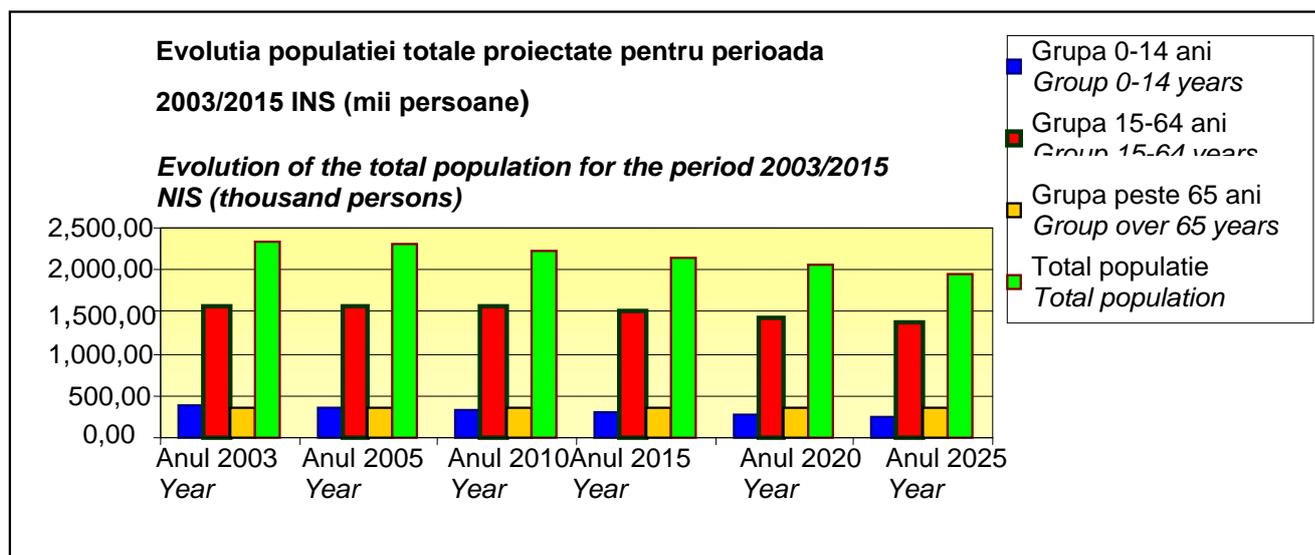
Sursa: INS 2006
 Source: INS 2006

The breakdown of the total population by residential areas in 2005 highlight the **preponderance of the rural population** by 1,210,390 persons (52.48%), compared to the **urban** population, which comprises 1,096,060 persons (47.52 % according to fig. 2.3.5).

The dynamics of the population of S-W Oltenia by residential areas during 1992-2005, indicates an increase in the number of urban population by 25,063 persons (2.34%) and a decrease of rural population by 171,888 persons (12.43%), generating per total a regional negative balance of 146,825 persons. The reversed ratio of the dynamics between residential areas can generate positive effects regarding the decrease of the employment in the subsistence agriculture and the increase of the work productivity.

The decreasing tendency of the total population in S-W Oltenia Region is expected to continue in the following years, on all age group levels, according to the forecasting made by the National Institute of Statistics for the period 2003-2025.

Figura 2.2.5.



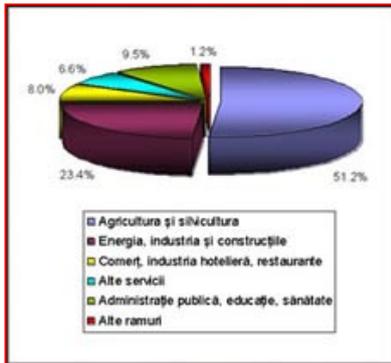
Sursa: INS 2006

Source: INS 2006

The effects of the social-economic evolution of the population in Oltenia Region in the latest years will be negative and will attract changes at the level of different subpopulations (the school population, the fertile feminine population, the working-age population etc.).

Therefore, according to the estimates made by NIS, the population of the region will reach in 2015 2,149.4 thousand persons and in 2025 1,950.9 thousand persons, registering a dropping of 16.27 percents during the period 2003-2025.

The employed population in South-West Oltenia Region is of 953.5 thousand persons, distributed on economic sectors as follows:



1. Agriculture and silviculture 51.2 %;
2. Electricity, industry and construction 23.4 %;
3. Trade, hotel and restaurant industry 8%;
4. Other services (transport, telecommunication, finance, real estate transactions) 6.6%;
5. Public administration, education, health, social services 9.5%;
6. Others 1.3%.

Sursa: INS 2006
Source: INS 2006

The regional unemployment rate was of 11.6% (in 2000). During 1995-2000, 90,000 jobs have been lost in industry, 20,000 in services and other 15,000 in trade, hotel and restaurant industry.

During the same period, the index of employment in the agricultural field has registered an increase (40,000 jobs), as a result of the property division and the defective mechanization of the activity in small-sized production unities.

New jobs have been created in public administration and public services (3,000 jobs).

The educational infrastructure of Oltenia Region is optimum at all levels of education, as follows:

A. The pre-school structure (nurseries and kindergartens): 1,361 kindergartens, 1,778 elementary and intermediate schools, 149 high schools, 1,616 schools and 13 post high school educational institutions.

B. The tertiary educational system includes 11 universities (public and private accredited): 5 in Craiova, 2 in Râmnicu Vâlcea, 2 in Drobeta Turnu Severin, 1 in Târgu-Jiu, 1 in Slatina, with a total number of 40,000 students enrolled.

2.3. Economy

According to the National Statistical Yearbook, during the period 2000-2003, the **Gross Domestic Product (GDP)** increased by 140%, continuing the yearly growing trend of this period.

The regional GDP per inhabitant registered in this period a superior growth, namely 156.52%, phenomenon partially generated by the decrease of the population for the analyzed period.

Tab. 2.3.1.

	2000	2001	2002	2003
ROMANIA	803773.1	1167687.0	1514750.9	1975648.1
Nord Est <i>North-East</i>	96348.4	143397.3	186074.2	246190.6
Sud Est <i>South-East</i>	92868.2	131652.3	171122.8	222638.3
Sud Muntenia <i>South Muntenia</i>	98070.6	143122.8	187736.4	247760.3
SV Oltenia SW Oltenia	74888.9	104850.7	130001.3	179313.8
Vest <i>West</i>	75267.8	112235.8	147139.4	199827.1
Nord Vest <i>North-West</i>	95009.8	136673.0	180186.4	241107.8
Centru <i>Centre</i>	101775.4	144211.6	191135.2	248107.6
București - Ilfov <i>Bucharest - Ilfov</i>	168791.7	250719.4	319769.5	389200.3

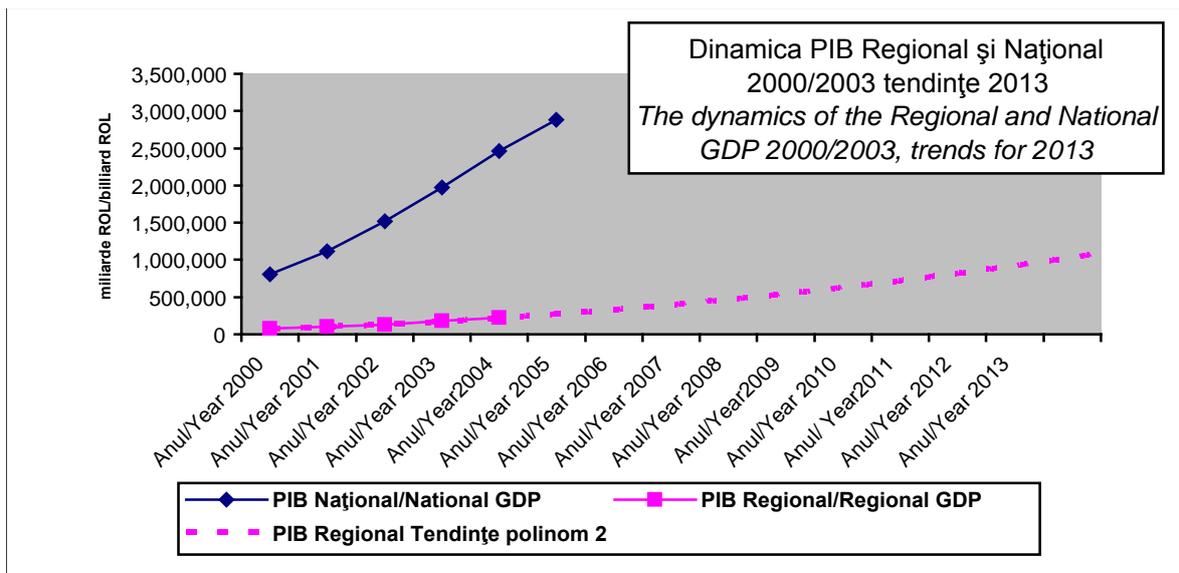
Sursa : INS, Anuarul Statistic 2005

Source: INS, Statistical Yearbook 2005

The growth of the regional GDP has been slower compared to the national dynamics for the period 2000/2003, the national gross domestic product registering a growth of 145.8%.

The regional GDP is estimated to reach values of 100 billion RON (1,000,000 billion ROL) in 2013.

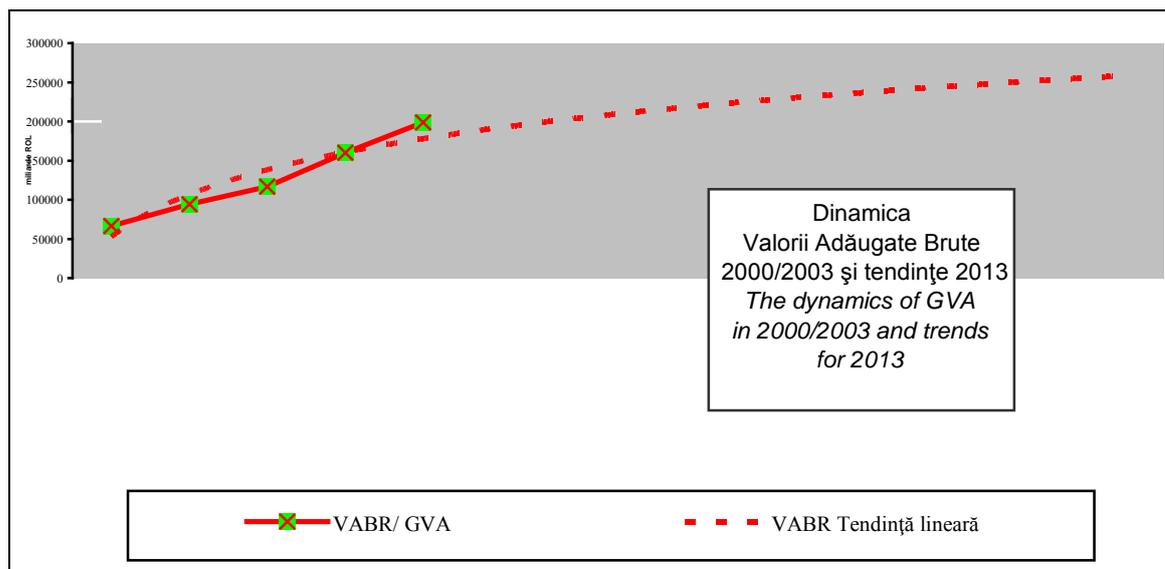
Fig. 2.3.1.



Sursa : INS, Anuarul Statistic 2005, 2006
 Source: INS, Statistical Yearbook 2005, 2006

In 2004, the most significant contribution to the **Gross Value Added (GVA)** was from the part of the industrial sector (including electric and thermal energy, gas and water), with 6,338.3 million RON, which represent 31.89% of the regional GVA, followed by the agricultural sector with 3,562 million RON, that is 17.92%, the real estate transactions sector, renting and service activities mainly rendered to enterprises 2,020.4 million RON, (10.16%), transport, storage and telecommunications 1,788,9 million RON, (9.00%), trade 1,524.0 million RON, (7.60%) and construction 1,397.1 mil RON, (7.03%).

Fig. 2.3.2.



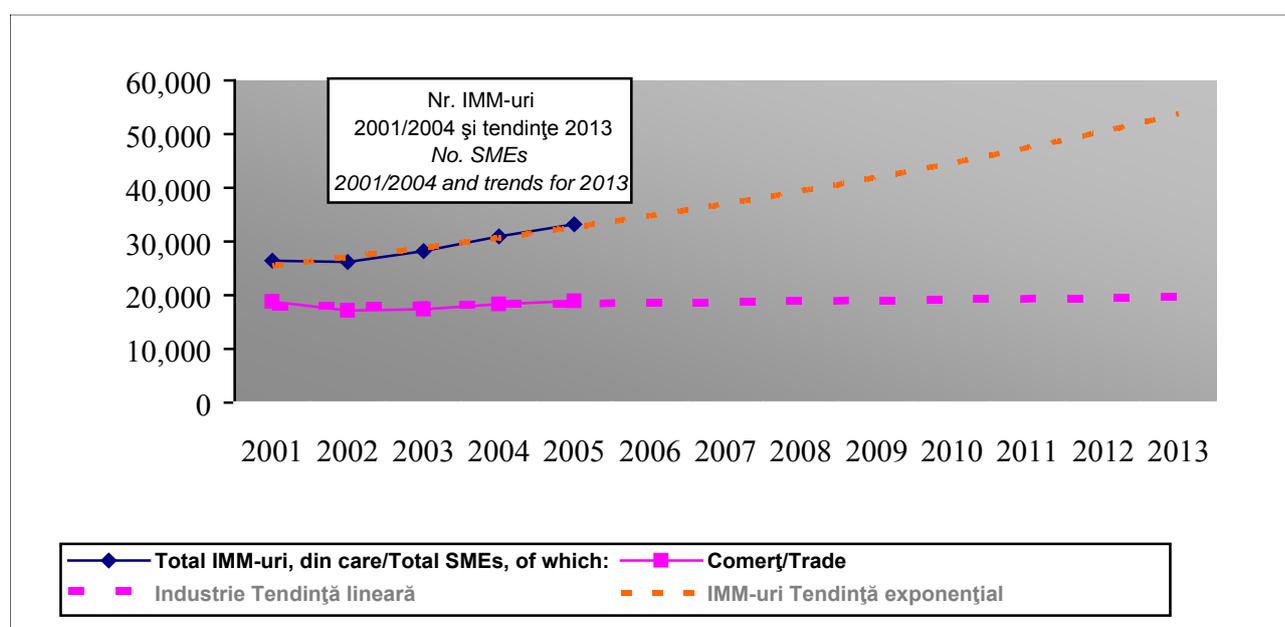
Sursa : INS, Anuarul Statistic 2005, 2006
 Source: INS, Statistical Yearbook 2005, 2006

On the basis of the graphical data processing for the period 2000-2003 and taking into consideration the estimations of variation displayed in the legend, we notice that for the time period stretching until 2013, the weight of the gross value added of different sectors of the regional economy will change: the industrial sector (including electric and thermal energy, gas and water) will represent 25% of the regional GVA; it will be followed by the agricultural sector, with 12.5%, the real estate transactions, renting and service activities mainly rendered to enterprises sector and trade, which has a growth from 10%, respectively 7.6%, to 11.5% in GVA. Transport, storage and telecommunications will grow from 9.65% to 12%. There will be a decrease in public administration and defense sectors, from 8.15 % to 6% and an increase in the construction sector from 7% to 9.3%.

The dynamics of the number of SMEs on the main activity sectors of the national economy during the period 2001-2004 exhibits a growth of 140% in the mining and quarrying industry, followed by the real estate transactions sector, with a growth of 138%, the machinery and equipment industry with 109.52% and the transport, storage and communications sector, with 93.5%.

South-West Oltenia Region has the lowest number of SMEs in Romania and the lowest number of SMEs with foreign capital.

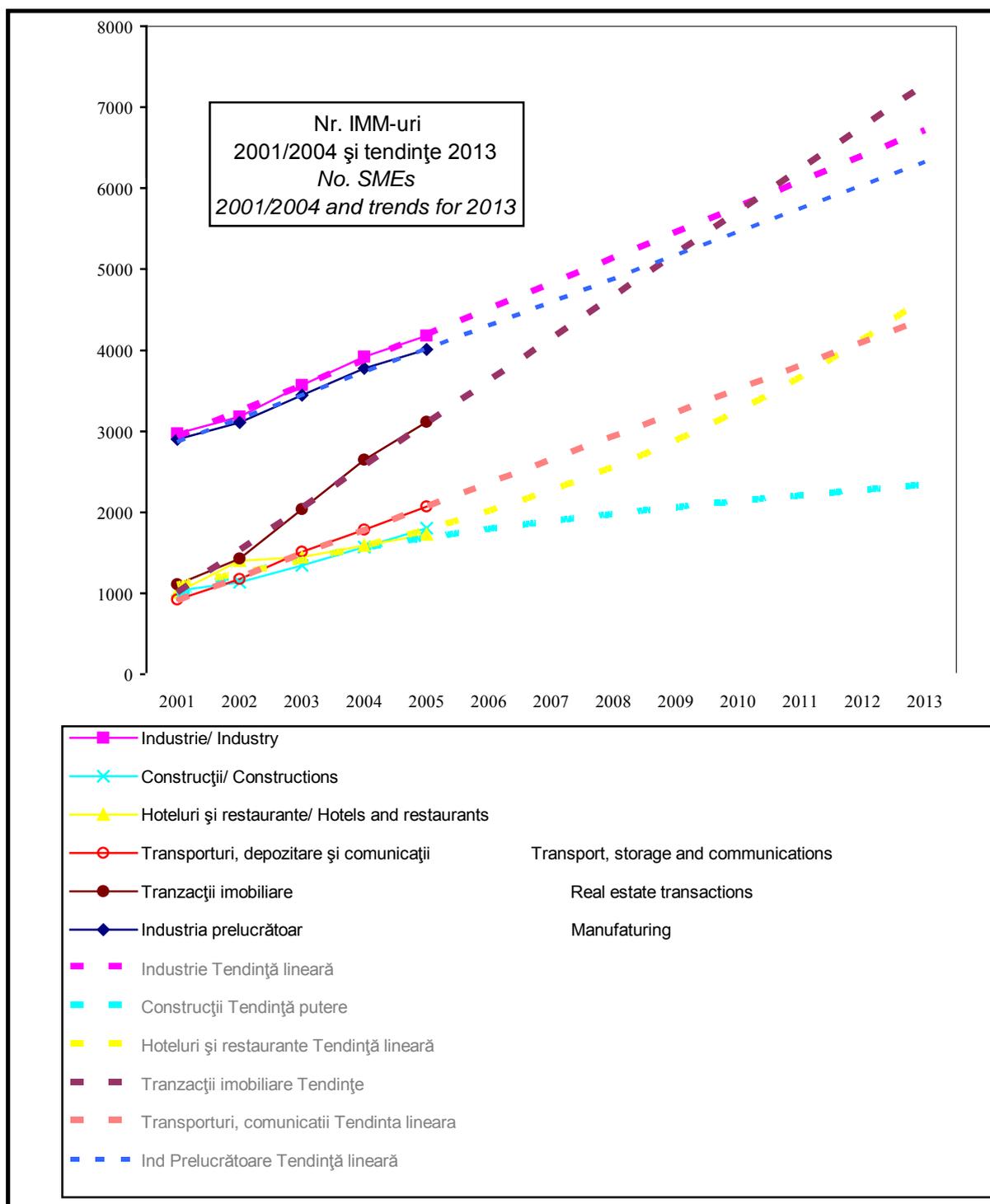
Fig. 2.3.3.



Sursa : INS, Anuarul Statistic 2005, 2006

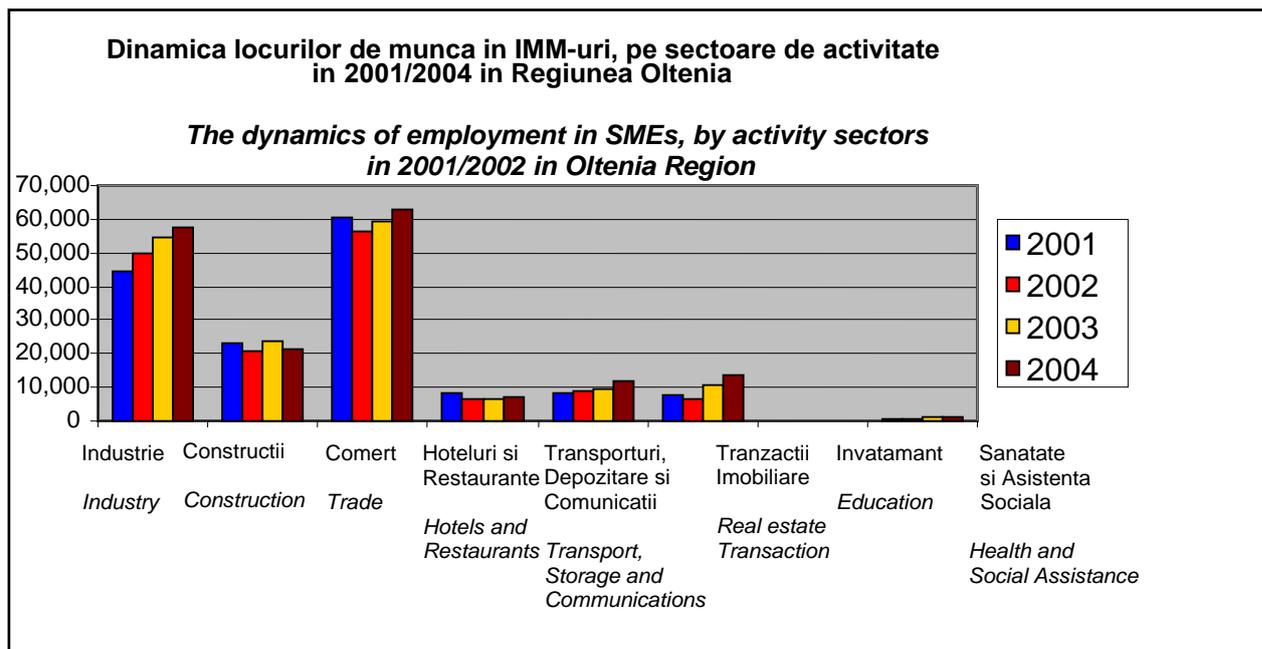
Source: INS, Statistical Yearbook 2005, 2006

Fig. 2.3.4.



Sursa : INS, Anuarul Statistic 2005, 2006
Source: INS, Statistical Yearbook 2005, 2006

In 2004, the largest weight of employment in SMEs was registered by the sectors: trade (63,131 persons representing 35.02%), the manufacturing industry (51,386 persons, representing 28.5%), construction (21,228 persons, representing 11.77%), real estate transactions (13,499 persons, representing 7.49%) and transport, storage and communications (12,019 persons, representing 6.67%).



Sursa: Direcția Regională de Statistică Dolj

Source: Regional Directorate of Statistics Dolj

The dynamics of the average number of persons employed in SMEs during the same analyzed period shows the highest growth rate in the health and social assistance sector 166.91%, followed by the mining and quarrying 130.61%, electric and thermal energy, gas and water 105.67%, real estate transactions 80.54% and furniture manufacturing and other industrial activities 72.76%.

A decrease of employment has been registered in SMEs in the following fields: textile products -14.36%, hotels and restaurants -14.38%, construction -8.11% and food and beverages -5.88%.

It is expected that until 2013 the weight of different activities of the regional economy, of the employment number in SMEs will change compared to 2004:

Total 180,000 ⇒ 260,000 persons employed in SMEs of which:

➤ Industry 32% ⇒ 34% of which:

- ✓ Mining and quarrying 2.9% ⇒ 2.4%
- ✓ Electric and thermal energy, gas and water 7.7% ⇒ 7.22%
- ✓ Manufacturing 89% ⇒ 89% of which:
 - Food and beverages 19.8% ⇒ 12.5%
 - Textile products manufacturing 5.36% ⇒ 3.75%

- Chemical substances and products manufacturing 2% ⇒ 1.5%
 - Machinery and equipment industry 3.6% ⇒ 5%
 - Electric machinery and appliances industry 2.77% ⇒ 3.75%
 - Furniture manufacturing and other industrial activities 5.76% ⇒ 5%
- Construction 11.8% ⇒ 7.7%
 - Trade 35% ⇒ 28.8%
 - Hotels and restaurants 4% ⇒ 1.9%
 - Transport, storage and communications 6.7% ⇒ 7.7%
 - Real estate transactions 7.5% ⇒ 11.5%
 - Education 0.15% ⇒ 0.19%
 - Health and social assistance 0.81% ⇒ 1.15%

The most significant turnover growth for the period 2001-2004 was recorded by the sectors: electric and thermal energy, gas and water (1983 - 71%), electric machinery and appliances industry (779.53%), mining and quarrying (735.37%), health and social assistance (404.35%), transport, storage and communications (314.28%) and machinery and equipment industry (306.07%).

The most dynamic sectors for this period, evaluated according to the number of active SMEs, employment and turnover, are: electric and thermal energy, gas and water industry; mining and quarrying; machinery and equipment industry; electric machinery and appliances industry; health and social assistance; transport; storage and communications; real estate transactions.

Tab. 2.3.2. Locuri de munca în IMM, 1998-2004

Table 2.3.2. Employment in SMEs, 1998-2004

Mărime Size	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Micro	87694	47175	50937	45363	50883	59430
Mici <i>Small</i>	37084	45406	42542	44127	50770	50470
Mijlocii <i>Medium</i>	45735	62026	62838	62683	67817	70382
Total IMM-uri <i>Total SMEs</i>	170513	155607	156317	152173	169470	180282
Mari <i>Large</i>	211305	180553	187782	169569	157200	146299
TOTAL	381818	335160	344099	321742	326670	326581
IMM-uri din TOTAL <i>SMEs of the TOTAL</i>	44.65%	46.13%	45.43%	47.29%	51.87%	55.20%

Sursa: INS, Anuarul Statistic 2005

Source: INS, The Statistical Yearbook 2005

2.4. The Labour Market

The labour market in Romania has known radical changes within the framework of the economic restructuring process, characterized by the decrease in the number of the economically active population and occupied population, the maintainability of a relatively constant unemployment rate (except for the periods of economic recession) and by the growth of the long-term unemployment.

The labour market in South-West Oltenia Region largely reflects the national trends.

The imbalances determined by the Romanian economic restructuring process have also created in the counties of the region a new dimension of the problem of adapting the labour force to the requirements of the market.

The economically active population

The economically active population in South-West Oltenia comprised in 2005 1,117 thousand persons, respectively 10.3% of the economically active population of the country.

From the viewpoint of the evolution of population, the economically active population continued to trend down over the period 2002-2005, both at the level of South-West Oltenia Region, as well as at a national level, with the mention that at the level of South-West Oltenia Region the decreasing rate is lower.

In terms of residential areas, the economically active population in the urban area recorded a growth, while the rural area population continued the downward trend.

Evoluția populației active din regiunea Sud Vest Oltenia pe sexe și medii rezidențiale (mii pers.)
The evolution of economically active population in S-W Oltenia by sex and residential areas
(thousand persons)

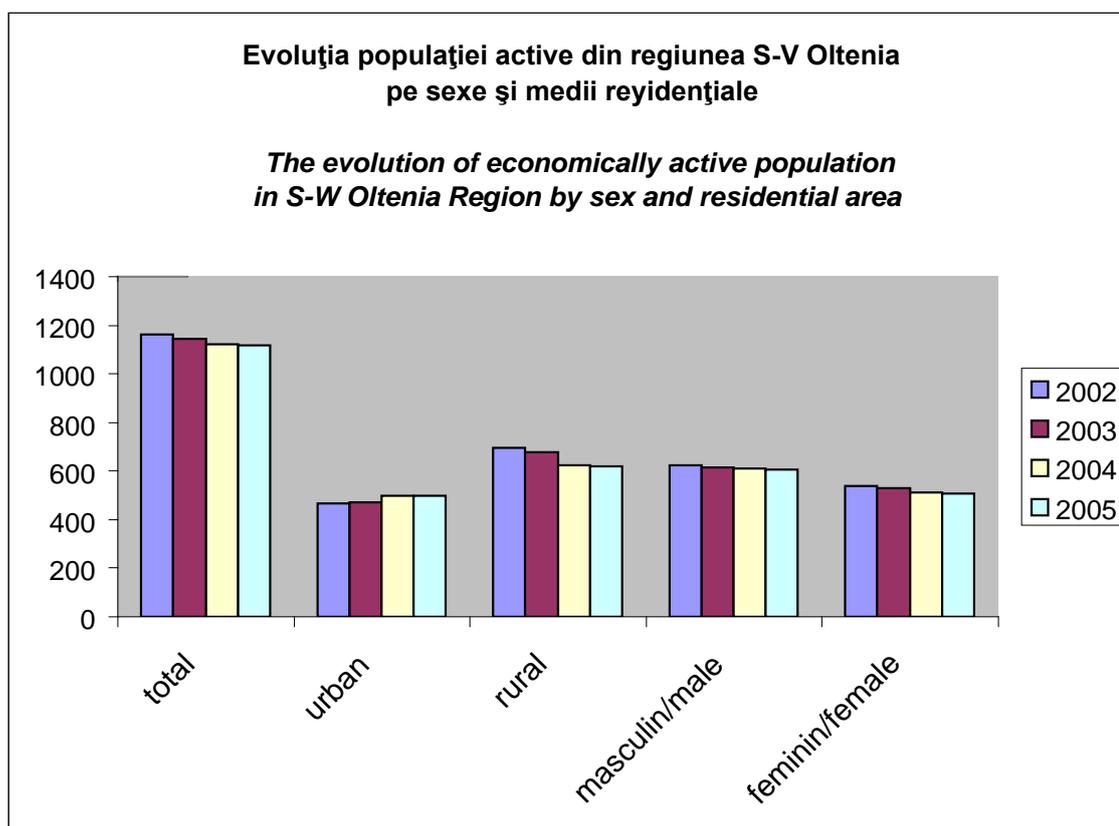
Tab.2.4.1

Populația activă*				
<i>Economically active population*</i>				
	2002	2003	2004	2005
Total	1162	1145	1123	1117
Urban	467	469	499	496
Rural	695	676	624	621
Masculin <i>Male</i>	623	616	612	608
Feminin <i>Female</i>	539	529	511	509

Sursa: INS, ancheta AMIGO

Source: NIS, AMIGO Inquiry

Fig. 2.4.1.



With an activity rate for the active population aged between 15-64 years of 64% in 2005, the South-West Region ranks the second in the national framework, after the North-East Region (65.5%).

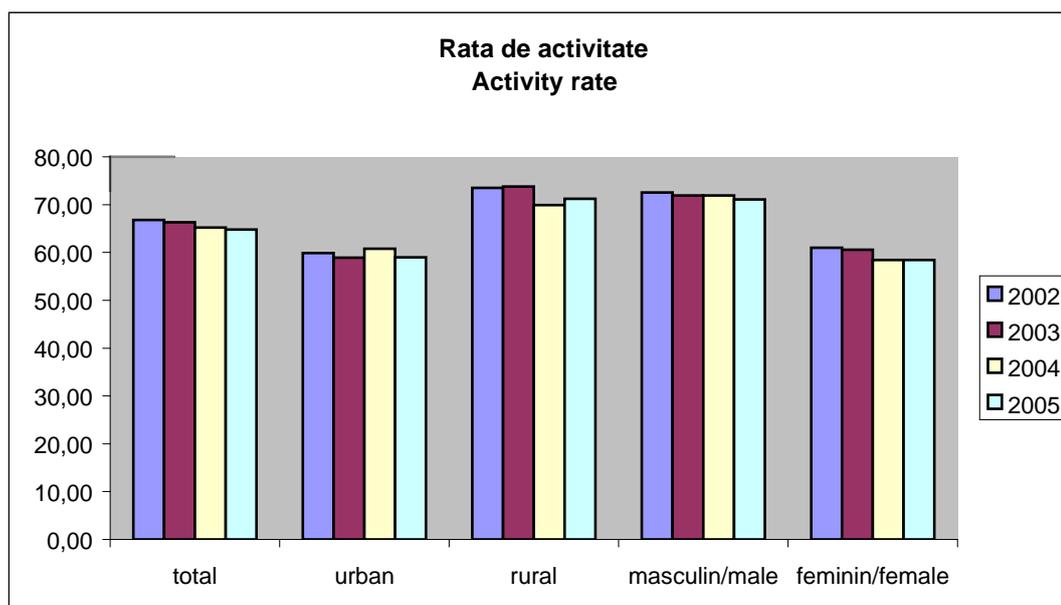
Statistical data indicate that despite dropping of the total activity rate from 66.8 percent in 2002 to 64.8 percent in 2005, the activity rate in the urban area held at around 59 percentage points and the activity rate in the rural area (from 71.2% to 73.5%) dropped by approximately 2.3 percentage points.

Rata activitate*(%) Tabelul 2.4.2.
Activity rate*(%) Table 2.4.2.

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Total	66.8	66.3	65.2	64.8
Urban	59.9	58.9	60.8	59.0
Rural	73.5	73.8	69.9	71.2
Masculin <i>Male</i>	72.5	71.9	71.9	71.1
Feminin <i>Female</i>	61.0	60.6	58.4	58.4

Sursa: INS, ancheta AMIGO
 Source: NIS, AMIGO Inquiry

Fig. 2.4.2.



The population structure by age groups exhibits a relatively balanced distribution of both sexes. During the interval 2002-2005, there was a significant decrease in the participation of the population aged over 50 years in the economic activity.

Employment

Representing 10.3% of the occupied population in Romania, the occupied population in South-West Oltenia counted 1,043 thousand persons in 2005, exhibiting a constant decrease during 2002-2005.

Evoluția populației ocupate din regiunea SV Oltenia pe sexe și medii rezidențiale **Evolution of employment in South West Oltenia Region by sex and residential area**

Tabelul 2.4.3. mii persoane

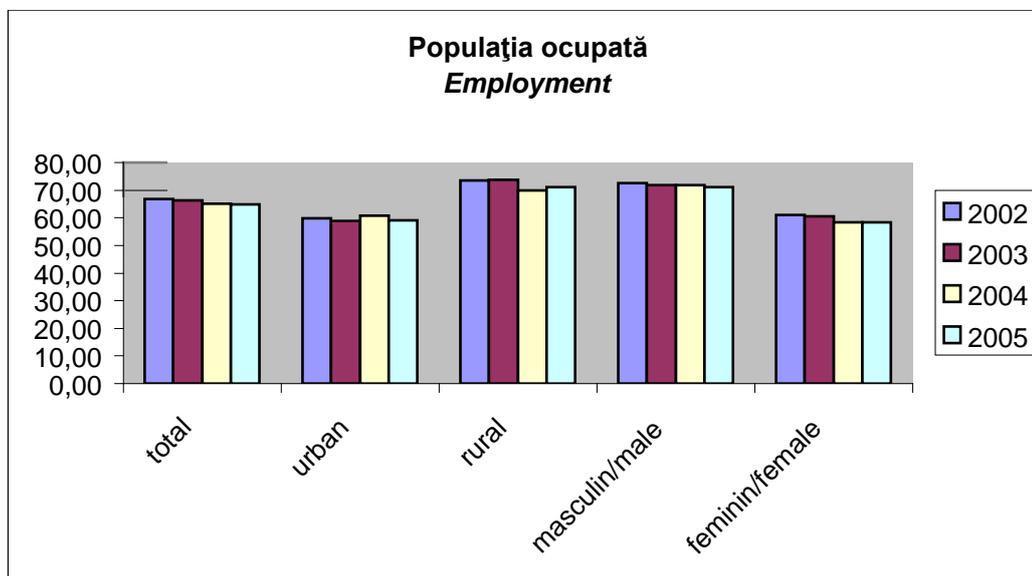
Table 2.4.3. thousand persons

Populația ocupată Employment				
	2002	2003	2004	2005
Total	1083	1076	1039	1043
Urban	409	417	442	443
Rural	674	659	597	600
Masculin <i>Male</i>	578	575	561	566
Feminin <i>Female</i>	505	501	478	477

Sursa: INS, ancheta AMIGO

Source: NIS, AMIGO Inquiry

Fig. 2.4.3.



In 2005, the occupied male population prevailed in the S-W Region (566 thousand persons) and the rural population was significantly higher than the urban one. There is a continuous decrease of the occupied population in rural area, accounting in 2005 for 600 thousand persons, as compared to the urban area, which recorded a growth.

Tabelul 2.4.4.

Table 2.4.4.

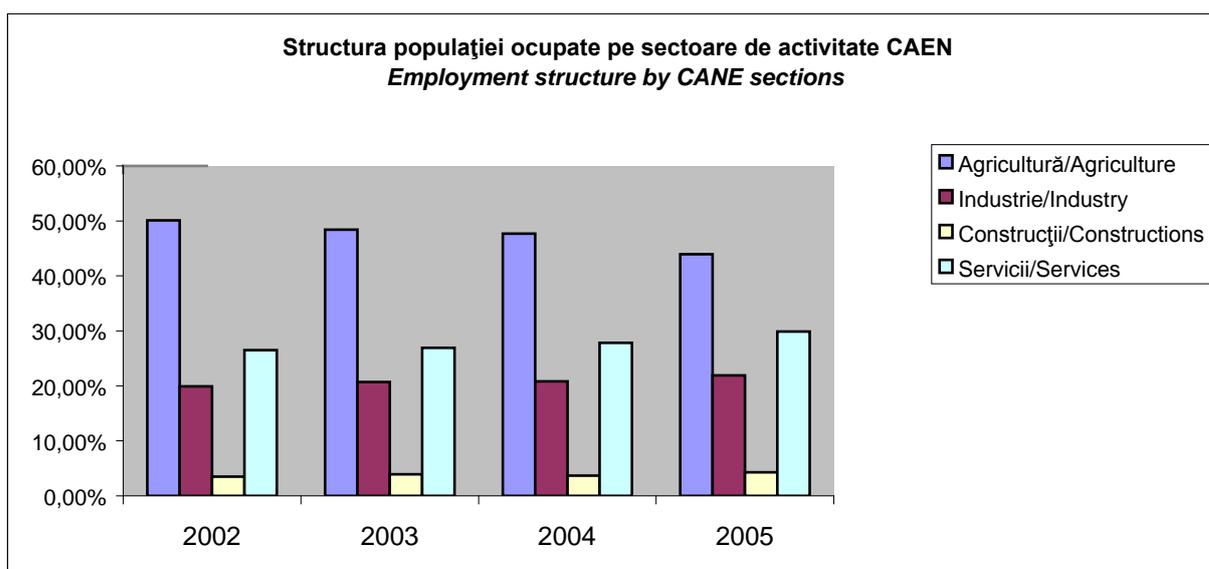
(%)

Structura populației ocupate pe sectoare de activitate CAEN <i>Employment structure by CANE sections</i>				
Sectoare de activitate CAEN <i>CANE sections</i>	Total 15-64 ani <i>Total 15-64 years</i>			
	2002	2003	2004	2005
Agricultură <i>Agriculture</i>	50.1	48.4	47.7	43.95
Industrie <i>Industry</i>	19.9	20.72	20.8	21.9
Construcții <i>Construction</i>	3.5	3.9	3.7	4.3
Servicii <i>Services</i>	26.5	26.9	27.8	29.85
TOTAL	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Sursa: INS, ancheta AMIGO

Source: NIS, AMIGO Inquiry

Fig. 2.4.4.



Unemployment

During the interval 2002-2005, the ILO (International Labour Office) unemployment in the region S-W Oltenia encountered a vacillating decline from 79 thousand persons in 2002 to 74 thousand persons in 2005, reaching minimums of 69 thousand in 2003 and maximums of 84 thousands in 2004.

Tabelul 2.4.5. mii pers.

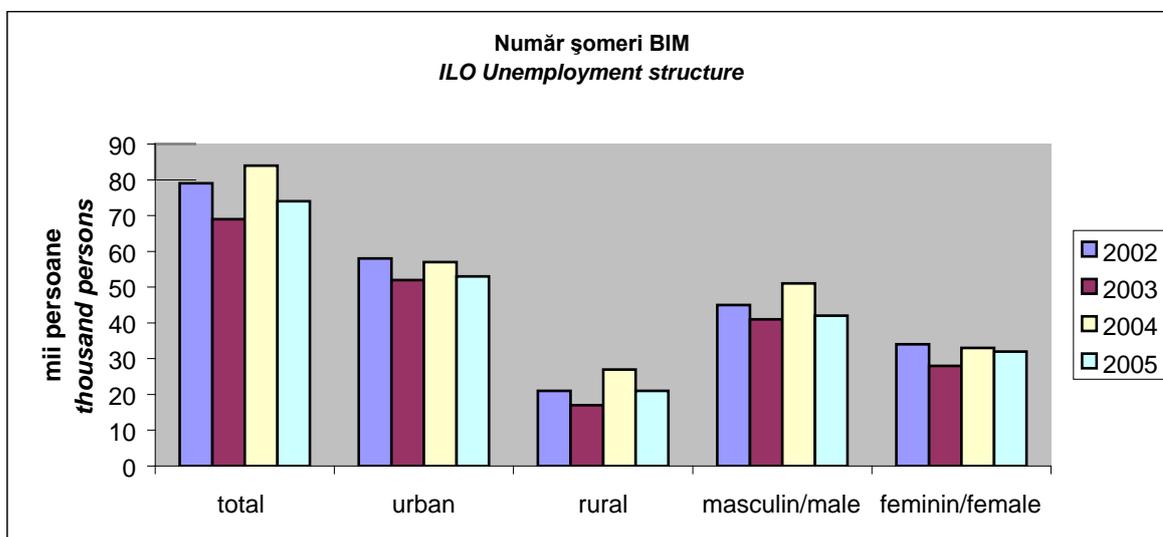
Table 2.4.5. thousand persons

Număr șomeri (BIM)* Unemployment structure (ILO)*		2002	2003	2004	2005
Total		79	69	84	74
Urban		58	52	57	53
Rural		21	17	27	21
Masculin <i>Male</i>		45	41	51	42
Feminin <i>Female</i>		34	28	33	32

Sursa: INS, Ancheta AMIGO

Source: NIS, AMIGO Inquiry

Fig. 2.4.5.



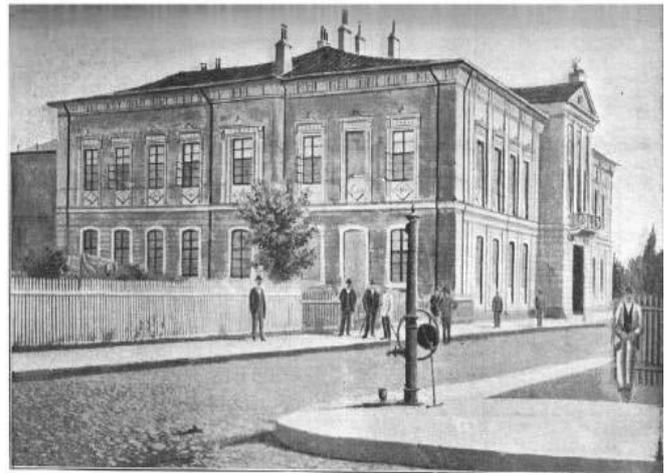
The male unemployed population is predominant (42 thousands in 2005) and the urban population prevails over the rural one (53 thousand persons). In terms of dynamics, there is a decrease of the unemployed population of both sexes, in both residential areas.

3. GORJ COUNTY GENERAL VIEW



3.1 Short history and territorial-administrative organization

Gorj County has been mentioned in documents since the 15th century. Historical data reveals that the present territory of the county was part of the first body politic on the territory of Romania, the Litovoi Voivodship (13th century). Its name seems to be inseparably linked to the Jiu River (some authors say that etymologically, the name “Gorj” means the Upper Jiu).



PALATUL ADMINISTRATIV

The territory and the present-day shape of the county is the result of a historical process, at the end of which Gorj County incorporated neighbouring formations like Motru and Gilort.

In the 17th century, a county having a shape close to present-day Gorj already existed, being referred to as the Upper Jiu.



The later evolution of the county – the latest 100 years – account for a relative stability of its shape, despite frequent political and territorial-administrative changes. As a result of the social-economic and spatial analyses carried out between 1996-1997, Gorj County was included in the developing region South West Oltenia, one of the most culturally

harmonious and statistically relevant regions.

Together with Vâlcea County, it forms a subregion of similarity in the framework of the Region 4 South-West Oltenia.

Gorj County comprises 70 main territorial-administrative units, as referred to in Law 2/1968 (and subsequent amendments). Gorj is probably one of the most stable counties in terms of territorial-administrative organization, suffering from few changes after the 1989 Revolution.

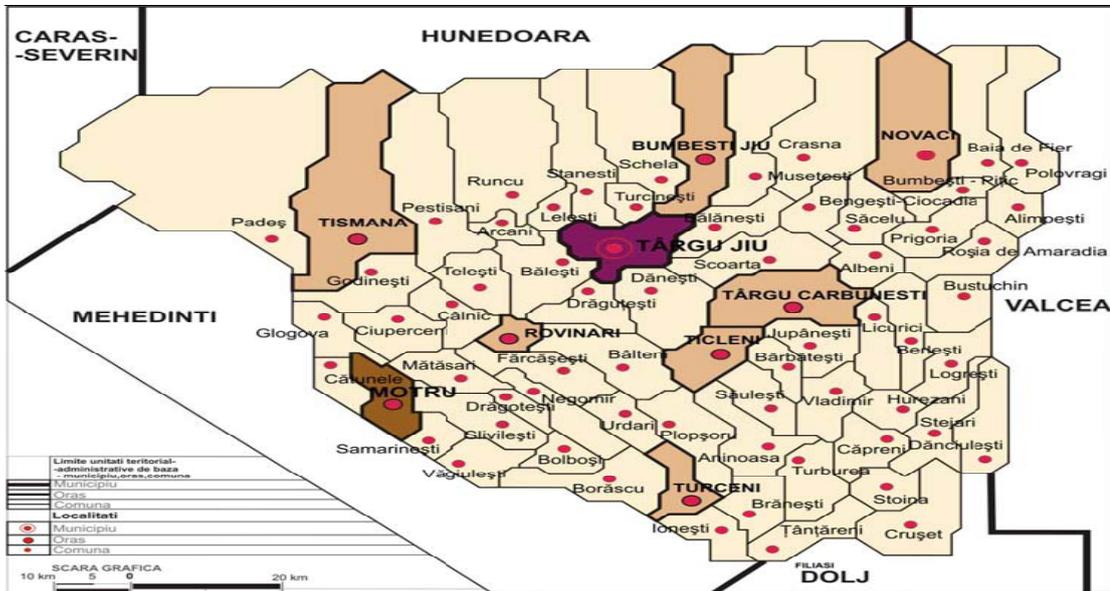
Thus, between 1989-2007, no new communes have been set up by disjunction or regrouping (considering that, at the national level, there have been over 200 such cases, approximately 5 new communes per county). There have been changes on the administrative level, by the emergence of new towns.

It must be underlined that the urban network of the county developed relatively recent, and, except for Bucharest, all the other towns obtained this denomination after 1966. Therefore, in 1968, Motru, Novaci, Târgu-Cărbunești and Țicleni became towns, in 1981 Rovinari was also made town and in 1989, Bumbăești-Jiu, with over 11,000 inhabitants at that time, becomes the 7th largest town in the county. After 1990, two other localities have been declared towns: Tismana and Turceni (Law 83 /2004), with a population of 8,000 inhabitants each. In 2000, Motru became a municipality and the second largest city after Târgu-Jiu, the only one in the county exceeding 20,000 inhabitants.

Currently, Gorj County has two municipalities: **Târgu-Jiu and Motru**, 7 towns: Țicleni, Rovinari, Turceni, Novaci, Bumbăești-Jiu, Târgu-Cărbunești, Tismana and 61 communes. There are 411 villages (according to INSSE Gorj, 2004), of which 35 belong to towns and

municipalities. To these add up another 15 localities belonging to Târgu-Jiu, Motru, Rovinari and Turceni.

Fig. 3.1.1.



Județul Gorj – organizarea administrativ – teritorială în prezent
Gorj County – the current territorial-administrative organization

Târgu-Jiu, the county seat, is a medium-sized city, reaching almost 100,000 inhabitants.

Târgu-Jiu municipality has a favourable position, being situated at the crossroad of two major approximately perpendicular communication axes. The North-South Axis, on the direction Craiova – Petroșani – Deva – Cluj-Napoca, having both road (E79) and rail (the branch 202 of the main road 200) transport, which will ensure the connection with the Pan-European Transport Corridor IV and the South-West – North-East Axis, on the direction Drobeta Turnu-Severin – Râmnicu Vâlcea, provides the connection with the Pan-European Transport Corridor VII, on the one hand and through E81, with Bucharest and the other Pan-European Transport Corridors, on the other hand.



Geographically, Târgu-Jiu has a key position, on the fringe of the Sub-Carpathian area, in the neighbourhood of the Jiu Pass entrance, the main passage and connection point between

Oltenia and the South-West of Romania, on the one hand, and Transylvania and the north-west of the country, on the other hand. The prospective of building a road-rail bridge from Calafat to Vidin, could increase the strategic role of the city, by the opening of a future axis towards Sofia and the South of the Balkan Region.



Motru Municipality, placed on DN 67A, 44 km away from Târgu-Jiu and 42 km away from Drobeta Turnu Severin, has a population of 22,848 inhabitants. Its main natural resources are lignite and wood (beech, oak, locust tree). The main occupation of the population is mining and vegetable growing.

The other 7 towns are small-sized towns, with a population under 20,000 inhabitants.

In conclusion, Gorj County has a balanced structure of human settlement, with a ratio of 1 town per 7 communes (the national ratio is 1:9, while the regional ratio is 1:10) and 7 villages per commune, ratio superior to the national/regional average of 1:5, but characteristic to the Sub-Carpathian areas.

Regarding the spatial distribution, Gorj County has the advantage of having a central position of its capital compared to other county seats and a number of secondary and tertiary urban centers relatively equally distributed in the territory, with the exception of the south-east area.

3.2. Geographical Position, Physical Profile, Climate

Gorj County lies in the south-west of Romania, in the north-western part of the historical province Oltenia.

The county, with an area of 5,602 sq. km, stretches on both sides of the middle course of the Jiu River. By its position, it has been part over time of a political-administrative bordering area (between Oltenia, Walachia and Transylvania or the Austro-Hungarian Empire) and of a geographical and economic area.

It borders Hunedoara Country, to the north, Vâlcea to the east, Dolj to the south, Mehedinți to the south-west and Caraș-Severin to the west.

Since 1998, Gorj County has been part of the Development Region South-West Oltenia. The 8 development regions are territorial NUTS II units, according to the classification made by EUROSTAT (the Statistical Office of the European Union).

Geographically, the county is guarded to the north by the peaks of the mountains Godeanu, Vâlcan and Parâng. There are three elevation levels, approximately equally distributed, which descend from north to south: the Hills of the Getic Piedmont, the Sub-Carpathian Depression of Oltenia and the Southern Carpathians.

Therefore, to the north, the **mountainous area** occupies approximately 29% of the surface of the county and descends from heights of over 2,000 m towards the **Sub-Carpathian Depression of Oltenia**, fringed to the south by hill ranges of 400-500 m height. It includes the external hills, the external depression or the Târgu-Jiu – Câmpu Mare Depression, the internal hills and the internal depression.

Fig. 3.2.1.



Poziția județului Gorj în teritoriul național
The position of Gorj County in the national territory

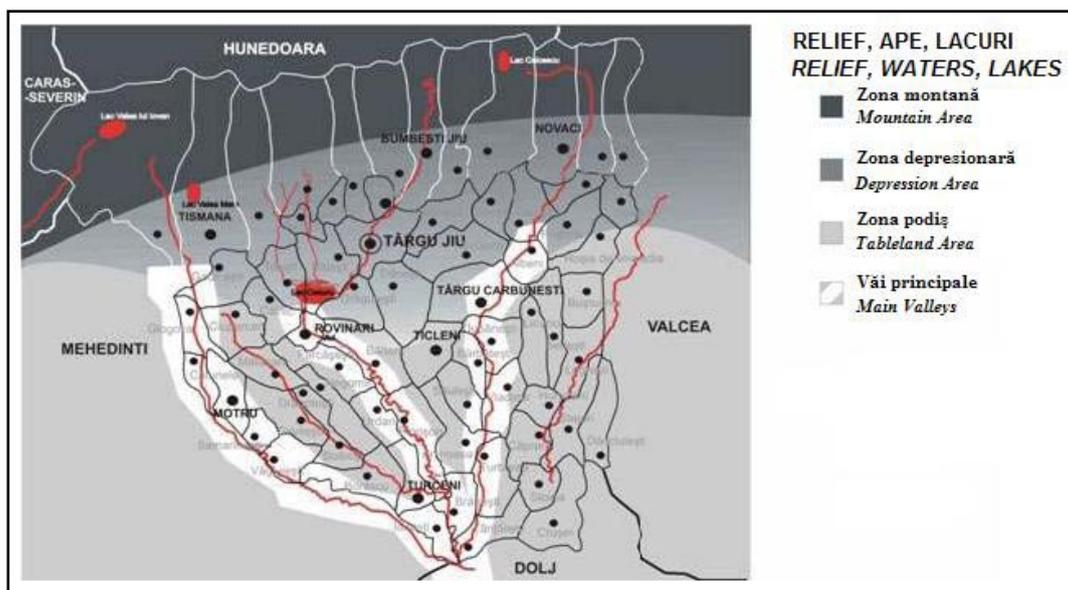


Poziția județului Gorj în Regiunea Sud-Vest Oltenia
The position of Gorj County in the South-West Oltenia Region

The southern third of the county (more precisely 37%) is a plateau area belonging to the Getic Piedmont. The county is crossed, from north to south, by a network of streams, of which the most important are: the **Jiu River**, in the middle, and its tributary streams, **Motru** on the right side and **Oltetul** on the left side, which also form important valley areas.

At the south-eastern end, the county is drained by the stream of Amaradia and in the north-west corner by the headwaters of Cerna. The Jiu River, which crosses the county on a length of 133 km, forms the main hydrographic basin of Gorj.

Due to tectonic movements, the relief has been largely determined by the hydrographic network, which crosses the county from north to south.



Principalele forme de relief și cursuri de apă din județul Gorj
The main relief forms and water streams in Gorj County

Fig. 3.2.2.

3.2.1. Climate

As in Gorj County there are areas with heights ranging between 90 m and 2,518 m, the climatic data differ very much from one area to the other. The average multi-year temperature ranges from 10.8 °C (Crușeț, Țânțăreni, Ionești) to 10.2 °C (Târgu-Jiu) or 4.5 °C (in the highest elevation point of the Vulcan-Parâng-Negoveanu Mountains).

The average annual precipitation varies between 585 mm (Țânțăreni) and 750 mm (Târgu-Jiu), over 1,500 mm in the highest area of the Southern Carpathians.

The prevailing winds come from the NW-S-SE direction, but generally, their frequency and intensity grows as one goes further northward.

3.2.2. Hydrology

There is a single hydrographic basin, the Jiu River Basin, which collects the waters of several tributary streams (Sadu, Tismana, Jiltu, Motru, Gilort, Amaradia etc.) over a surface of more than 10 thousand hectares, except for the northeastern and northwestern ends, which are drained by the headwaters of the Olteț and Cerna Rivers. There are many natural lakes (Câlcescu, Slăveiu, Mija) and artificial lakes (Cearu, Cerna, Motru).

The hydrology of Gorj County has three main characteristics:

- the hydrographic network;
- the groundwater layers;
- the pluvial or surface waters.

The hydrographic network that crosses Gorj County from north to south belongs to the upper half of the Hydrographic Basin of Jiu and a small part to the Hydrographic Basin of Olteț.

The perennial water streams spring from the mountains and have a high flow rate and seasonal flashy streams. The intermittent streams have a non-permanent flow, depending entirely on the rainfall.

The groundwater layer lies at different depths and generally correlates with the relief form. On high relief forms it occurs at depths exceeding 10 m, on terraces and high meadows it underlies the surface at 5-10 m, on the low ones at 3-5 m and near water streams it occurs at 0-3 m.

Pluvial waters can be permanent or temporary; they determine negative relief forms and correlate with the internal drainage.

3.2.3. Vegetation

The natural vegetation. From this point of view, Gorj County is mostly covered by wood areas, which divide into subareas: the subarea of Quercineae forests, the subarea of beech forests and the subarea of coniferous forests. On altitudes above 1,800 m there are alpine forests.

As far as the natural sward is concerned, the mesophyte and the acidophilus species predominate.

The cultivated vegetation: is of a great diversity due to permissive climatic conditions.

Except for the mountainous area, in Gorj County are cultivated on large-scale cereal grains, vegetables, technical plants, fruit species, vineyards, including some worm climate species.

3.2.4. Soils

There are three main categories of soils: zonal soils, intrazonal soils and azonal soils.

The zonal soils are the most frequent ones and correspond to the climate and vegetation in Gorj. There are two categories:

- argillic soils, with the soils: argilluvic brown soil, red brown luvisol soil, albic luvisol, planosols;
- the spodosols: acid black soil, humods

The intrazonal soils:

- the cambisols: brown eumezobasic soil, reddish brown soil,, acid brown soil
- the hydromorphic soils: lacovishte (humic gley soil), gley soil, pseudogley soils

The azonal soils: - litosol, regosol, alluvial protosols, alluvial soils, strong eroded soils

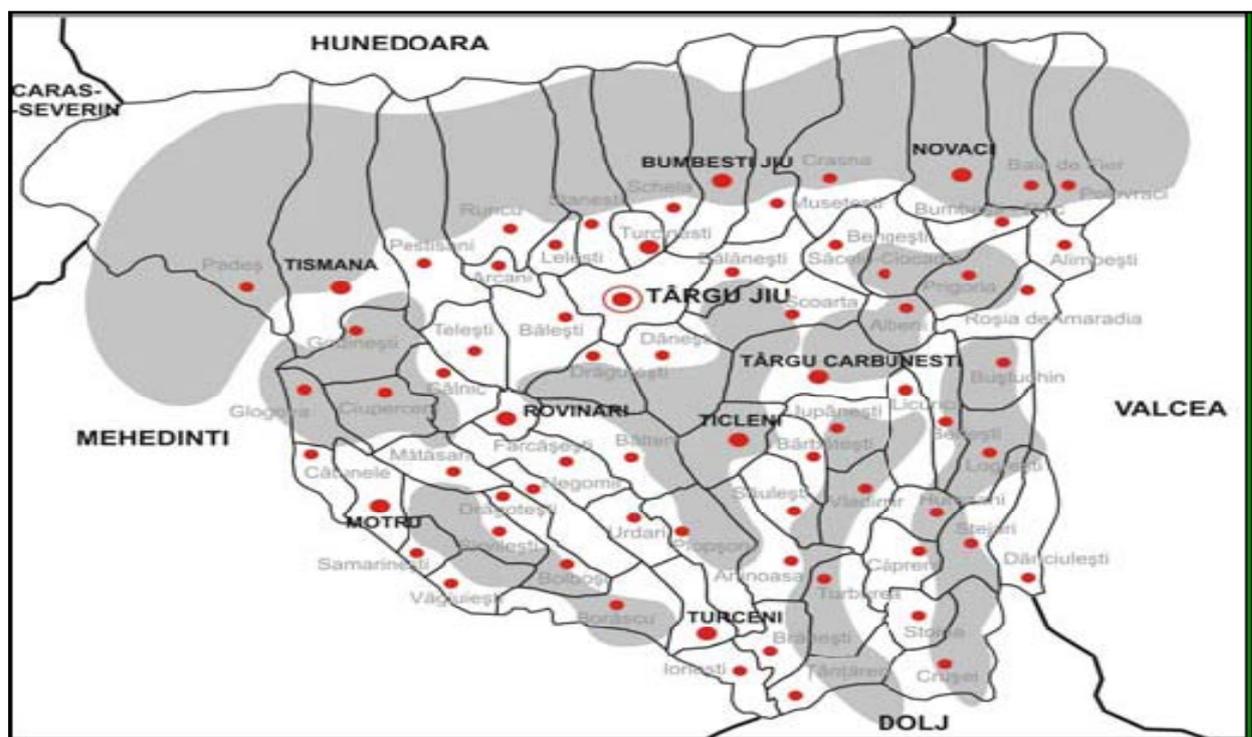
3.3. Natural resources

Gorj County is one of the counties rich in natural resources, in terms of both quantity and diversity. These resources can be identified at the level of agricultural and forest lands, as well as at the level of surface and underground mineral resources. The water and the wild life (the fauna and flora) are also values of the natural framework.

Within the Development Region 4, Gorj County distinguishes itself by the predominance of forest areas, as well as by the preponderance of grasslands, hayfields and orchards. Regarding the land fund, Gorj County is similar to Vâlcea County.

The forests occupy mainly the northern part of the county and the valleys of the main water streams. Therefore, the silviculture and the animal husbandry are important economic branches and activities.

Fig. 3.3.1.



Fondul Forestier Gorj

Gorj Forest Fund

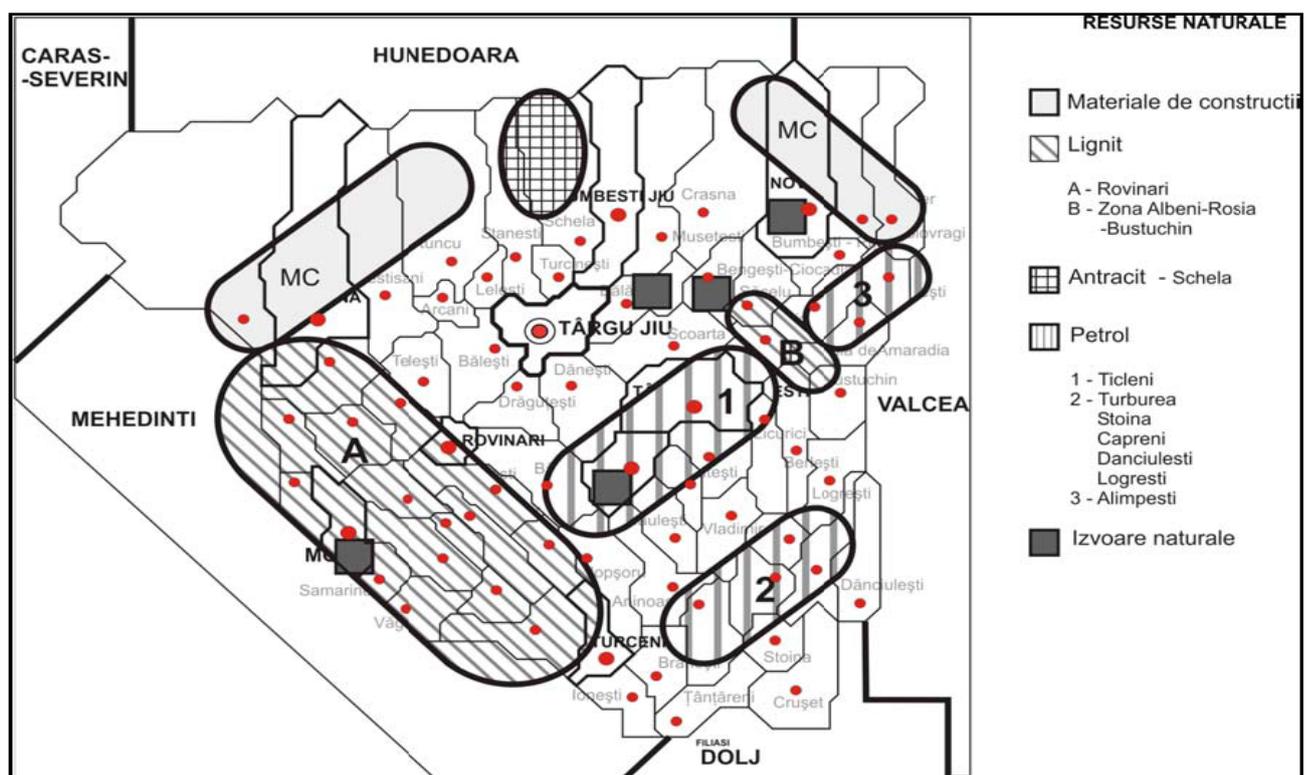
The water resources are also important, as Gorj County is situated in a hydrographic basin with internal resources superior to the country average (as referred to in PATN - The Spatial Plan for Territorial Management - section II - Water, 20 /2006).

The ground water, however, has a high degree of vulnerability in the central-western part of the county, due to pollution risk generated by the extractive activities in the area.

The water resources also represent an important energetic potential, as there are hydrotechnical constructions on the Cerna and Tismana Valleys.

There is a variety of surface and underground mineral resources, practically spread all over the county.

Fig. 3.3.2.



Resurse naturale
Natural resources

Apart from the large amounts of some mineral resources, like the lignite, which can be exploited on the surface, especially in the west of the county (in the Motru-Rovinari basins), Gorj has important oil and natural gas resources (in the central and eastern part of the county) and also more rare mineral resources, like the anthracite (Schela area), the

graphite (Baia de Fier area) or building stones like the dolomite, the granite, the limestone (in the north-west and north-east of the county).

We also have to mention the numerous acidulous mineral springs (in Săcelu and other areas), unfortunately little or not at all capitalized.

3.4. Population

On the 1st of January 2007, the population of **Gorj** County counted 382,242 persons, having a density of 68.9 inhabitants per square kilometer. Of the total number of inhabitants, 188,986 were men (49 %) and 193,256 women (51%), according to The National Institute of Statistics.

According to the type of residence, 179,895 (47%) live in the urban area and 202,347 (53%) in the rural area.

Fig. 3.4.1.

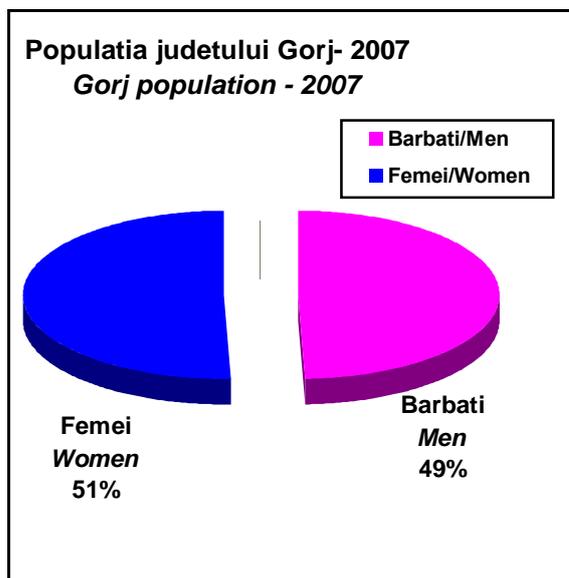
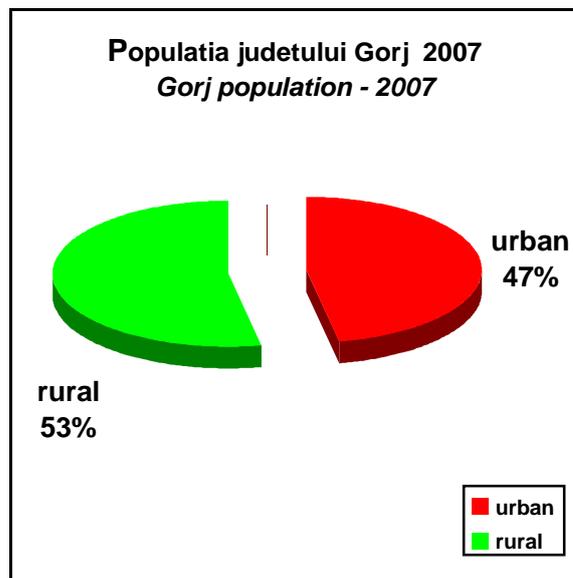


Fig. 3.4.2.



General statistical data indicate in Gorj County in 2003, a GDP superior to the national one and to the GDP of the development region South-Wests Oltenia.

Date statistice generale

General statistical data

Tabelul 3.4.1.

Table 3.4.1.

	Populație Totală <i>Total Population</i>	Suprafața Totală <i>Total Surface</i>	Rata de Urbanizare <i>Urbanization Degree</i>	Densitate în Teritoriu <i>Density in the territory</i>	PIB – locuitor <i>GDP per Inhabitant</i>
	mil. loc <i>million inhabitants</i>	mii kmp <i>thousands sq. km</i>	%	locuitori /kmp <i>inhabitants per sq km</i>	Eur /loc. <i>(2003)</i> <i>Euro / Inhabitant (2003)</i>
Județul Gorj <i>Gorj County</i>	0,382	5,60	46.7	68.9	2878
Regiunea Sud-vest <i>South-West Region</i>	2,32	29,21	47.2	79.3	2050
Romania	21,67	238,39	53.5	90.9	2420
UE 27 <i>EU27</i>	≈ 500	≈ 398,00	≈ 70	114.9	≈ 24100

(sursa: INSSE, EUROSTAT, 2005-2006)

(source: NIS, EUROSTAT, 2005-2006)

Fig. 3.4.3.

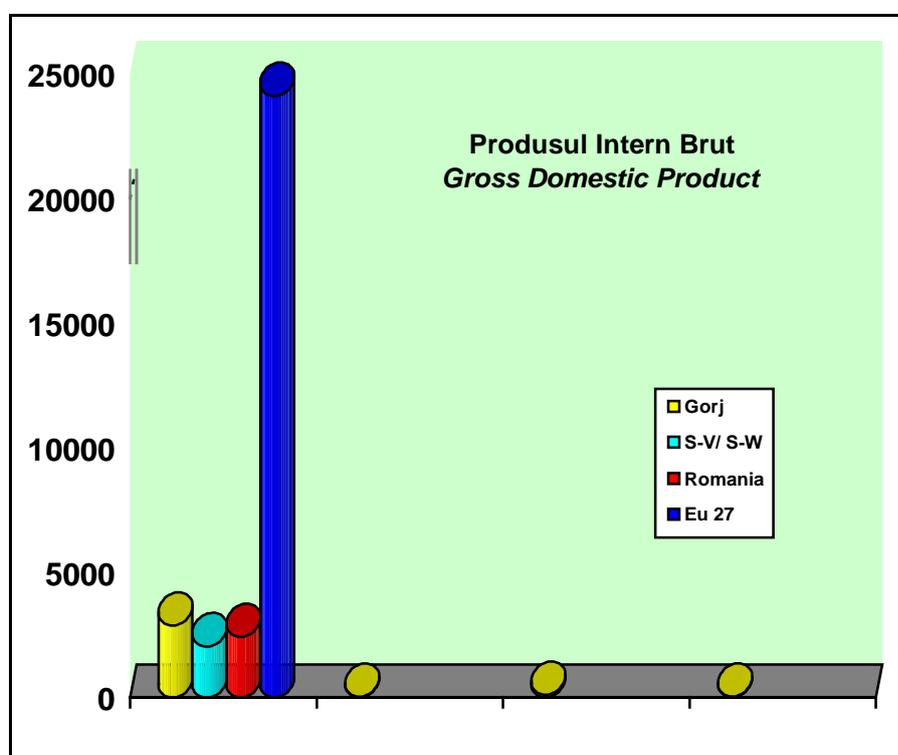
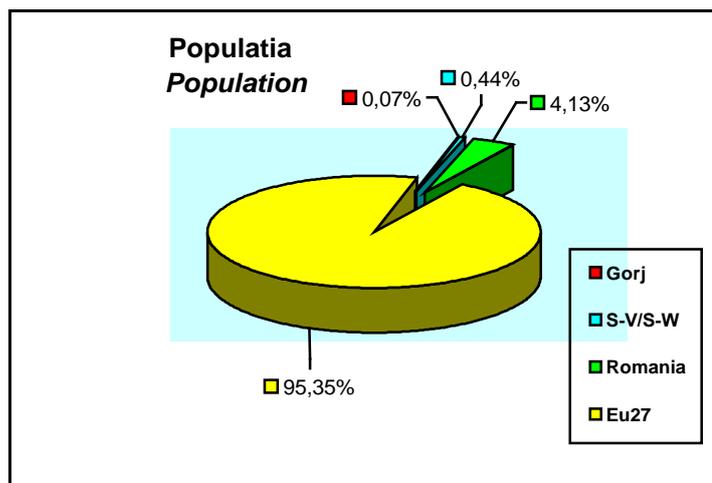


Fig. 3.4.4.



The economically active population of Gorj County accounts for 40% of the total population, fact that places the county on a top position within the region, above the regional average and under the national average of 40.6%.

Populația activă, populația ocupată

Tabelul 3.4.2.

The economically active population, the employed population

Table 3.4.2.

	POPULAȚIA STABILĂ <i>STABLE POPULATION</i>	din care: <i>of which:</i>		POPULAȚIA ACTIVĂ <i>ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE POPULATION</i>	din care: <i>of which:</i>		POPULAȚIA OCUPATĂ <i>OCCUPIED POPULATION</i>	din care: <i>of which:</i>	
		masculin <i>male</i>	feminin <i>female</i>		masculin <i>male</i>	feminin <i>female</i>		masculine <i>male</i>	feminin <i>female</i>
TOTAL	387308		196028	147931	88673	59258	128440	102607	136770
MUNICIPII ȘI ORAȘE- TOTAL MUNICIPALITIES AND TOWNS	162743	80189	82554	70197	39341	30856	61510	40848	51698
MUNICIPIUL TÂRGU-JIU <i>TÂRGU-JIU MUNICIPALITY</i>	96641	47615	49026	43898	23511	20387	39380	24104	28639
MUNICIPIUL MOTRU <i>MOTRU MUNICIPALITY</i>	22967	11337	11630	9636	5695	3941	7832	5642	7689
ORAȘ BUMBEȘTI-JIU <i>BUMBESTI-JIU TOWN</i>	10617	5188	5429	4286	2443	1843	3473	2745	3586
ORAȘ NOVACI <i>NOVACI TOWN</i>	6105	2986	3119	2803	1425	1378	2569	1561	1741
ORAȘ ROVINARI <i>ROVINARI TOWN</i>	12509	6323	6186	5012	3482	1530	4131	2841	4656
ORAȘ ȚICLENII <i>ȚICLENII TOWN</i>	5205	2551	2654	1909	1244	665	1760	1307	1989
ORAȘ TÂRGU-CĂRBUNEȘTI <i>TÂRGU-CĂRBUNEȘTI TOWN</i>	8699	4189	4510	2653	1541	1112	2365	2648	3398
COMUNE-TOTAL COMMUNES-TOTAL	224565	1E+05	113474	77734	49332	28402	66930	61759	85072

(sursa: INSSE, EUROSTAT, 2005-2006)

(source: NIS, EUROSTAT, 2005-2006)

In terms of **unemployment**, Gorj County recorded, in 2004, an unemployment rate of 8.0%, above the South-West Region's average of 7.5% and above the national average of 6.3%. In 2005-2006, the unemployment rate in Gorj County declined to 4.4% in the urban area and to 7.4% in the rural area (AJOFM data, 2007).

Populație inactivă, șomeri

Economically non-active population, unemployed

Table 3.4.3.

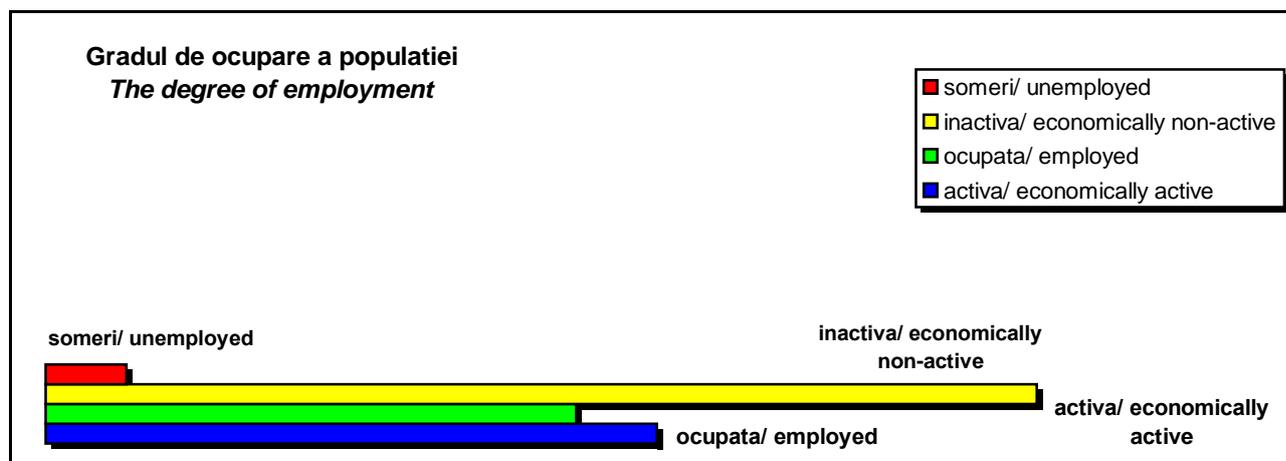
Tabelul 3.4.3.

	ȘOMERI <i>UNEMPLOYED</i>	din care: <i>of which:</i>		POPULAȚIA INACTIVĂ <i>NON- ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE POPULATION</i>	din care: <i>of which:</i>	
		masculin <i>male</i>	feminin <i>female</i>		masculin <i>male</i>	feminin <i>female</i>
TOTAL	19491	13111	6380	239377	102607	136770
MUNICIPII ȘI ORAȘE-TOTAL <i>MUNICIPALITIES AND TOWNS</i>	8687	5241	3446	92546	40848	51698
MUNICIPIUL TÂRGU-JIU <i>TÂRGU-JIU MUNICIPALITY</i>	4518	2716	1802	52743	24104	28639
MUNICIPIUL MOTRU <i>MOTRU MUNICIPALITY</i>	1804	1011	793	13331	5642	7689
ORAȘ BUMBEȘTI-JIU <i>BUMBEȘTI-JIU TOWN</i>	813	508	305	6331	2745	3586
ORAȘ NOVACI <i>NOVACI TOWN</i>	234	136	98	3302	1561	1741
ORAȘ ROVINARI <i>ROVINARI TOWN</i>	881	584	297	7497	2841	4656
ORAȘ ȚICLENI <i>ȚICLENI TOWN</i>	149	109	40	3296	1307	1989
ORAȘ TÂRGU-CÂRBUNEȘTI <i>TÂRGU-CÂRBUNEȘTI TOWN</i>	288	177	111	6046	2648	3398
COMUNE-TOTAL <i>COMMUNES- TOTAL</i>	10804	7870	2934	146831	61759	85072

(sursa: INSSE, EUROSTAT, 2005-2006)

(source: NIS, EUROSTAT, 2005-2006)

Fig. 3.4.5.



Efectivul salariaților – pe perioada iulie 2006- iunie 2007
Number of employees – on the period July 2006- June 2007

Tabelul 3.4.4.
Table 3.4.4.

persoane
persons

	2006						2007						
	IUL. JULY	AUG. AUGUST	SEPT. SEPT.	OCT. OCT.	NOV. NOV.	DEC. DEC.	IAN. JAN.	FEB. FEB.	MAR. MARCH	APR. APRIL	MAI MAY	IUN. JUNE	IUL. JULY
Total județ <i>Total by County</i>	83310	83274	83158	83042	83070	82583	81134	81767	82588	82718	83029	83178	83284
Agricultură, vânătoare și servicii anexe, Silvicultură și Piscicultură <i>Agriculture, hunting and related services, silviculture and pisciculture</i>	1377	1377	1375	1373	1373	1365	1435	1446	1461	1463	1469	1471	1473
Industrie și construcții <i>Industry and construction</i>	43372	43353	43293	43232	43247	42993	40164	40477	40883	40948	41102	41175	41228
Servicii <i>Services</i>	38561	38544	38490	38437	38450	38225	39535	39844	40244	40307	40458	40532	40583

Câștigul salarial mediu brut iulie 2006-iunie 2007
Average gross earnings July 2006- June 2007

Tabelul 3.4.5.
Table 3.4.5.

Lei (RON) / persoană
Lei (RON) / person

	2006						2007						
	IUL. JULY	AUG. AUG.	SEPT. SEPT.	OCT. OCT.	NOV. NOV.	DEC. DEC.	IAN. JAN.	FEB. FEB.	MAR. MARCH	APR. APRIL	MAI MAY	IUN. JUNE	IUL. JULY
Total județ <i>Total by county</i>	1338	1349	1323	1299	1339	1640	1370	1326	1410	1552	1535	1524	1589
Agricultură, vânătoare și servicii anexe, silvicultură și piscicultură <i>Agriculture, hunting and related services, silviculture and pisciculture</i>	744	760	905	719	964	1100	876	1047	1125	952	1006	1146	1044
Industrie și construcții <i>Industry and construction</i>	1659	1657	1591	1528	1544	1820	1628	1565	1728	1987	1944	1915	2020
Servicii <i>Services</i>	964	977	994	1034	1095	1442	1115	1101	1103	1140	1168	1169	1200

At the country level, in July 2007, the average gross nominal earnings were 1,402 lei, 1.8 percent higher than the prior month. The average net nominal earnings were of 1,040 lei, 1.7 percentage points (17 lei) higher than the prior month.

Câștigul salarial mediu net iulie 2006-iunie 2007

Tabelul 3.4.6.

Average net earnings July 2006-June 2007

Table 3.4.6.

Lei (RON)/ persoană

Lei (RON)/ person

	2006						2007						
	IUL. JULY	AUG. AUG.	SEPT. SEPT.	OCT. OCT.	NOV. NOV.	DEC. DEC.	IAN. JAN.	FEB. FEB.	MAR. MARCH	APR. APRIL	MAI MAY	IUN. JUNE	IUL. JULY
Total by County	993	996	983	965	992	1200	1016	979	1044	1136	1130	1117	1166
Agricultură, vânătoare și servicii anexe, silvicultură și piscicultură <i>Agriculture, hunting and related services, forestry and pisciculture</i>	579	598	730	552	779	841	668	833	866	741	789	882	801
Industria și construcții <i>Industry and construction</i>	1225	1215	1172	1129	1136	1326	1202	1151	1276	1442	1419	1390	1466
Servicii <i>Services</i>	722	731	750	774	819	1059	831	817	821	846	870	868	895

3.5. Administration

Gorj County Council is the authority of the local public administration for the coordination of the activity of the local councils, aimed at the carrying out of public services of county interest.



According to the provisions of Law 215/2001, republished with its further amendments and completions, on local public administration, the public administration in the territorial-administrative units is organized and functions on the grounds of the principles of legality, eligibility of the local public administration authorities, freedom of local self-determination, decentralization of public services and consultation of the citizens in the solving of the local matters of a particular interest.

The County Council, through its own apparatus and specialty services of the county council, grants support, as well as technical and judicial consultation to the authorities of local public administration, communes, towns and municipalities, at their request.

The relations between the authorities of the local public administration in communes and towns and the public administration authorities at county level are based upon the principles of autonomy, legality, responsibility, cooperation and solidarity in solving the matters of the entire county. In the relations between the local public administration authorities, on the one hand, as well as between the local council and the mayor, on the other hand, there are no terms of subordination.

The president, the vice-presidents and the secretary general of the county, together with its own specialty apparatus constitute the permanent executive body, which responds to the carrying out of the decisions of the County Council and solves the current public matters of the county collectivity of which it is responsible. The President of the County Council represents the county in its relations with the other public authorities, with Romanian and foreign natural and legal persons, as well as in court.

In exercising the duties that are incumbent on it, Gorj County Council adopts decisions signed by the president or the vice-president who chaired the sitting and countersigned for legality by the county council's secretary general. The county council's president issues orders of normative or individual character.

Gorj County Council has the following institutions and economic operators subordinated:

- The Community Directorate for Citizen's Registration in Gorj County
- The County Center for the Preservation and Promotion of the Traditional Culture in Gorj
- The Folk Art School Târgu-Jiu
- The Professional Artistic Ensemble „Doina Gorjului” Târgu-Jiu
- „Alexandru Stefulescu” County Museum, Gorj
- “CHRISTIAN TELL” County Library, Gorj
- The County Office for Waste Management and Sanitation Services Gorj
- The ”Salvamont” Mountain Rescue Public Service Gorj
- The Inclusive Education School Center Targu-Jiu
- The County Centre for Resources and Educational Support Gorj
- The General Directorate for Social Assistance and Child Protection Gorj
- S.C. Întreprinderea Drumuri și Poduri Gorj S.A.
- S.C. TISPREST S.A. Tismana
- S. C. „Parc Industrial Gorj” S.A.

For more detailed information, visit the webpage of Gorj County Council: www.cjgorj.ro

The prefect institution in Gorj County is organized and functions as a public institution, with judicial personality. The Prefect carries out the duties and tasks assigned to him by the Constitution of Romania, the prefect institution and other normative documents.



The prefect institution supervises the implementation in the county of the strategy and objectives established by the governing program and proposes the adoption of adequate measures.

The prefect has an own specialty apparatus, formed of civil servants.

The prefect leads the decentralized services of the ministries and of other central bodies of public administration subordinated to the government, organized under the form of territorial-administrative units.

Târgu-Jiu City Hall

The Law no. 215/2001, republished with its further amendments and completions regulates the general regime of the local autonomy, as well as the organization and functioning of the local public administration.



The public administration authorities through which the local autonomy is achieved in communes and towns are the local councils of the communes and towns, and deliberative authorities, and the mayors, as executive authorities.

In exercising his/her duties, the mayor issues orders of normative or individual character.

The mayor summons the Local Council of Târgu-Jiu Municipality in ordinary sittings. The sittings of the Local Council and of the specialty Commissions are public, the agenda of each local council sitting is made public by posting it in the Local Council building or through the local mass media and the local paper *Curierul Primăriei*.

The mayor of Târgu-Jiu Municipality has the right to propose decisions.

The Local Council and the four specialty commissions deploy their activity on the basis of the provisions of the Law no. 215/2001, republished with its further amendments and completions, of the organisation and functioning regulation and of the annual, biannual, quarterly and monthly activity programs.

For more detailed information, please visit the web page of Târgu-Jiu City Hal: www.targujiu.ro

4. THE ECONOMY OF GORJ COUNTY

4.1 General Information

Regarding general level of development, **Gorj County** has a less favorable position, since the region to which it belongs has a lower development level. Regional research and analyses carried out in the latest years place the South-West Region among the 4 less developed regions, together with the regions North-West, South and North-East. The latest report on human development places the region on the 6th position, according to HDI.

In terms of GDP/inhabitant, according to data available for 2003, Gorj ranks the first in the region, with **2,878 EUR /inhabitant**, about 40% above the regional average and 20% above the national one. This high value of GDP is explained by the important coal and energy production and is about eight times lower than the EU 27 average in absolute value and three times lower in relative terms.

Taking into account the necessity of the social-economic development of the county, of the elimination of the development disparities present in the poor urban or rural areas and the necessary inclusion of the disadvantaged or risk-exposed population and having as a starting point the sectoral programs and politics, there has been elaborated "The strategy for the socio-economic development of Gorj County 2007-2013". Within this strategy, the local development was approached as a process aiming at identifying, mobilizing and coordinating the local resources, often under-evaluated and not used to their potential.

The promotion of the uniqueness and of the local color has been simultaneously targeted with the stimulation of the innovation building and the growth of the added value of the products and services on the local market aimed at the consumers outside the county.

According to the analysis of the current situation, included in the development strategy, there are several conclusions that refer to the potential (strong points/opportunities) and others that refer to the structural weaknesses (weak points/threats) of Gorj County, that shall be presented in this guide as general aspects.

STRONG POINTS/OPPORTUNITIES

Natural resources with a potential of economic and energetic capitalizing

Gorj is one of the counties rich in natural resources, with a great potential to be capitalized both in terms of quantity and diversity:

- A favorable geographic position of the county (the contact area between mountain, hill and plain)
- Agricultural lands
- Woods, grasslands and hayfields, orchards
- Surface and underground mineral resources (lignite, oil, natural gas, anthracite, graphite, dolomite, granite, limestone)
- Water resources that can be used to produce energy and mineral springs

Cultural and touristic resources

Gorj county abounds in cultural and touristic resources:

- Wild life and natural environment – protected natural reserves
- 513 historic monuments, out of which 47 of national value (369 monuments and architectural units, 92 archeological sites, 24 art monuments, 28 funeral monuments)
- Folk feasts and traditional customs still alive

Young human resources, with a high level of education and a developing tertiary education

Gorj County has a young human resources potential, a high level of education and the tertiary education continues to develop:

- The county presents the best situation regarding the dynamics of the population- the lowest drop in the region (3.42), although it is part of a region with a marked demographic drop
- Is the most vital and has the lowest percent of elder population, compared to the neighbouring counties and the national averages, with significant differences between the urban and the rural areas

Approachability – communication means

Gorj County is relatively well equipped from the viewpoint transport infrastructure, communication ways and approachability towards the Danubian harbors and the submontane touristic area:

- Favourable position, relatively central of Targu-Jiu Municipality, at the crossroad of some major axes (Craiova-Deva and Ramnicu Valcea-Drobeta Turnu Severin)
- The majority of the towns that are adjacent to a national road (with the exception of Ticleni) and a good degree of territorial coverage (39.3 km-100 sq km), but unfortunately not a qualitative one
- Although the region has a low density, the approachability and the railway density are relatively well developed (34.4 km/1000 sq km), in the proximity of the highway.

THREATS/WEAK POINTS

A low level of economic competition and a weak diversification of the economic activities and of the labour force

From the viewpoint of the economic competition and the frequent use of the labour force in the sectors with a high level of added value and irrespective of the fact that Gorj County ranks the first in the region regarding the GDP/inhabitant (2003), the county has general problems that are present at regional and national level too:

- Low level of productivity and outworn technologies
- A low level of entrepreneurship dynamics
- Low budget for the research-development field
- Low coverage of the ICT and E-services
- Energetic inefficiency

Problems related to the economic and industrial sector of the county:

- The mono-industrial character of the town, depending too much to the mining and quarrying industry and the cement production, that will lead in the future, to significant costs for the ecological reconstruction
- The high dependence at the county, towns and communes level to the mining and quarrying sector (the lack of an alternative activity)

- The specialization of the work force on a certain activity sector constitute a risk on long term

A lack of the entrepreneurship spirit and a low level of economic activities in the rural areas:

- Inefficient agriculture, lack of equipments and modern technologies
- The extinction of some traditional activities – animal breeding
- A low level of entrepreneurship development, especially in the rural area
- Number of SMEs under the national average, with a predominant distribution in the urban area and the services sector
- A growing unemployment rate, especially among the young and female population
- Low attractiveness for the foreign investments

Environmental problems and natural risks:

- The degradation of landscape and of some natural ecosystems in the mining areas
- Almost all the territory of Gorj County has a high landslide risk level and is partially affected by floods (mountain areas, the eastern and westerns ends)

Low urbanization level:

- Towns that present rather rural characteristics and reduced access to the urban services
- The concentration of the population in the rural area, where the job offer is poor
- Rural areas poorly equipped, under the national averages (particularly drinking water access, sewerage and gas supply)

After processing the available data, there have been identified 5 priority fields, from the viewpoint of the social and economic development of Gorj County, for the period 2007-2013.

1. THE AGRICULTURE

2. THE INFRASTRUCTURE

3. THE ENVIRONMENT AND THE NATURAL RESOURCES

4. THE HUMAN RESOURCES AND THE BUSINESS ENVIRONMENT

5. THE SOCIAL

4.2. The Industry and the Energy Sector

In a predominantly agrarian region, Gorj stands out as a county in which the industry plays an important role and agriculture takes a second position.

The main industrial products in Gorj County are: electric energy (the thermo-power plants in Turceni, 2,640 MW, Rogojelu, 1,720 MW, Rovinari, 1,390 MW, Târgu-Jiu and the hydroelectric power plants in Novaci and the ones in Cerna-Motru-Tismana complex), mining equipment (Motru, Târgu-Jiu, Rovinari, Bâlteni), machine-tools for pressing and forging, rubber technical items and reclaim rubber (Târgu-Jiu), building materials (cement, asbestos-cement tubes, brick etc. in Bârsești, Târgu-Jiu, Târgu-Cărbunești), timber, furniture, parquet, chipboard (Târgu-Jiu, Novaci, Baia de Fier, Bumbăești-Jiu, Tismana, Padeș), wearing apparel (Târgu-Jiu, Tismana, Padeș, Motru, Târgu-Cărbunești), knitwear (Motru), glassware (Târgu-Jiu), food products (meat and milk products, sweets and beverages etc.).

The mining and quarrying and the electricity generation activities are regnant in Gorj County. The industrial development is largely determined by the available natural resources that made the county to be less affected by the restructuring process that other regions/counties have known in the latest years. The rise in the price of energy and the lower costs of coal surface mining have assured the maintenance of mining and quarrying activities and have even brought a reinvigoration in the electricity generation.

However, the worn-out technologies and the impacts on the environment require immediate restructuring measures with predictable socio-economic effects. Beginning with the end of the '90s has begun a restructuring process, but it develops rather slowly, despite the international programs (RICOP, MARR) that have supported these processes since the beginning of 2000.

The high dependence of the county and of many towns and communes on the mining and quarrying sector may represent a high risk on medium and long term.

Thus, the major risks are related to the mono-industrial character of the majority of urban centers in the county (Motru, Rovinari, Târgu-Cărbunești, Țicleni, Turceni) on the one hand and the potentially reduced mobility of a labour force particularly qualified in a certain activity sector.

At national level, Gorj County has leading positions in the production of coal, crude oil, natural gas and cement.

Ponderea principalelor produse industriale după producția fizică

Tabel 4.2.1.

Weight of the main industrial products by physical production

Table 4.2.1.

		Cărbune Coal	Țiței Crude Oil	Gaze natule Natural gas	Țesături Fabrics	Cherestea Timber	Hârtie Paper	Îngrășămint Fertilizer	Ciment Cement	Oțel Steel
Sud- Vest S-W	% în total național % of national total	85	15	26	8	3	15	11	6	10
	% în total național % of national total	71	6	20	-	NS	NS	NS	6	NS
Gorj	% în total național % of national total	84	37	74	-	16	NS	NS	100	2
	% în total național % of national total	84	37	74	-	16	NS	NS	100	2

Sursa: INSSE – Statistică teritorială, 2006

Source: NIS – Territorial statistics, 2006

The statistical data show significant and sometimes dramatic drops on the main industrial products during the interval 1990-2004, both at regional and county level.

Dinamica principalelor produse industriale după producția fizică

Tabel. 4.2.2.

Dynamisc of the main industrial products by physical production

Table 4.2.2.

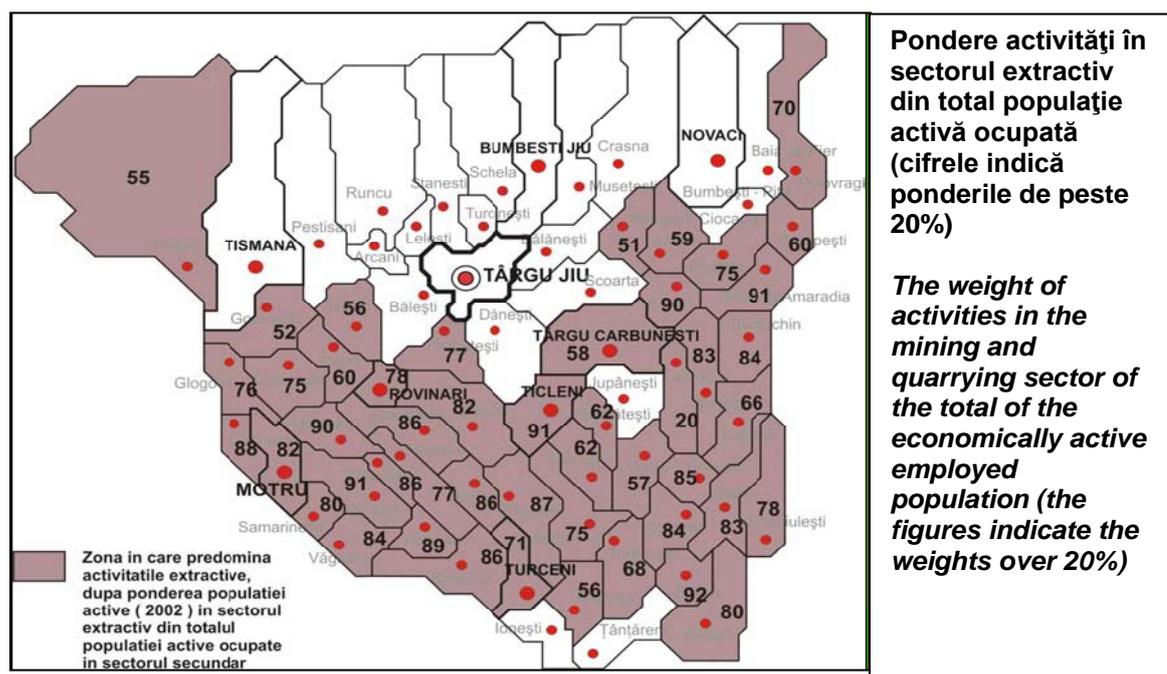
		Cărbune Extras <i>Mined Coal</i>	Țiței Extras <i>Crude oil extracted</i>	Gaze Naturale <i>Natural Gas</i>	Țesături <i>Clothing</i>	Încălțăminte <i>Footwear</i>	Cherestea <i>Timber</i>	Hârtie <i>Paper</i>	Ingrășăminte <i>Fertilizer</i>	Ciment <i>Cement</i>	Otel <i>Steel</i>
		t	t	mc <i>St. m</i>	mp <i>Sq. m</i>	perechi <i>pair</i>	t	t	t	t	t
Sud-vest S-W	2004 /1990	0,93	0,69	0,60	0,40	0,14	0,43	2,9	0,50	0,29	0,65
Gorj	2004 /1990	0,90	0,60	0,65	-	-	0,20	-	-	0,29	0,50

Sursa: INSSE – Statistică teritorială, 2006

Source- Territorial statistics, 2006

We can notice that the mining and quarrying and the cement production are basic activities in Gorj County. However, the lack of other alternative activities is a structural weakness of the county economy, fact that also comes out if we observe the weight of the economically active population in the mining and quarrying sector of the total of the economically active population (fig. 4.2.1), respectively of the total of the economically active employed population in the industry sector (fig. 4.2.2).

Fig. 4.2.1.



4.3. The SME Sector and the Foreign Investments

The enterprises are classified according to the number of employees, as displayed in the following table. In Gorj County, the microenterprises account for 93.9% of the total of enterprises.

Clasificarea întreprinderilor după mărime

Tabelul 4.1.1.

Classification of enterprises by size

Table 4.1.1.

Număr <i>Number</i>	Tipul întreprinderii <i>Type of enterprise</i>	Număr de angajați <i>Number of employees</i>
1	Micro-întreprinderi <i>Micro-enterprises</i>	0 - 9
2	Întreprinderi mici <i>Small enterprises</i>	10 - 49
3	Întreprinderi mijlocii <i>Medium enterprises</i>	50 - 249
4	Întreprinderi mari <i>Large enterprises</i>	250 - 500
5	Întreprinderi foarte mari <i>Very large enterprises</i>	Peste 500 <i>Over</i>

Sursa: Camera de Comerț și Industrie a României

Source: *The Chamber of Commerce and Industry of Romania*

The available data concerning the SME sector and the direct foreign investments indicate a level inferior to the national average. Therefore, at regional and county level, the number of SMEs/inhabitants is under the national average. The direct foreign investments summed up in 2004 405 million Euros, placing the region on the 7th position among the regions of the country, with only **2.7% of the total** (a population of about 11% of the total population of the country).

Structura sectorului IMM în 2004 în județul Gorj
Structure of the SME sector in 2004 in Gorj County

Tabel 4.3.1.

Table 4.3.1.

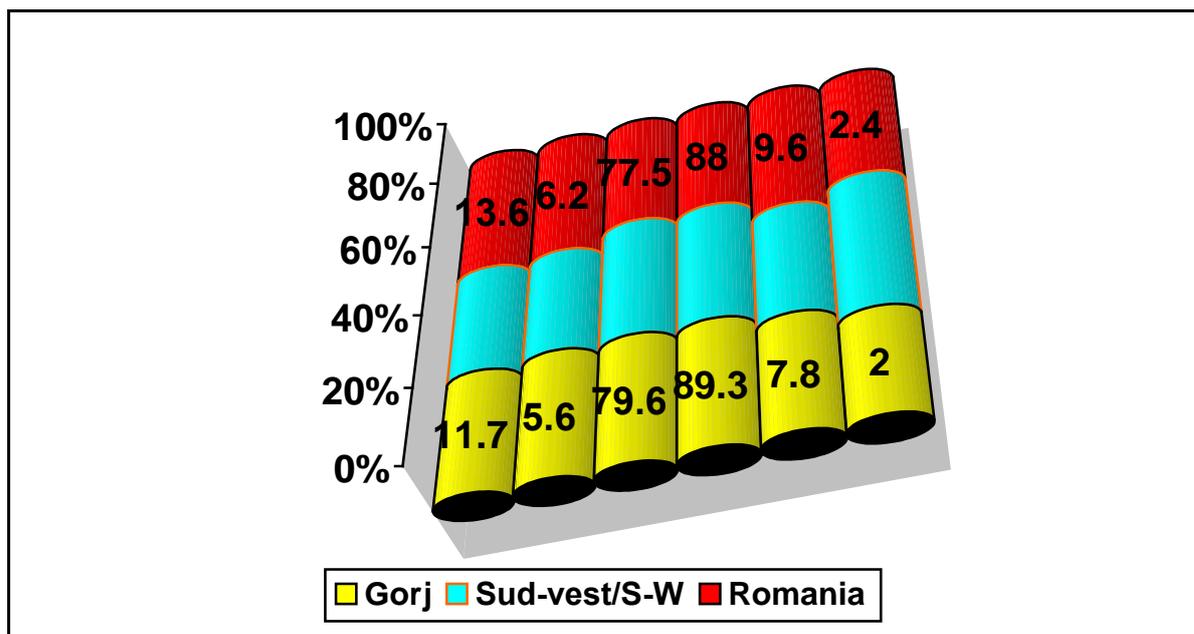
	IMM/1000 Locuitori SME/1000 Inhabitants	Industrie	Construcții	Servicii	Micro	Mici	Medii
		Industry	Construction	Services	Micro	Small	Medium
		%	%	%	%	%	%
Gorj	14.2	11.7	5.6	79.6	89.3	7.8	2.0
Sud-Vest S-W	14.1	11.0	4.9	79.5	89.3	8.0	2.8
Romania	19.3	13.6	6.2	77.5	88.0	9.6	2.4

sursa: POR 2007-2013

source: ROP 2007-2013

Structura sectorului IMM
Structure of the SME sector

Fig. 4.3.1.



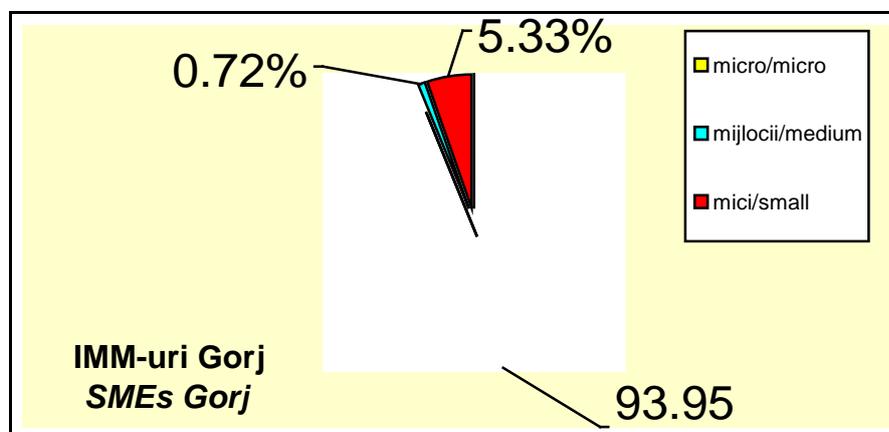
NTRO (The National Trade Register Office) data indicates a number of 7,322 SMEs in Gorj in 2005, of which more than 75% are in the urban area. **Therefore, in 2005, the county had 19 SMEs/1,000 inhabitants in the urban area and only 8.6 SMEs/1,000 inhabitants in the rural area.** The general data are displayed in the following table:

Structura sectorului IMM, AF și PF în 2005
Structure of the SME sector, FB and NP in 2005

Tabel 4.3.2.
 Table 4.3.2.

	AF (asociații familiale) <i>FB</i> (family-owned business)	PF (persoane fizice) <i>NP</i> (natural person)	IMM SME	Micro <i>Micro</i>	Mici <i>Small</i>	Mijlocii <i>Medium</i>
Total	698	2815	7322	6879	390	53
				93.9%	5.3%	0.7%
Din care în: <i>Of which in:</i>						
Agricultură <i>Agriculture</i>			2.4%			
Industrie <i>Industry</i>			12.2%			
Servicii <i>Serveces</i>			78.3%			
Construcții <i>Construction</i>			7.2%			
Din care în urban						
<i>Of which in urban area</i>	54.0%	57.7%	76.1%	75.4%	85.6%	96.2%

Fig. 4.3.2.



sursa: ONRC, 2007

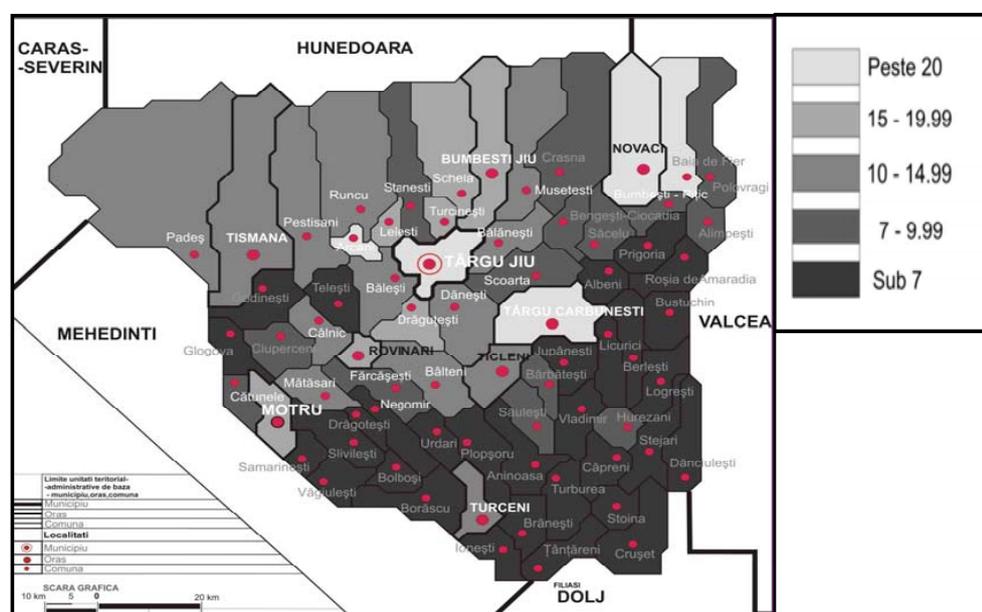
source: NTRO, 2007

As compared to the situation in 2003, there is a growing trend of the number of SMEs and especially of their weight in the production sector. However, the weight of medium enterprises decreased significantly in the favor of the small and micro ones. According to NTR0 sources, in 2005 there were 21 large enterprises still operating in the county, with over 30,000 inhabitants (ca. 12.5% of the employed population), of which the most important are Societatea Națională a Lignitului Oltenia (ca. 10,000 employees) and the 2 large energy complexes: Turceni and Rovinari (with a total of over 8,000 employees).

Fig. 4.3.3.

IMM /1000 locuitori în 2005 la nivel de UATB

SME/1000 inhabitants in 2005 at BTAU level



sursa datelor: ONRC – 2007

data source: NTR0 – 2007

The SMEs breakdown in the territory indicates an irregular distribution and significant urban-rural and north-south disparities. Thus, in the urban area there are about 4 times more SMEs/1,000 inhabitants, Târgu-Jiu and Motru municipalities grouping over 60% of the total of SMEs in the county. There is a small number of SMEs in towns like Tismana, Turceni and Țicleni, while communes as Arcani or Baia de Fier have a large number of SMEs. The area with the smallest number of SMEs is the rural area in the south of the county, where their number does not exceed 7/1,000 inhabitants and sometimes not even 4 (Bustuchin, Negomir, Țânțăreni).

Gorj County has a series of competitive advantages determined by the richness of some natural resources and the relatively low exploitation costs. This situation currently offers a

certain stability to the economic development, but on long term it could be questionable. **The dependence on a mining and quarrying sector and the significant damage upon the environment** are the main restrictive factors for a sustainable development.

The implementation of the “Polluter-Pays” principle and the ecological reconstruction costs would enormously raise the costs of lignite exploitation, for instance, and consequently could determine economic and social problems.

The development of the SME sector and of the new ecologic industrial branches, as well as the implementation of the new innovative technologies takes place very slowly and does not yet constitute a viable alternative to the thoroughly and massive restructuring of the county economy, in the immediate future.

The main trading companies that activate in the industry sector and their type of activity are presented in the following table:

Tabelul 4.3.3.

Table 4.3.3

Nr. crt.	DENUMIRE SOCIETATE <i>NAME OF THE COMPANY</i>	Tip de activitate <i>Type of activity</i>	Localitate <i>Locality</i>
1.	SOCIETATEA NATIONALA A LIGNITULUI OLTENIA SA	Extracția și prepararea cărbunelui inferior <i>Inferior coal mining and preparation</i>	Tg-Jiu
2.	SC COMPLEXUL ENERGETIC TURCENI SA	Producția de energie electrică <i>Electricity generation</i>	Turceni
3.	SC COMPLEXUL ENERGETIC ROVINARI SA	Producția de energie electrică <i>Electricity generation</i>	Rovinari
4.	SC AKYBUD PROD SRL	Producție și export de miere naturală <i>Natural honey production and export</i>	Com. Bălești, jud. Gorj
5.	SC ARTEGO SA	Fabricarea altor produse din cauciuc <i>Rubber products manufacturing</i>	Tg-Jiu
6.	SC DALEMI SERV SA	Fabricarea utilajelor pentru extracție și construcții <i>Manufacturing of quarrying and construction equipment</i>	Tg-Cărbunești
7.	SC ELTOP SRL	Proiectare și realizare sisteme de climatizare, de alarmă și supraveghere, rețele structurate voce date, consultanță, furnizare IT <i>Design and execution of acclimatization systems design and execution of alarm and surveillance systems, design and execution of data-voice structured networks (computers, telephony), IT provider</i>	Tg-Jiu
8.	SC ETERN CONS SRL	Industria producătoare-prelucrarea lemnului pentru construcții <i>Manufacturing industry; wood processing for building purposes</i>	Tg-Jiu
9.	SC INMELCON PROD SA	Fabricarea construcțiilor metalice și a produselor din	Bârsești

		metal <i>Metallic construction and metallic products manufacturing</i>	
10.	SC M.A.R.S.A.T. SA	Fabricarea utilajelor pentru extracție și construcții <i>Manufacturing of quarrying and construction equipment</i>	Tg-Jiu
11.	SC MIRFO TRADING SA	Fabricarea altor mașini-unelte pentru prelucrarea metalului <i>Manufacturing of metal working machine-tools</i>	Tg-Jiu
12.	SC NEURO IMPEX SRL	Comerț mobilier, decorațiuni interioare <i>Furniture trade, interior design objects</i>	Tg-Jiu
13.	SC PRO AUTO SRL	Vânzare piese auto din import <i>Import auto-car spare parts selling</i>	Tg-Jiu
14.	SC ROMINOX METAL SRL	Fabricare elemente de tâmplărie inox , mobilier, accesorii, diverse <i>Manufacturing of stainless steel structures, steel coating, accessories, furniture and others</i>	Tg-Jiu
15.	SC RYLKE PROD SRL	Comerț produse alimentare, prestări servicii, reparații utilaje <i>Food products trade, service and equipment repair</i>	Tg-Jiu
16.	SC ROSTRAMO SA	Producția de scaune <i>Chair manufacturing</i>	Tg-Jiu
17.	SC SUCCES NIC COM SRL	Comerț cu amănuntul în magazine nespecializate <i>Retail trade in unspecialized shops</i>	Tg-Jiu
18.	SC TDS ORSTA PROD SRL	Prestări servicii de reparare calculatoare și echipamente periferice <i>Computer and other data processing equipment troubleshooting and repair</i>	Tg-Jiu
19.	SC TOPI NEWW GLASS DESIGN SRL	Fabricarea articolelor din sticlă <i>Glassware manufacturing</i>	Tg-Jiu
20.	SC TRIVOLI SRL	Comercializare materiale de construcții <i>Commercialization of building materials</i>	Tg-Jiu
21.	SC UZINA DE AGENT TERMIC SI ALIMENTARE CU APA MOTRU SA	Producția și distribuția energiei termice și a apei calde <i>Thermal energy and hot water production and distribution</i>	Motru
22.	SC VECTRA IMPEX SRL	Producția de elemente de beton pentru construcții, elemente de design interior și exterior <i>Manufacturing of concrete elements for building, building materials for interior and exterior design</i>	Tg-Jiu
23.	SC VONREP SRL	Producție și comercializare/montare sisteme de măsură distanță, arie și volum cu laser, sisteme de contorizare a persoanelor <i>Laser measurement systems for distance, volume and area, traffic record systems</i>	Tg-Jiu
24.	RESTAURANTUL AMBASADOR ELITE	Cofetărie, pizzerie, restaurant <i>Confectionery shop, pizza shop and restaurant</i>	Tg-Jiu

Sursa: Camera de Comerț și Industrie Gorj

Source: Chamber of Commerce and Industry Gorj

4.4. Trade Companies

4.4.1. SOCIETATEA NAȚIONALĂ A LIGNITULUI OLTENIA

1-15 Tudor Vladimirescu Street, Postal Code 210132

Trade Register no. J18/263/2004, Taxpayer reference: R 16306589

Tel. 0253 21 26 01; 21 35 01; Fax 0253 21 27 76; 21 25 13,

E-mail: cnlo@cnlo.ro

Contact person: engineer Corneliu Boldor – Counselor S.N.L. Oltenia-S.A.

WEB PAGE: www.cnlo.ro

Main activity: lignite extraction and preparation

Secondary activities: building materials extraction; metallic construction; general and specialized transport; computing products and services; silviculture and wood exploitation; special construction works; equipment repair and maintenance; water catchment, treatment and distribution; staff training; environment protection; metallic waste recovery; specialized design work.

The main outlet for the lignite produced by Societatea Națională a Lignitului Oltenia is the fuel market used in the electrical and thermal generation process.

The process of modernization of the production means started in 1994 with operation lines and rotor excavators and continued with the modernization of 18 rotor excavators, 75 transport operation lines and 4 dumpers.



Conversion of lignite into organomineral fertilizers

The pilot plant used to produce organomineral fertilizers from lignite is a project aimed at obtaining a new product to improve the quality of poor soils and especially at treating the restored agricultural lands in the areas affected by the mining activities.



Activated carbon manufacturing using xylite charcoal

The project consisted in the building of a test installation to produce activated carbon, placed in Motru, Gorj County, area with important xylite resources.

The test installation confirmed the results obtained in the laboratory, the active coal obtained from xylite having comparable or even superior quality parameters with the one derived classically from traditional raw materials (wood, pulp etc).

The field of interest for a possible collaboration with other companies:

1. Modernization of flow sheets;
2. Rearrangement of dumps and their reintroduction into the economic circuit;
3. Financing environment projects for:
 - Pollution prevention:
 - monitoring the level and the qualitative parameters of groundwater around the mining leases under exploitation or already exploited;
 - auto-monitoring the environmental agents (powder, noise, vibrations, water), purchasing new monitoring equipments.
 - Reduction of the impact on the atmosphere, water and soil:
 - rehabilitation of the sewage system inside the Lupoia quarry, E.M.C. Motru
 - reduction of the noise level and its impact on the atmosphere, water and soil;
 - technical measures that require to be taken in order to comply with the requirements imposed by the environmental law at the coal yard Roșiuța - E.M.C. Motru (installing sound-absorbent panels, make a green belt).

- technical measures that require to be taken in order to comply with the requirements imposed by the environmental law at the coal yard Roşia - E.M.C. Roşia (installing sound-absorbent panels, make a green belt).

4. Accessing structural and cohesive funds in the following priority fields:

- extension and modernization of waterworks and waste waterworks;
- development of integrated waste management systems and the rehabilitation of contaminated sites;
- the rehabilitation of the municipal heating systems in the selected priority areas;
- implementation of adequate management systems for environment protection;
- development of an adequate infrastructure to prevent the natural risks in the areas most exposed to risk;
- technical assistance.

4.4.2. COMPLEXUL ENERGETIC TURCENI



1 Uzinei Street, Turceni, Gorj County

Tel: 0253 33 50 45; Fax: 0253 33 50 81

E-mail: office@eturceni.ro

Web page: www.eturceni.ro

ACTIVITY FIELDS:

- LIGNITE EXTRACTION AND PREPARATION

The quarries Jilt Sud and Jilt Nord: production capacity = 5,200 thou tons/year

Tehomir mine: production capacity = 400 thou tons/year

- ELECTRICITY GENERATION:

Turceni Power Plant: installed capacity = 6 x 330 MW=1,980 MW

- 2 refurbished groups
- annual production ~ 5,700 GWh

- ELECTRICITY SUPPLY:

The market share = 12%, cost price = second place in the coal power plants classification; provider of technological system services.

4.4.3. S.C. COMPLEXUL ENERGETIC ROVINARI S.A.

25 Energeticianului Street, Rovinari, Gorj

Tel: +40 253 372580; Fax: +40 253 371590

E-mail: cpecingina@termorov.ro

Web site: www.termorov.ro

Main activity:

- inferior coal mining and preparation (lignite mining and preparation) ;
- electricity generation (lignite electric and thermal energy generation)



The trading company Complexul Energetic Rovinari S.A. has a condensation power plant, designed as a basic power plant of the National Energy System, accomplished in two phases:

- phase 1 - with 400 MW installed power capacity, formed of the energy groups no. 1 and 2, put into service during 1972-1973;
- phase 2 – designed to have a final installed power capacity of 1,320 MW, formed of the energy groups no. 3, 4, 5 and 6 put into service during 1976-1979.

Currently, the energy groups no. 1 and 2 are under demolition and deallocation.



The national energy development strategy pursues to comprehend the evolution of the energy sector into the strategy of sustainable economic development of Romania, in the framework of the integration in the European Union, the achievement of this objective

involving both the efficient use of the energy resources and the adoption of the necessary measures to protect the environment.

We are interested in a partnership with European companies in order to obtain European financing for the project “Flue gas desulphurization installation afferent to the energy group no. 4”.

The project is supported by the priority axis IV: Increased energy efficiency and sustainable development of the energy sector, within the context of the fight against climate change, investments in flue gas desulphurization installations, burners with reduced NOx and filters on refurbished/upgraded groups of large combustion plants in the framework of the sectoral operational program *Increase of Economic Competitiveness*.

We are also interested in a possible collaboration with investors to build a new group with greater power on the old settlement of the deallocated groups 1 and 2.

4.4.4. S.C. AKYBUD PROD S.R.L.

287 Balești Commune, Targu -Jiu, Gorj, Romania;
Taxpayer Reference: RO7036370;
Tel: +40 722217442/722217441, **Fax:** +40 253 219823;
E-mail: honey@artelecom.net;
Contact person: Buluz Anca



S.C. AkyBud Prod S.R.L. was set up in 1994, having as main activity the production and export of natural honey to worldwide clients.

Being a 100% private social capital company, the collection, processing and packaging of honey for the outlets is performed by a team of employees, assistant chemists and producers at a high technical, qualitative and hygienic standard, team that strives to meet all the client's requirements.

AKYBUD PROD SRL also disposes of a specialized laboratory for testing the honey, where they analyse it in order to prevent the selling of honey that does not correspond to the international qualitative standards.

Currently AKYBUD PROD SRL exports honey in Italy, Germany, Belgium, France and United States of America.

4.4.5. S.C. ARTEGO S.A. Târgu-Jiu



On the North Platform on Târgu-Jiu municipality, in 1975, came into being *Intreprinderea de Articole Tehnice de Cauciuc si Cauciuc Regenerat*, starting chiefly with the manufacturing of reclaimed rubber.

Over the years, the company diversified the range of products and grew economically.

In 1990, with the establishment of the trading company *ARTEGO SA*, the technical articles were branded ARTEGO.

Now, in the departments equipped with modern installations from Germany, France, Hungary, Czech Republic, Slovakia and Romania, the working place of approximately 2,000 employees, are manufactured over 2,000 items, from tiny “O” rings to conveyor belts for mining exploitation, the year 2004 being a top reference point regarding the quantitative, qualitative and value level of the production.

The products and services offered by ARTEGO are the following:

- reclaimed rubber;
- moulds and metallic accessories;
- conveyor belts;
- technical plates and carpets;
- rubber joints;
- hoses and clutches;
- refurbished conveyor belts;
- refurbished drums;
- plastic products and solutions for belt splicing;
- textile plant;
- milk and dairy products;
- bread and bakery products;
- services: service activity and belt splicing at the mining sites.

4.4.6. S.C. DALEMI SERV S.A.

5 Blahnitei Street, Târgu-Carbunesti, Gorj County

Tel.: +40 253 37 96 69; Fax: +40 253 24 31 69

Email: robedana@yahoo.com

Activity field: manufacturing equipment for mining and quarrying and construction.

Main activity of the company: repairing mining equipment in the coal pits, repairing mining equipment units.

Other activities: manufacturing replacement parts and metallic work pieces.

The current strategy of our company is a development strategy. To this end, we finished an investment in a production hall with traveling crane. Our intention is to continue to invest in modern equipment.

We planned for the following years the replacement of an old production building, which will be deallocated, with a new production hall.



In relation to our above presentation, we are interested in finding financing for these projects or in a partnership to access European funds, as well as in collaborating in the production field.

4.4.7. S.C. ELTOP S.R.L.

42 Victoria Street , Ap. 1, 2, 3, 210166 Târgu-Jiu , Gorj County

Phone: 0253-218666

Fax: 0253-217120

E-mail: office@eltop.ro

Web Page: www.eltop.ro



Activity field:

- design and execution of acclimatization systems:

- heating and air conditioning equipments

- design and execution of alarm and surveillance systems:

- anti-theft alarm systems
- perimetric protection systems
- fire alarm systems
- video surveillance systems,
- interphone and video interphone systems
- access control systems etc;

- design and execution of data-voice structured networks (computers, telephony):

- installation of new networks
- extension of the current networks
- inclusion of new users into the network

- **IT consulting** and assistance in equipment acquisition, custom programming, system implementation assistance

- **IT and office automation** provider (the delivery, assemblage and start up assured by high qualified and certified stuff, home delivery)

- **electronic and electric appliances** provider (the delivery, assemblage and start up being assured by high qualified and certified stuff, home delivery)

- **specialized software** supplied upon request;

- **fiscal electronic cash registers, POS-es, electronic scales;**

- **office consumables and IT** provider;

- **IT consulting and assistance** available upon request by monthly contracts or urgent assistance, performed by qualified and certified staff

- **space renting** for symposiums and classes.



4.4.8. S.C. ETERN CONS S.R.L.

Address: 23 A Constantin Brancusi Avenue, Targu-Jiu, Gorj

Phone: 0253/210119; 222240;

Fax: 0253/ 221780;

E-mail: office@eterncons.ro

Web page: www.eterncons.ro

The company was founded in 1994.

ACTIVITY FIELD: manufacturing industry; wood processing for building purposes; binals (doors, windows, interiors, structures etc).

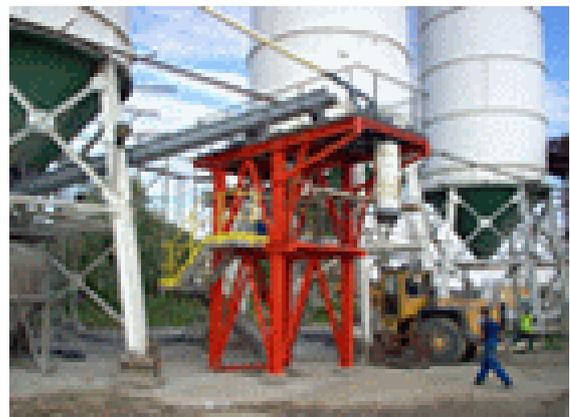


4.4.9. S.C. INMELCON PROD S.A.

Address: 137 B Cartier Bârsesti,
Code 210205, Târgu-Jiu, Gorj County
Phone / Fax: +40 253 222678
E-mail: inmelcon@yahoo.com

Activity field:

- mechanical processing;
- metal works manufacturing and welded units;
- reparation, rehabilitation and assembling of complex industrial installations;
- pipe-line equipment assembling and maintenance in gas distribution;
- technical assistance;
- other services for enterprises.



Fields of interest for possible collaborations with foreign companies:

- exportation of metal works, units and assemblies, metalworking products of average complexity and preferably mass production;
- importation of components, preferably kinematics, technologic equipment and specialized equipment for the manufacturing of building materials etc. (selling-out within the country);
- survey of the external market for the demand of metal works, units and assemblies, metal structures, construction – assembling works, in partnership;

- project financing for refurbishment and improvement of the technologic performance in the field of mechanical treatment and construction – assembling works, financing projects for the management of the environment and renewable energy generation etc.
- cooperation for European fund accession, according to the priority axis 4 (SMEs) for the development of the regional business sector and creation of new jobs, for a sustainable economic development;
- building rehabilitation and extension for the production-services activity;
- economic development by purchasing equipment and new technology, to gain in competitiveness in the framework of the creation of new jobs for the region;
- cooperation for European fund accession for projects in the above mentioned fields, in the mountainous tourism and building materials production;
- refurbishment of some of the existing lime factories, the possible building of some expanded polystyrene and polyurethane sandwich panel factories etc.



4.4.10. S.C. MARSAT S.A.

Address: 2 Termocentralei Street, Code 210233, Târgu-Jiu, Gorj County;

Trade Register no. J18/184/1992, Taxpayer reference: R 2157460

Tel: +40 253 21 00 47, +40 253 21 00 54; Fax: +40 253 21 00 31;

Web site: www.marsat.com.ro;

E-mail: office@marsat.com.ro;



Activities, by fields:

I. Main:

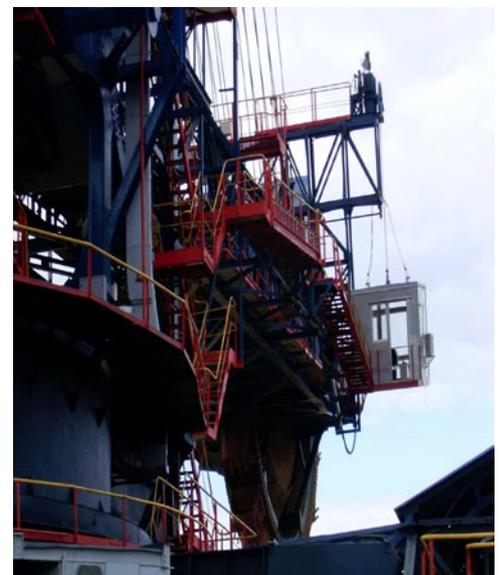
- Assembling, maintenance and reparation of machinery and equipment for mining and construction;
- Electrical wiring works.

II. Secondary:

- manufacturing electricity distribution stations;
- metallic constructions and components;
- metallic structures;
- wholesale of electric and electronic machineries, devises and materials.

The company disposes of the necessary technical equipment and qualified, certified and specialized staff, able to assure a high quality of any work in the field, irrespective of the degree of complexity or technicality:

- assembling, inspections, reparation, modernization, rendering more reliable, setting in motion, technical assistance and service for low and average voltage electric networks;
- assembling, inspections, reparation, modernization, rendering more reliable, setting in motion, technical assistance and service for electrical wiring for command, signal and control
- assembling, inspections, reparation, modernization,



rendering more reliable, setting in motion, technical assistance and service in electric utilities and transformer points and for overhead and underground transmission lines;

- common diagram systems (energetical and technological), using a wire, optical, radio or video support;
- closed-circuit television;
- fire and anti-theft alarm systems and voltage detectors.

Moreover, our company has a PRAM laboratory equipped to make PRAM inspections and measurements, both to our clients, as well as to a third part, by order and contract.



Within its own secondary industrial production workshop we fabricate electricity distribution equipment (electric boards, low and medium voltage electric cells etc.), as well as different metallic work pieces (metallic constructions and components, metallic structures etc.)

Over the years, our company has executed works in several industry branches:

- coal mining;
- oil and gas mining;
- energy industry;
- building materials industry;
- chemical industry;
- car building industry;
- woodworking industry;
- light industry (food and textile industry).

4.4.11. S.C. MIRFO TRADING S.A.

Address: 3 Aleea Macului Street, Code 210106, Târgu-Jiu, Gorj, Romania

Tel: +40 0253 22 11 60; 21 34 06, **Fax:** 0253 22 11 60

E-mail: mail@mirfoindustries.ro; mirfotrading@yahoo.com.

Contact person: engineer Mihai Danciulescu, Chief Marketing Office



Main activity:

- manufacturing of other metal working machine-tools – 2942
(hydraulic presses to bend the “ABKANT” sheets)
- cross-cut shears for metal sheets, between 1 and 25 mm thickness and 1,500 and 6,000 mm length ;
- hydraulic presses;
- mechanical presses;
- stone crushers;
- machines to cut sheets;
- thematic machine-tools;
- air forging hammers with a weight of the air-operated ram from 80 to 1,000 kg
- welded and processed metallic parts etc.

Secondary activities: trade.

4.4.12. S.C. NEURO IMPEX S.R.L.

Adress: 22 December 1989 Street, no. 65, Targu-Jiu, Gorj, Romania;

Trade Register No: J18/389/1993,

Taxpayer reference: RO4025156;

Phone: +40 253 237557, Fax: +40 253 237557;

E-mail: office@neuroimpex.ro

Contact person: Roșca Viorica – manager



NEURO IMPEX S.R.L. was established in 1993.

Main activity field:

- furniture trade;
- interior design objects;
- sanitary appliances;
- electrics;
- carpets and rugs.

Our strategy envisages the extension of our shop chain and storehouses at national level and the accession of structural funds from the European Union.

4.4.13. S.C. PRO AUTO S.R.L.

Address: 195 Victoria Street, Targu-Jiu, Gorj

Phone: +40253225333

Mobile: +40741133881

Fax: +40253228333

E-mail: magazin@proautotgjiu.ro

Contact details for the auto-car service:

Address: 66A Bucharest Road, Targu-Jiu,

Phone: +40253221221

Fax: +40253211517

E-mail: service@proautotgjiu.ro

For details regarding our offer, please visit: www.proautotgjiu.ro

The company Pro Auto SRL was created in 2003, dealing with auto-car spare parts. In September 2003, we opened a store specialized in selling import auto spare parts for auto-cars and utility cars, situated in Targu-Jiu, 195 Victoria Street. Due to its professional team, client-oriented, but also as a result of the modern communication technologies implemented and the distribution agreements with the best dealers that import auto parts, the store became in short time an important landmark on the local market of auto dealers.

In the fall of the year 2005, we started installing an auto service mainly for import auto-cars. In 2006 we started negotiating for the buying of the Automeister franchise, which ended up in the affiliation of our workhouse to this auto service concept, starting with the 1st of July 2007. The Automeister-Pro Auto service is situated in Targu-Jiu, 66A Bucharest Road.

Our staff increased from 4 employers, in 2003, to 15 employers now.

Currently, our company's activity is structured in three departments: direct selling, delivery and auto car service. The direct selling addresses especially the natural persons, through our shop in Victoria Street. The delivery department deals with the partner workhouses, delivering them the auto-car spare parts necessary for repairing. The auto-car service offers mechanic repairs, computer diagnosis and car air conditioning troubleshooting.

4.4.14. S.C. ROMINOX METAL S.R.L.

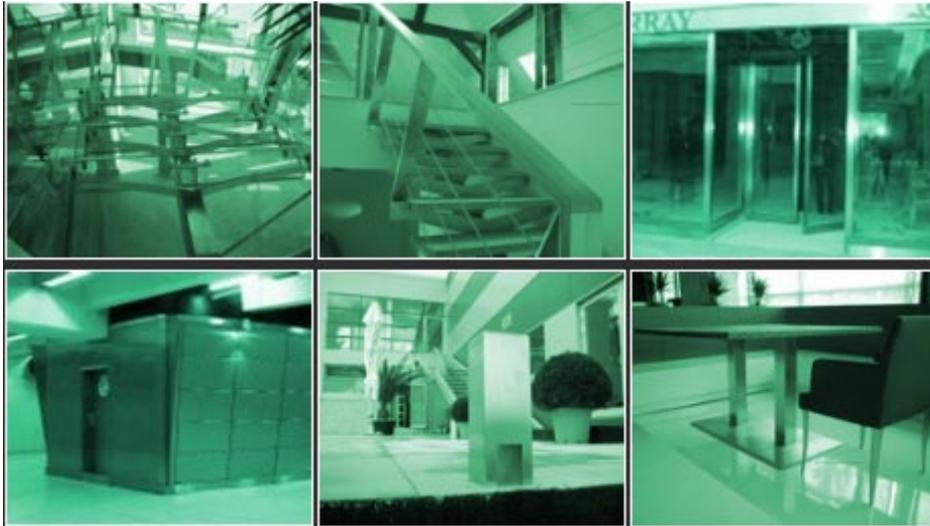
Address: 1 Th. Aman Street, Ap. 6 Tg-Jiu, Gorj, Romania

Taxpayer reference: RO 6513897

Phone/Fax: +40 253 228257

E-mail: office@rominox.ro

Contact person: Viorel Manea



ROMINOX METAL S.R.L. was founded in 1994, having as main activities:

- handrails;
- balustrades, staircases;
- stainless steel structures;
- steel coating, glass curtain walls, canopies;
- accessories;
- furniture;
- other.

4.4.15. S.C. RYLKE PROD S.R.L.

SC RYLKE PROD SRL

WITH US ...

A BETTER LIFE

- 
- S.C. RYLKE PROD S.R.L. is a private company, with 100% Romanian social capital, established in 1993, deploying its activity in TARGU-JIU, Gorj County. Its main activity field is the food products and beverage retail trade, practiced in specialized shops and as secondary activities service and equipment repair.
 - The company has non-current assets: lands, buildings, transportation equipment, office automation, furniture, as well as current assets: merchandise stocks, warehouse merchandise, packaging.
 - The commerce activity is deployed in the 3 stores situated in Tg-Jiu, equipped at European standards.
 - ⊕ LIDO SHOP – 4 Liviu Rebreanu Street – the largest shop, comprising the offices, the logistics and the warehouses.
 - ⊕ REAL SHOP – 4 Minerilor Street
 - ⊕ MONDIAL SHOP – situated downtown in Unirea Street
 - The company also has a specialized staff, organized in departments and activity sectors.

For 15 years we have been concerned about the **QUALITY** and the **SATYSFACTION** OF OUR CLIENTS.

If you come to us, you will have ... **A BETTER LIFE**

S.C. RYLKE PROD S.R.L.

1 Decembrie 1918 Street, no. 65, Tg.Jiu, Gorj

Trade Register J18/1021/1993, Taxpayer Reference RO 4665546

Phone./Fax 0253/237322 , 0253/228389

E-mail : rylkeprod@yahoo.com



4.4.16. S.C. ROSTRAMO S.A.

Address: 354 E Teodoroiu Avenue, Târgu-Jiu, Gorj, Romania

Tel: +40 253 22 61 00, Fax: +40 253 22 62 05

E-mail: office@rostramo.com

Web site: http://traderom.ro/expozitii/companii/ROSTRAMO/rostramo/prez_gen_en.htm

Contact person: Eng. Marcel Cocan – General Manager

Eng. Constantin Şalapa –Tehncial Director



ROSTRAMO S.A. started its activity in 1959 and began to export in 1960. Now, after more than 47 years of experience, it manufactures and exports:

- all types of beech chairs;
- tables, small furniture, couches, cabinets;
- beech boards of 2000 x 1250 mm, in a range of thickness of: 3; 4; 5; 6; 8; 10; 12; 16; 18; 22 mm;
- PAL of 2440 x 1220 mm or 2440 x 1830; thickness 6; 8; 10; 12; 16, 18; 22 mm.

4.4.17. S.C. SUCCES NIC COM S.R.L.



SR EN ISO 9001:2005
SR EN ISO 18001 :2004 – OHSAS
SR EN ISO 14 001 : 2005

CF RO 5762598 J18 / 490 / 1994, 120 Unirea St., Tg.Jiu, Gorj, Phone. 0040 253 214 080, Fax 0040 253 216 691

The name of the company: SC SUCCES NIC COM SRL

Registered office : Bilta Village, Runcu Commune, Gorj County

Business Office : 120 Unirii Street, Targu-Jiu, Gorj County

Registration : Trade Register No: J18/490/1994

Taxpayer reference: RO5762598

Activity field : retail trade in unspecialized shops, mainly oriented towards the sale of food products, beverage and tobacco

Social capital : 15.900.000 RON, 100% private capital

Shareholders : Sarcina Nicolae, sole shareholder

Management and Organizational Structure

The executive management of the company is performed by a managerial team (Director Committee), composed by a Vicepresident, a General Manager and an Economic Manager. We currently have approximately 850 employees, organized in departments.

To provide an appropriate work environment, the company is endowed with a proper computing system, its own network, a magnetic support technology for data transfer in closed network (intranet) and internet.

In order to assure a high level of professionalism for our employees, the company organized training courses for our staff, especially in the sales (approximately 100 employees benefited from the training, fully supported by the company).

Our company's philosophy is to set high qualitative standards to our employees. In order to maintain these standards, on the one hand, our employees are financially stimulated to

a satisfying level, and on the other hand, the management of the company provided in 2003 a refectory for our staff.

Financial audit; quotation at the rating agencies

For the entire activity deployed in the latest years (closed fiscal years), the financial audit was performed by SC TRASTER SRL Targu-Jiu.

The company is not quoted at the rating agencies.

In order to comply with the European standards, the company finished the implementation and is in the final phase of certificating a new integrated management system (Quality Management System - ISO 9001, Environment Management System - ISO 14001, and Food Safety Management System - HACCP).

Activity description

The company started its activity in 1994. Its activity field is the retail and wholesale trade of food products, beverage and tobacco, but it also deals with non-food products. In addition, the company deploys other secondary activities, namely: oil products trade, auto-car service, constructions, bakery and pastry production, renting. Another secondary activity is the operation line for the packaging of bulk products (flour, sugar, rice, bean).

The company commercializes the whole scale of food and non-food products, namely: sugar products, flour products, alcoholic and fresh beverages, mineral waters, cosmetic and cleaning products, other industrial products. The supply with these products is done on a regular basis, under the terms stipulated in our agreements with the suppliers and business partners. The main selection criteria of our suppliers is the price-quality ratio, the good image of our partners and the tradition of our partnership.

The company deploys its activity in five counties (Gorj, Hunedoara, Valcea, Mehedinti, Constanta).

In Gorj County, the company has the following commercial spaces:

- 75 retail stores situated in Targu-Jiu and in most of the localities in Gorj County and in other neighbouring counties (Mehedinti, Valcea, Constanta);
- 4 terrace restaurants with a capacity of 400 places situated in Targu-Jiu, Bilta, The Jiului Pass – Visina;

- 5 gas stations (Tg-Jiu, Bumbesti-Jiu – punct Visina, Dragoieni, Cilnic, Bunesti);
- 18 stalls situated in Rodna and Paltinis commercial complexes;
- 6 wholesale storehouses in Targu-Jiu.

The surface of the storehouses exceed 18000 sq meters, being able to keep the products at constant temperatures from -10 to +20 degrees Celsius, due to the existent freezing apparatus.

In Hunedoara County, the company has sale points in the main towns:

- Lupeni – 7 sale points;
- Vulcan – 5 sale points;
- Petrosani – 3 own sale points and 5 rented stalls.

The sale points are designed so as to manage retail sales but also wholesale, at wholesale prices. The surface of the storehouses exceeds 7500 sq. meters.

Beginning with 2003, the company expanded to the level of the capital, with a storehouse and a shop near METRO Voluntari, dealing with retail and wholesale trade under the trademark SUCCES; in the commercial complex FLORA, the company rented a stall.

The transport of the merchandise is mainly done with the company's own transport means, rarely with those of the supplier. The company owns an auto park with the transport means used for the shipment of merchandise and other materials and for the staff transport between two points of work, namely: 40 utility cars, 35 delivery cars, 15 vans, 30 auto-cars, 20 TIR-s, 25 freezer trailers, the following trademarks being predominant: VOLVO, MERCEDES, RENAULT, IVECO, OPEL, DAEWOO, DACIA.

Bread and breadstuff making is the main production activity upstaying the commercial activity. In this field, the bread factory has 4 bakery ovens (3 tunnel ovens – 10 t each – and a wood fire oven), summing up together a production capacity of approximately 45t/24 hours, meaning 90,000 pieces. The average production comes to 1.5 million lei monthly, experiencing a rise in the latest 12 months.

The building activity – the building and design of the non-current assets the company owns is well organized and maintained and organized through our own forces and staff. Thus we

cut a large part of expenses, especially because the building sector is supported by: 2 sorting stations, concrete station, and a workshop for metal and aluminium structures.

The networks used for an independent, autonomous distribution, that will not affect the company's position on the market, extend to two counties (Gorj and Hunedoara), by means of the storehouses located in Targu-Jiu and Lupeni, but also by the selling points that are endowed with storing spaces, places from where the merchandise is delivered to the firms that own selling stalls. Our distribution activity in Bucharest is also growing. The merchandise is sold to the clients (people, legal persons), and the encashment is mainly cash and less by transfer.

4.4.18. S.C. TDS ORSTA PROD S.R.L.

Address: 7 Unirea – Siret Street, ap. 4, Targu-Jiu, Gorj, Romania;

Taxpayer reference: RO 4897660;

Phone: +40 253 217337, Fax: +40 253 217337;

E-mail: orzan@xnet.ro

Contact person: Orzan Gheorghe – general manger

Established in 1993 in Targu-Jiu, TDS ORSTA PROD SRL, asserted since the beginning of its activity as a serious company, having as main activity object: **computer and other data processing equipment troubleshooting and repair.**

TDS ORSTA PROD SRL put clients on a first place, being the official distributor of several trade marks in Gorj County. TDS ORSTA PROD diversified from year to year the scale of products and services, having the best offer on the market:

- Anti-break-in security systems
- Smoke alarms
- Access systems
- Closed-circuit television
- Car alarms
- Electronic cash registers
- Desktop and laptop computers
- Copy machines and printers
- Electronic scales
- Telephone exchanges
- Office consumables
- Equipment service

Today, TDS ORSTA PROD SRL is one of the most reliable economic operators in this field in Gorj County, being ISO certified since 2005 and offering high standard products and services. During its 15 years of activity, we followed some main principles:

- The products correspond to high reliability and technical efficiency standards
- The best cost-effective services
- Stock delivery for most of the products
- A varied scale of products and services
- A well trained technical support department.

4.4.19. S.C. TOPI NEW GLASS DESIGN S.R.L.

Address: 92 C UNIRII Street, Târgu-Jiu, Romania

Phone / Fax: + 40 253 21 91 79;

+ 40 253 21 68 56

Mobile Phone: + 40 722 39 38 90

E-mail: topescu@xnet.ro

Website: www.topescu-glass-studio.com



The studio **Topi New Glass Design** was brought into existence in 1994, as a necessity to put forward the creation of the glass artist Mihai Țopescu. His over 30 years experience in the world of artistic and decorative glassware, his participation in national and international classes, the symposia, the galleries and the national and international competitions led to the presence of the glass works of the artist into private collections, important art galleries and museums known in the entire world. The success of its works materialized in national and international awards, in his presence into *Who's Who in Contemporary Glass Art*, 1993-1994 and *Contemporary Who's Who of Professionals*, 2004-2005, as well as in many other publications.

The artist works alongside his team of 20 co-workers, glass artists, technicians and management staff.



During the 12 years of functioning, over 1,000 new models have been created in this studio, which enjoyed great success worldwide, at national and international fairs in Frankfurt, New York, Tokyo, Moscow, Paris, London, Birmingham, Milan, Bucharest, etc.

The collection of the studio Topi New Glass Design, signed *GLASS COLLECTION MIHAI ȚOPESCU*, comprises vases, bowls, servers, candle holders, unique objects or objects with limited production, generally artistic and decorative objects, handcrafted by the superposition of several layers of clear and colored glass.

The quality represents us...

The price recommends us.



S.C.TRIVOLI IMPEX S.R.L. is a private company, with 100% Romanian social capital, established in 1992, deploying its activity mainly in Gorj County. As specified in our slogan, we concentrated on the selling of high-quality materials, striving and succeeding to maintain a competitive level of prices on the market. Currently, our company ranks the first in Gorj County in terms of sales and has very good results on the country level on certain products (for instance Bramac, Wienerberger, Lafarge, Saint Gobain, Lindab, Elpreco, Caparol, Baumit etc.). The company has 4 warehouses situated in 4 different areas in Targu-Jiu:

- The warehouse in 11-13 Ana Ipatescu Street is the largest one, for the moment. It houses the offices and the logistics.
- The warehouse in Amaradiiei Street.
- The warehouse in 113 9 Mai Area.
- The warehouse on the belt highway, 18 Narciselor Street, warehouse were a 750 square meters hall will be built, with a display space and new headquarters.

Our company has high-quality auto vehicles, able to cover our necessary in relation with the clients and distributors.

Our policy is not to sell no matter how, we invite the possible buyer to have a dialogue with our specialists. Only after a careful analysis of the client's need we can offer a solution related to the materials they may purchase.

We don't claim that we have the cheapest merchandise and our intention does not necessarily go in this direction, because the quality-price ratio prevails. We offer real warranty of quality for all materials that go out from our warehouses. The most important thing is the fact that we have the best experts in the field in Gorj and not only, experts that offer the best solutions for purchasing of the best and most efficient materials.

We've been working with our clients for 15 years and offered quality materials, fact that brought an acknowledgement of our merits. We invite you to call on us with confidence and you will have the surprise to discover our standards.

TRIVOLI – THE QUALITY REPRESENTS US, THE PRICE RECOMMENDS US

S.C. TRIVOLI IMPEX S.R.L.
11-13 Ana Ipătescu Street, Târgu Jiu, Gorj
Trade Register J18/1395/1992,
Taxpayer Reference R2574603
Phone/Fax 0253/222 825
Web: www.trivoli.ro
Mail: office@trivoli.ro

4.4.21. S.C. UZINA DE AGENT TERMIC ȘI ALIMENTARE CU APĂ S.A.

Address: 25 Calea Severinului Street, Code 215200, Motru, Jud. Gorj

Tel.: +40 253 360743, +40 253 360532

Fax: +40 253 362305

E-mail: sc_uataa_sa@yahoo.com

Activity field:

The main activity field is the generation and distribution of the thermal agent to meet the heating demand and the hot water preparation.



In addition, the company has as activity field the catchment, storage, treatment, pumping and distribution of drinking water.

Currently, the investment regarding the assembling of a turbo-generator for the generation and commercialization of electricity is under implementation.



The field of interest for a possible partnership with a foreign company:

- project financing and cooperation in order to access European funds to modernize and capitalize the activities established at the activity field.

4.4.22. S.C. VECTRA IMPEX S.R.L.

Address: 3 Albatrosului Street, Targu-Jiu, Gorj, Romania

Trade Register No. : J18/1539/1994

Taxpayer reference: RO6470818;

Phone: +40 253 215565,

Fax: +40 253 215565;

E-mail: vectraimpex@xnet.ro

Contact person: Engineer Marcel Avrănescu – general manager

SC VECTRA IMPEX S.R.L. was founded in 1994 and started its activity in 1995.

Main activity:

- manufacturing of concrete elements for building (tile, paving, arch brick)
- building materials for interior and exterior design (pillars, banisters, brick imitation, quarry stone imitation, fence and pillar elements, fence and pillar roof, decorative design for gardens).

Secondary activity:

- trade with Lafarge products (cement, crushed limestone)
- Simcor Oradea products
- Civil and industrial works

4.4.23. S.C. VONREP S.R.L.



s.c. VORNEP s.r.l. Tg. Jiu, Jud. Gorj , Aleea Unirii, bl.3, Sc. 1,Ap. 11

Tel: 0253.214251 / Fax: 0253.214.251, Tg. Jiu - 0729.005717
Craiova - 0724.089210, e-mail: office@vonrep.ro, www.vonrep.ro

SC VONREP SRL is a private company, having as main activity field the residential and industrial automation.

The company has his own development and research department, being able to perform hardware and soft ware projects and a well trained engineer team. Among the products, our company produces, commercializes and/or assembles, are the following:

- laser measurement systems for distance, volume and area – SC Vonrep is Romania representative of Lase GmbH Germany, specialized in laser measurement techniques used in mining and quarrying, in the steel, cooper and aluminum industries, container yards, raw material handling, protection and surveillance;
- traffic record systems – SC Vonrep is Romania representative of PFM specialized in recording persons, used in the store chains, commercial centers, historical centres, sports grounds, libraries and parkings.
- DigiTool instruments - **DigiTool™** is the ideal solution for round control with more check control points and data acquisition regarding the events;
- Hormann industrial doors and garage doors;
- automation for doors and gates;
- mechanical barrier;
- breaking attempt systems, control access and video surveillance.

4.4.24. RESTAURANT AMBASADOR



Address: 110S Victoria St., Targu-Jiu, Gorj.
Phone. 0253 243060, Fax. 0253 228217 ,
E-mail: ambasador.elite@yahoo.com

A **A single name, a single location :
confectionery, pizza shop and restaurant.
Our purpose is to fully satisfy your taste and
culinary preferences.**

The Restaurant Ambassador Elite was created in a polished and discreet atmosphere, where tradition and novelty mingle harmoniously. Once you entered, the atmosphere, the ambient music, the design welcomes you.

The international menu, with strong elements from the Romanian dishes will satisfy even the most exigent tastes. All ingredients are fresh and carefully chosen, the guarantee of a flavor you will never forget. The food will not be completed without the well chosen wines.

Unlike other restaurants with international specialties, where the culinary refinement means less food on a portion, for Ambassador Elite, the savouriness of a dish is very important.

The perfect place for business meetings, dinner parties, romantic dinners, in a

nut shell, Ambassador Elite Restaurant is ideal for those who want to find a quiet place in the everyday uproar.

Tasty, flavored and savoury, our confectionery, pastry and bakery products are made using original recipes, with natural qualitative ingredients, naturally chosen.

Every season, the thought to enjoy natural, refined and delicious ice-creams will bring you to our confectioner shop, where you can enjoy our diversity of flavors. Our cakes are the proof of our experience and can be ordered and created according to your taste, garnished with differently colored flower decoration or figurine and eatable pictures.

If you desire to eat a tasty stone hearth pizza, with a thin and soft crust, you have a large scale of choice, made to satisfy all your wishes.

Culturi agricole 2006
Agricultural crops 2006

Tabelul 5.1.
 Table 5.1.

Nr. Crt. No.	Denumire cultură Name of the crop	Total producție (tone) Total production (tonnes)
1.	Porumb <i>Maize</i>	187,431
2.	Grâu <i>Wheat</i>	39,439
3.	Cartofi <i>Potatoes</i>	44,393
4.	Plante de nutreț <i>Fodder plants</i>	195,551
5.	Orz <i>Barley</i>	2,896
6.	Ovăz <i>Oat</i>	3,751
7.	Legume de câmp <i>Field vegetables</i>	68,715
8.	Viță de vie <i>Vineyard</i>	17,792
9.	Fructe <i>Fruits</i>	32,134

Sursa: Direcția pentru Agricultură și Dezvoltare Rurală Gorj

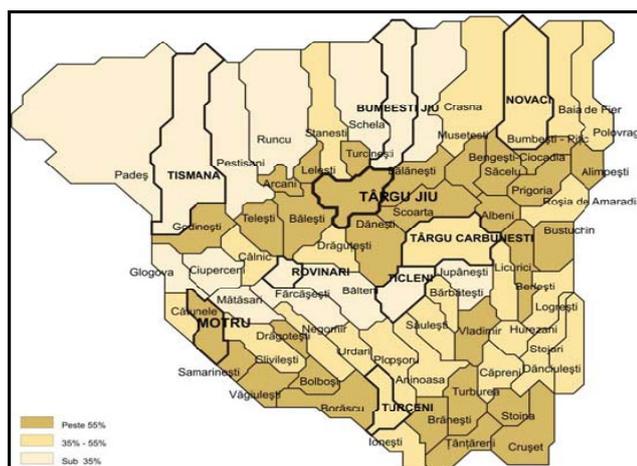
Source: Directorate of Agriculture and Rural Development Gorj

Fruit growing (apple trees, plum trees, pear trees, cherry trees, nut trees), with large extensions into the hilly areas of the county, form compact areas around the localities Bârsești, Turcinești, Dobrița, Săcelu etc.

In 1995, the animal breeding sector comprised 157.4 thousand ovine heads, 129.4 thousand swine heads, 79.7 thousand bovine heads, 22.2 thousand caprine heads; the aviculture (2,424.3 thousand heads); beekeeping (13.6 thousand bee families).

Ponderea suprafețelor agricole în totalul suprafeței UAT
Weight of agricultural areas of the total of TAU surface

Fig. 5.2.



There is a greater concentration of agricultural lands in the median, lowland area and in the south and south-west of the county.

The main crop commercial holdings, the agricultural and zootechnical associations are presented in the following tables:

Exploatații agricole comerciale cu profil vegetal

Tabel 5.2.

Crop commercial holdings

Table 5.2.

Nr crt. No.	Denumirea exploatațiilor Name of the holding	Adresa Address	Suprafata (ha) Surface (ha)
1.	S.C. Agromec S.A.	Turceni-Gorj	747
2.	S.C.D.H.	Tg-Jiu, Calea București nr. 71	160
3.	S.C. Fortuna EM S.R.L.	Tg-Jiu, Cartier Drăgoeni nr. 30	70
4.	S.C. Valeris S.R.L.	Tg-Cărbunești, Str. Teilor nr. 3	100
5.	S.C. Agroprest S.A.	Bălești-Gorj	120
6.	S.C. Tălpășești 7 S.R.L.	Bălești-Gorj	120
7.	S.C. Jaleșul Arcani S.A.	Arcani-Gorj	120
8.	S.C. Pailint Prest S.R.L.	Peștișani-Gorj	110
9.	S.C. Iris Agro S.R.L.	Tg-Jiu, Str. Meteor nr. 25	180
10.	S.C. Pastorală S.A.	Tg-Jiu, Bd. Ec.Teodoroiu	45
11.	A.F. Damian	Tg-Jiu, Str. Aurel Vlaicu nr. 2	40
12.	S.C. Răsărit SRL	Lelrști-Gorj	10
13.	S.C. Agromec Bibești	Săulești-Gorj	82
14.	S.C. Prod. Agroserv S.R.L.	Tg-Jiu, Cart. Drăgoeni nr. 18	55
15.	S.C. Presanitas	Tg-Jiu, Str. Aleea Fintînii nr. 2	10
16.	A.F. Costescu Ion	Turceni-Gorj	53

Sursa: Direcția pentru Agricultură și Dezvoltare Rurală Gorj

Source: Directorate of Agriculture and Rural Development Gorj

Asociații agricole și zootehnice din județul Gorj

Tabel 5.3.

Agricultural and animal breeding associations in Gorj County

Table 5.3.

Nr crt. No.	DENUMIREA ASOCIAȚIEI NAME OF THE ASSOCIATION	ADRESA ADDRESS
1.	Asociația producătorilor agricoli GORJ <i>The association of agricultural producers GORJ</i>	Com. Bălești, Gorj
2.	Asociația crescătorilor de taurine <i>The association of cowmen</i>	Tg-Jiu , Cart. Bîrsești O.A.R.Z., Gorj
3.	Asociația crescătorilor de ovine <i>The association of sheepmen</i>	Oraș Novaci, Gorj
4.	Asociația crescătorilor de albine A.C.A. <i>The A.C.A. association of beekeepers</i>	Tg-Jiu, Str. Unirii, Bl. 6, parter, Gorj
5.	Asociația apicultorilor ecologici <i>The association of ecological beekeepers</i>	Tg-Jiu, Hotel Gorj, cam. 134
6.	Asociația producătorilor de cartofi <i>The association of potato producers</i>	Tg-Jiu, Calea București nr. 75

Sursa: Direcția pentru Agricultură și Dezvoltare Rurală Gorj

Source: Directorate of Agriculture and Rural Development Gorj

Depozitarii din județul Gorj

Tabel 5.4.

The depositaries in Gorj County

Table 5.4.

Nr. Crt. No.	DENUMIREA SOCIETĂȚII NAME OF THE COMPANY	ADRESA ADDRESS
1.	S.C. VelPitar S.A.	Tg-Jiu, str. 22 Decembrie, bl. 24, sc. 2, ap. 12
2.	S.C. Semrom Oltenia S.A.	Tg-Jiu
3.	S.C. Valeris Tg-Cărbunești	Tg-Cărbunești, Gorj
4.	S.C. Moravo S.R.L. „moara MĂRU”	Târgu-Logrești, Gorj
5.	S.C. Unisem S.A.	București, Sucursala MH, Târgu-Jiu, Gorj
6.	S.C. Comb Gorj S.A.	Târgu-Jiu
7.	S.C. Agenția Economic S.A.	Motru, Calea Severinului nr. 63
8.	Roșca Nicolae	Comuna Lelești, Gorj
9.	S.C. Agromec	Turceni, Gorj
10.	S.C. Pastorală S.A.	Targu-Jiu
11.	S.C. Tălpășești S.R.L.	Comuna Bălești, Gorj
12.	S.C. Velpitar	Târgu-Jiu
13.	S.C. Agromec-Bibești	Comuna Săulești, Gorj
14.	SC Assani Impex -SRL. Depozit-Brănești	Craiova, Str. România Muncitoare nr. 49
15.	Pîtoacă Cornelia	Rovinari, Str. Aleea Mesteacănului Bl. 3, Sc. 1, Ap. 9, Gorj

Sursa: Direcția pentru Agricultură și Dezvoltare Rurală Gorj

Source: Directorate of Agriculture and Rural Development Gorj

There are some companies in the county that process the agricultural products. Their name and address are displayed in the following table:

Procesatorii din județul Gorj

Tabel 5.5.

The processors in Gorj County

Table 5.5.

Nr. crt	DENUMIREA SOCIETĂȚII NAME OF THE COMPANY	ADRESA ADDRESS
PROCESATORI LAPTE MILK PROCESSORS		
1.	S.C. SECAMPROD NOVACI	Oraș Novaci, Str. Gilortului nr. 17, Gorj
2.	S.C. RADPEL S.R.L.	Comuna Telești, Gorj
3.	S.C. ARTEGO S.A.	Târgu Jiu, Str. Ciocârlău nr. 38, Gorj
ABATORIZARE – CARMANGERIE SLAUGHTERHOUSES- BUTCHERY		
1.	S.C. LEXI STAR Bucureasa	Comuna Dănești, Gorj
2.	S.C. ATOS GARANT S.A.	Com Drăguțești, Gorj
3.	S.C. AVI INSTANT S.A.	Târgu Jiu, Strada Mărgăritarului, nr. 37
4.	S.C. SUINPROD S.A.	Târgu Jiu, Cartierul Iezureni
MORĂRIT ȘI PANIFICAȚIE GRIST AND BREAD MANUFACTURE		
1.	S.C.VELPITAR S.A.	Târgu Jiu, Bd. Ec. Teodoroiu nr. 88
2.	S.C.ANAIRO S.R.L.	Târgu Jiu, Bd. N. Titulescu
3.	S.C. ARTEGO S.A	Târgu Jiu, Strada Ciocârlău nr. 38
4.	S.C. SUCCES NIC COM S.R.L.	Târgu Jiu, Str. Victoriei

Sursa: Direcția pentru Agricultură și Dezvoltare Rurală Gorj

Source: Directorate of Agriculture and Rural Development Gorj

Trading companies that own warehouses for the storage of cereals.

Spații de depozitare a cerealelor

Tabel 5.6.

Cereal warehouses

Table 5.6.

	Nume si adresa Name and address	Locatia unitatii de depozitare The location of the warehouse unit	Capacitate totala (to) Total capacity (tonnes)	Din care: Of which:	
				Siloz Cereal silo	Magazie Store house
1	S.C. Vel Pitar	Str. Ec. Teodoroiu nr. 88, Târgu- Jiu	1700	1700	-
2	S.C. Vel Pitar	Str. Unirii 120, Târgu- Jiu	350	350	-
3	S.C. Valeris S.R.L.	Sat/ Village Pojogeni, Târgu-Cărbunești	2000	-	2000

4	S.C .Comb Gorj	Str. Ciocârlău nr. 7 Targu- Jiu	10000	10000	-
5	S.C. Moravo S.R.L.	Str. Cărbunești, Sat/Village Cărbunești	248	52	196
6	S.C .Agentia Economica Uniunea Europeana	Calea Severinului 68 A Motru,	250	-	250
7	S.C. Pastorală S.A.	Str. Ecaterina Teodoroiu 525, Târgu- Jiu	400	-	400
8	S.C. Tălpășești S.R.L.	Sat/Village Tălpășești Comuna/Commune Bălești	300	-	300
9	S.C. Semrom Oltenia S.A.- sucursala Gorj	Str. Gării, Târgu Cărbunești,	3000	-	3000
10	Agromec Turceni	Oraș/Town Turceni	1000	-	1000
11	Agromec Bibești	Comuna/Commune Săulești	400	-	400

Sursa: Direcția pentru Agricultură și Dezvoltare Rurală Gorj

Source: Directorate of Agriculture and Rural Development Gorj

Parcul de tractoare și mașini agricole

Tabel 5.7.

Tractor and of agricultural machinery park

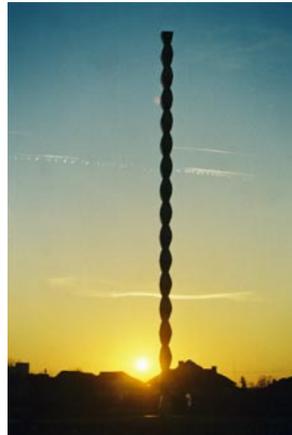
Table 5.7.

TIP <i>Type</i>	SECTOR PUBLIC <i>PUBLIC SECTOR</i>	SECTOR PRIVAT <i>PRIVATE SECTOR</i>	TOTAL
TRACTOARE AGRICOLE FIZICE <i>PHYSICAL AGRICULTURAL TRACTORS</i>	28	2381	2409
PLUGURI PENTRU TRACTOARE <i>TRACTOR-DRAWN PLOUGHS</i>	26	1954	1980
CULTIVATOARE CU TRACȚIUNE MECANICĂ <i>MECHANICAL CULTIVATORS</i>	2	236	238
COMBINE AUTOPROPULSATE RECOLTAT CEREALE <i>SELF-PROPELLED COMBINES FOR CEREALS HARVESTING</i>	7	313	320
MASINI DE IMPRĂȘTIAT ÎNGRASĂMINTE <i>MECHANICAL FERTILIZER SPRAYERS</i>	3	38	41
PRESE DE BALOTAT PAIE SI FIN <i>BALING PRESS FOR STRAW AND HAY</i>	1	12	13
SEMANATORI CU TRACȚIUNE MECANICĂ <i>MECHANICAL SEEDERS</i>	12	859	871

Sursa: Direcția pentru Agricultură și Dezvoltare Rurală Gorj

Source: Directorate of Agriculture and Rural Development Gorj

6. TURISM



GORJ County has a great touristic potential not yet fully exploited. For more information related to the tourist programs in Gorj County, visit the web page: www.gorj-turism.ro.

Its capital, Târgu-Jiu municipality, is home to the remarkable work of the great sculptor **Constantin Brâncuși** – the sculptural ensemble *The Avenue of Heroes*, composed of *The Table of Silence*, *The Gate of Kiss* and *The Endless Column*.

In 2007, the Ensemble entered the **European Cultural Heritage List**, which comprises the objectives related to the ideas and principles that underlie the European Union.



The monasteries and hermitages are an important part of the cultural heritage of the county. Important events in the national history, as well as considerable personalities of the Romanian culture, history and civilization are linked to their name.



The range of monasteries, 184 churches, out of which 110 are wooden churches, make of Gorj the county with the most wooden churches. In the religious architecture of Gorj, the

wooden churches are proofs of an ancestral wood carving civilization. The entire building style of these halidoms speaks of simplicity and purity.

There are a lot of important touristic monasteries, both from the point of view of their architecture, as well as from a historical point of view, such as: *Strâmba, Crasna, Târgu-Logrești Hermitage*, the churches *Sfinții Voievozi Mihail și Gavril* (situated in Victoria Square, in front of the Communal Palace) and *Sfântul Nicolae și Sfântul Andrei*.



The church *Sfinții Apostoli Petru și Pavel* is placed on the axis of the Avenue of the Heroes and is now part of the work of Brâncuși, functioning as a link between the elements of the sculptural ensemble. Built where there once was another church that dated back to 1777, it was re-edified between 1927 and 1938 and inaugurated along with the ensemble of Brâncuși, on the 7th of November 1937. The neo-byzantine painting is a fresco made by the local painter Iosif Keber, the works being supervised by the architects Ion Antonescu, Anghel Păunescu and Iulius Doppellreiter.

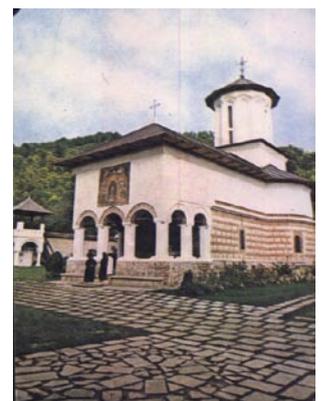


Tismana Monastery, situated 40 km away from Târgu-Jiu, built in 1378 by Saint Nicodim, served as a hiding-place during hard times, attracting over time, with its landscape and history, important personalities of the Romanian culture.



Lainici Monastery, a holy place surrounded by the silence of the mountains, is situated in the wilderness of the Jiu Pass, alongside other churches built in the 18th century, conferring splendor to the town of Bumbești-Jiu. At the pass exit is Vișina Monastery, a standing proof of the beginning of monarchy.

Polovragi Monastery is 500 years old (1505). The painting of the church is extremely valuable, both as iconography and as technical execution. On both sides of the entrance in the antechurch, we can admire the two iconographic representations, uniques in our



country, of the Romanian monasteries devoted to the Holy Mount Athos.



A particularity of the architecture in Oltenia are the kulas – **cule** – fortified dwellings where boyars used to hide from enemies and watch over their domains, built beginning with the 17th century. Historiography identified in Gorj County 24 of such buildings, out of which only three are still keeping their original shape: *the Cornoiu Kula* in Curtișoara, *the Cioabă-Chintescu Kula* in Șiacu and *the Crăsnaru Kula* in Groșerea, Aninoasa commune. To these, we can add the *Glogova* fortified manor, which was initially a kula. These constructions have a unique character conferred by the restraint of the comfort walls in favor of the defense walls and also by the fact that they are to be found on the territory of Romania only in Oltenia and Argeș, while similar constructions in Europe can only be encountered in the Balkans.



The houses and manors are an important part of the civil masonry architecture that has gradually begun to emerge in the architecture of market-towns and small towns in Gorj since the end of the 17th century. Among these are the buildings housing the **City Hall** of Târgu-Jiu and the **Communal Palace**, today the seat of the **Prefecture** of Gorj County and **Tudor Vladimirescu College**, founded in 1890 as the **Science Gymnasium Tudor Vladimirescu**.

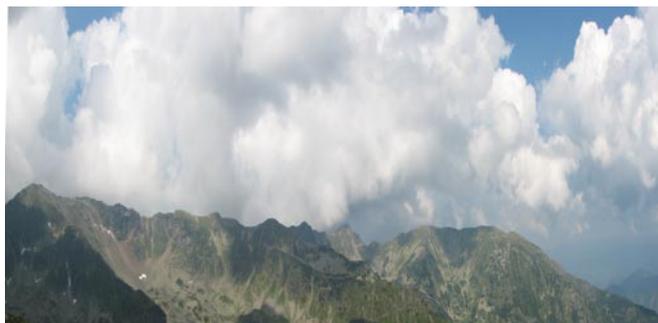
Adding to these the memorial houses – museum as the one in **Hobița** (the house of the sculptor Constantin Brâncuși), the one in Vladimir (the memorial house of Tudor Vladimirescu), the one in Târgu-Jiu (the birthplace of the Jiu Heroine, Ecaterina Teodoroiu) or the memorial house of Maria Lătărețu, in Bălcești – we only bring new arguments to our invitation to visit the county.



About 30 kilometers away from Târgu-Jiu lies the spa resort **Săcelu**, which dates back to the Roman times, currently having over 400 accommodation places. The resort is well known for its highly mineralized waters, used in external cures in the rheumatic disorders, in the affections

of the locomotory and peripheral nervous systems or in internal cures for the treatment of the affection of the alimentary canal, in renal and hepatobiliary diseases.

The southern mountainsides of the Parâng and Vâlcan Mountains and partially the Mountains Căpățâna, Godeanu and Mehedinți represent the mountainous heritage of Gorj County.



This area, situated in the north of Târgu-Jiu Municipality, about 30-40 km away, offers to the mountain lovers a wide range of attractions: mountain hiking trails, homologated areas for mountaineering and escalading, caves, pits, canyons, waterfalls, including ice waterfalls.



Due to this potential, the mountain sports represent the most attractive activity for tourists. One can practice *rafting* (being the most attractive area for practicing this sport), *canyoning*, *speleology* (Gorj has the highest speleological touristic potential in the country), *mountaineering* and *escalading* (Gorj Country hosts every year The National Escalade Championship), *mountainbiking*, *offroad*, *ATV* and *enduro*, *diving*, *paragliding*, *hanggliding*, *skiing* and many others.



All these sportive and recreational opportunities facilitated the carrying out of the program „Romania – Gorj – Adventure”, definitely the most complex and complete program of

mountainous adventure in Romania, declared at the National Tourism Fair in Romania “the most attractive touristic program launched by the tour operators in 2004”. More than 25 winter and summer sportive touristic activities of the program, all attentively prepared on levels of difficulty, make of this program one of the most competitive on European scale (see www.turismaventura.ro).



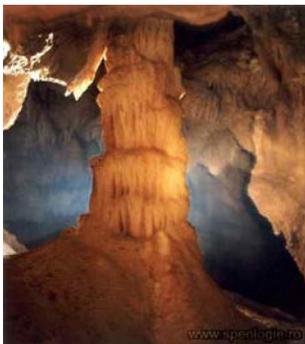
A special category are the team building activities, the organizers actually succeeding to revolutionize the outdoor training market in Romania, offering special adrenalin-consuming programs, in which participants manage to overpass and discover new limits.





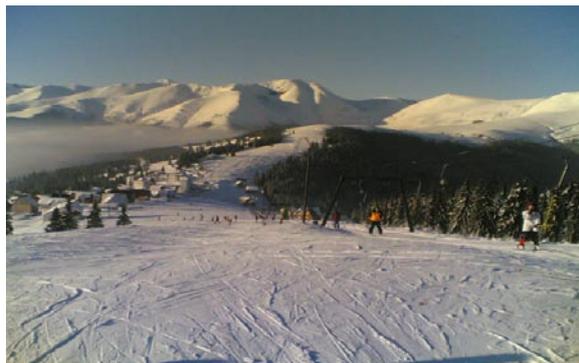
Gorj has an enormous mountainous touristic potential, not to mention that there are over **2,000 caves**, out of which two are fitted up and introduced in the touristic circuit. One of these, **Peștera Muierilor (the Women's Cave)**, situated 40 away from Târgu-Jiu, on the territory of the commune Baia de Fier, formed 6000 years ago in a calcareous mountain, under

the influence of the river Galbenul. With more than 3,600 meters long, it has four levels of karstification, the upper 960 meter storey being electrified and introduced into the touristic circuit, while the inferior storeys are considered a scientific speleological reserve.



Cloșani Cave, situated on the Motru River Valley, in Piatra Cloșani Massif (1421 m), about 46 km from Târgu-Jiu, in the western part of the county, is one of the most beautiful caves in the country, due to its karstic formations. On a road linking Cloșani Cave to Piatra Mare Peak, in the Cloșani Mountains, lies the cave Cioaca cu Brebenei.

At a distance of 60 km Jiu, at an altitude of 1,600 and invigorative climate, mountainous resort has an approach road, neighbourhood of Păpușa Lake and Obârșia



away from Târgu-m, with an ozonous lies the **Rânca**. The peak being situated in the Peak, Gâlcescu Lotrului. The resort

is the ideal place for practicing winter sports and paragliding.



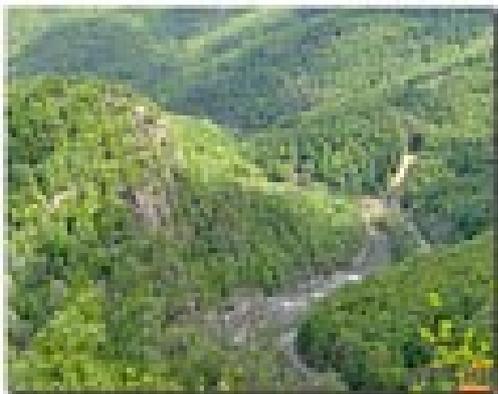
The abounding snow (from September until May), as well as the natural beauty of the place made of this resort an important aiming point for tourism in Gorj.

Dengher, Păpușa or Mohor Peaks are an invitation to mountain hiking. Recently, a large number of chalets have been built, Râncea having now the opportunity to become a resort-town, placed in a wonderful natural setting.



The Parâng Mountains are the rockiest mountains of the range of mountains that spread between Jiu, Strei and Olt. From an altitude of 2,519 meters, they dominate the sight of Gorj and Vâlcea and are similar to the strong fortresses of Retezat.

The peaks of **Parâng – Carja, Mandra, Stoienița, Setea Mare, Mohoru** – seem to pierce through the clouds; **Parâng** is also home to clear crystal glacial lakes: **Roșiile, Câlcescu, Mija, Lacul Verde** etc.



In the northern part of the county is the **Jiu Pass**. Crossed by DN 66 and by a railway that links Târgu-Jiu to Petroșani, the narrow and wild defile, carved by the waters of Jiu on a distance of 30 km between the Vâlcan and Parâng Mountains, attracts the tourists' interest by its numerous iron and concrete bridges and viaducts that cross the river, as well as by the 40 tunnels that hide the railway in the mountains.



The road, of a remarkable scenery, gets through the **Lainici Pass**, in the proximity of which lies a chalet, a tourist stop and Lainici Monastery. With its spectacularly landscape, the Jiu Pass is extremely attractive and benefits from an exceptional natural potential, being declared **National Park** in 2005. This has led to the starting-up of a special program for the protection and preservation of the natural heritage. The Jiu Valley unifies, into a “gate of kiss” the mountains Retezat, Vâlcan and Parâng, watching over the entrance in the Retezat National Park. The Jiu River triumphed over the stone, forming one of the most popular passes in the Carpathians.



We can not leave out from the scenery of Gorj County the **Sohodol River Valley**, only 15 km away from Târgu-Jiu, a combination of rocks with lunar appearance and a universe of swirling waters that seek their way towards the hard rock, creating spectacular forms such as **Cuptorul (the Oven)**, **Steiul (the Rock)**, **Nămile (the Nostril)** or **Inelul (the Ring)**. Formed in the north of the county by the River Sohodol, the gorge is rich in calcareous formations.

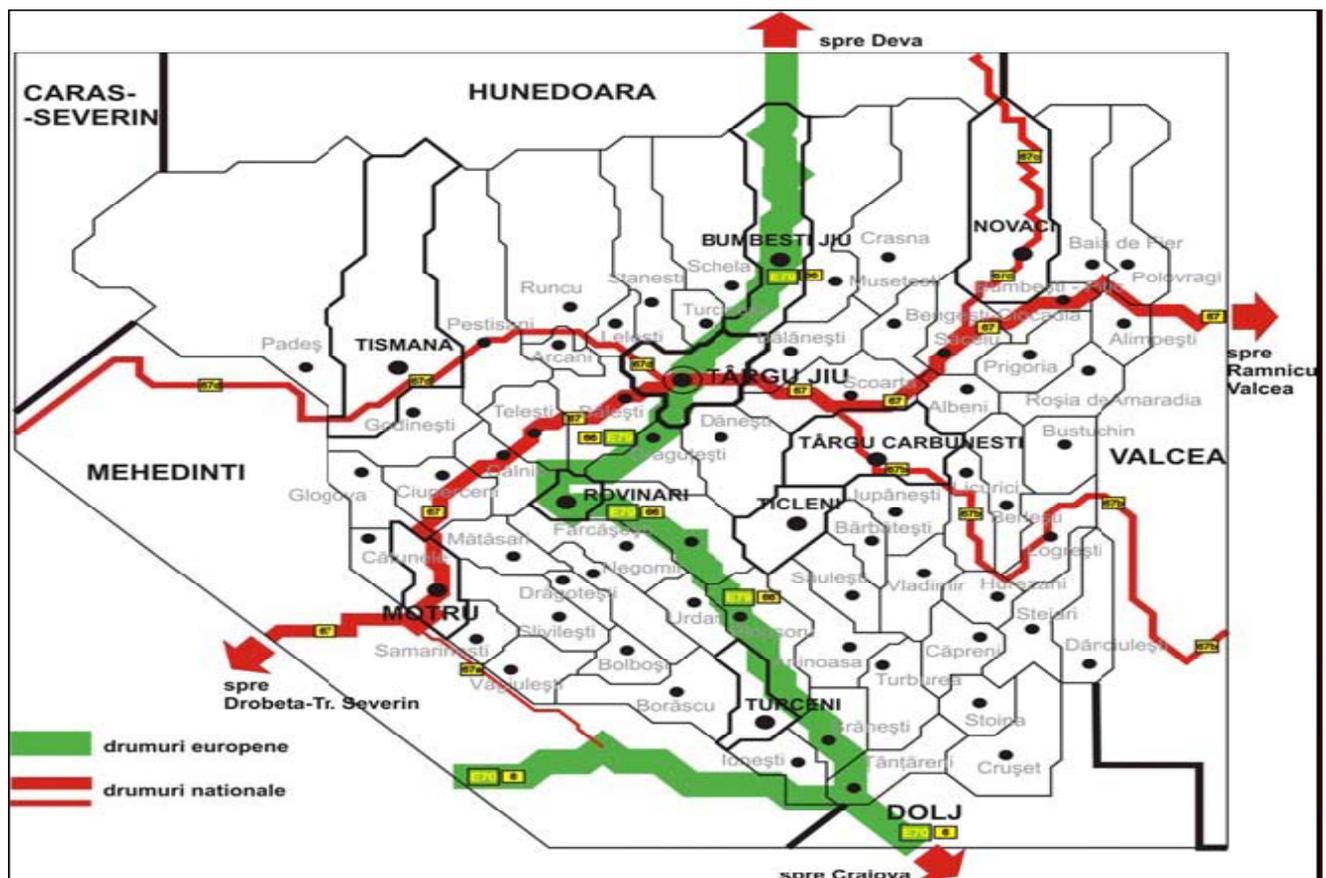
At the place called *lunca cu pruni (the plum meadow)*, have been discovered interesting rupestral drawings on a side of a rock. At tourists' disposal, near Runcu village (access from DN 67), just close by the gorge, is the tourist stop “Sohodol”.

7. INFRASTRUCTURE

Gorj County is crossed by *county roads* and can be accessed by the network of *national roads* of good quality (1,500 km of roads at county level). In 2-5 hours one can get in one of the country's biggest centers – Bucharest, Timișoara, Craiova. On the directions north-south and east-west stretch the two main roads which divide the territory of Gorj County in approximately 4 equal quarters (Fig. 7.1). The most important is E70, which ensures the access from the south-west of Oltenia to the west of the country. DN 67 plays a major role in providing the accessibility in the submontane area of the Southern Carpathians (Carpații Meridionali), practically covering the entire area of submontane Oltenia, with an important role in touristic development.

Rețeaua rutieră a județului Gorj
The road network of Gorj County

Fig. 7.1.



The major network of national roads is completed by other 4 important routes, of which it must be mentioned DN67C, which is an alternative link through the town Novaci towards the centre of Transylvania, crossing an area of a particular picturesque.

In the regional context, Gorj County has the first position regarding the degree of territory coverage, having, in 2004, values superior to the county average (39.3 km /100 square km, as against 35.9, according to ROP 2007-2013). However, qualitatively, in terms of modernization, things do not stay as well, especially at the level of county (DJ) and communal roads (DC)

Indicatori ai sistemului de transport rutier din județul Gorj în 2002

Tabel 7.1.

Indicators of the road transport network in Gorj County in 2002

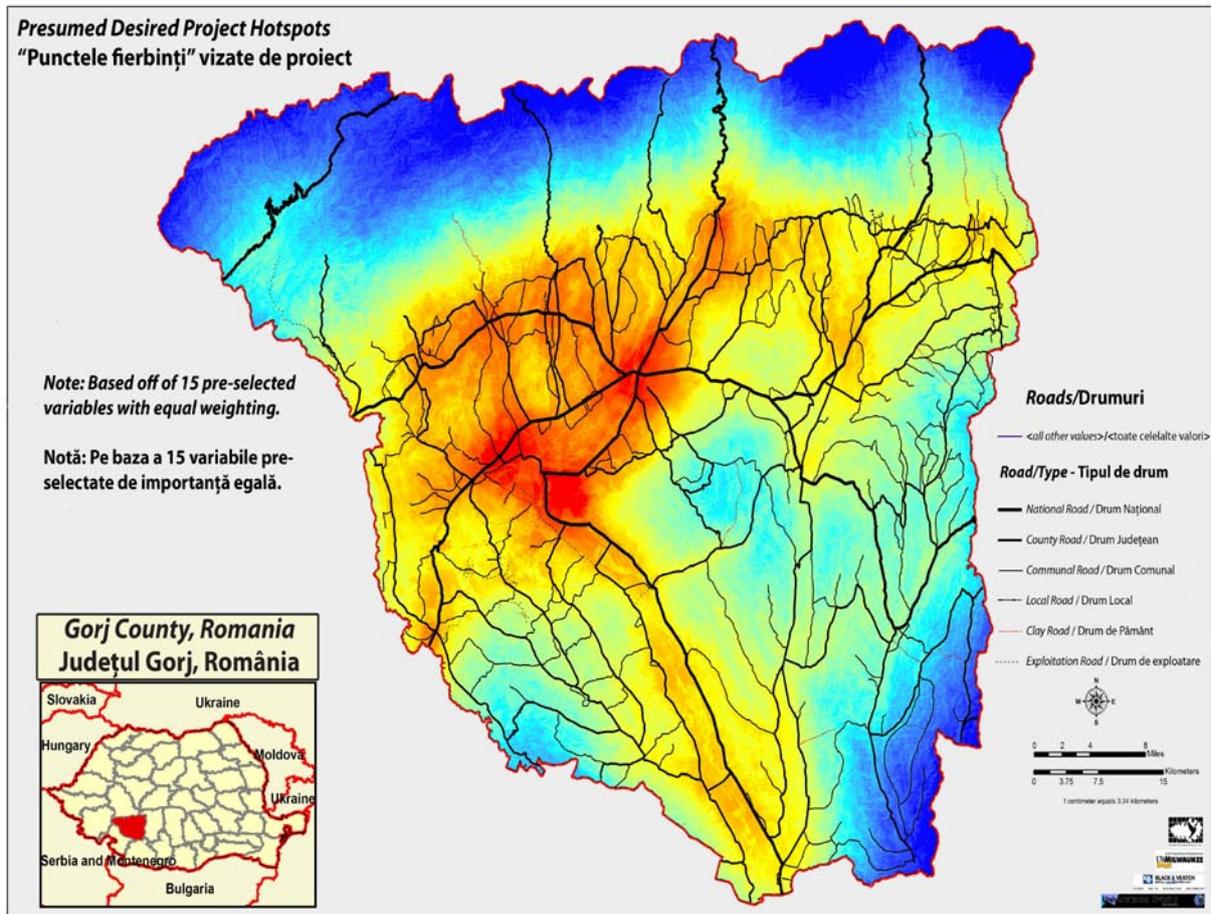
Table 7.1.

Unitatea Administrativă Administrative Unit	Drumuri naționale National roads			Drumuri județene și comunale County and communal roads			TOTAL	
	Lung. Length	Densit. Density	Modern. Modern.	Lung. Length	Densit. Density	Modern. Modern.	Lung. Length	Densit. Density
	Km	Km/ 100 kmp Km/ 100 Km2	%		Km/ 100 kmp Km/ 100 km2	%	Km	Km/ 100 kmp Km/ 100 km2
Gorj	356	6.35	98.1	1557	27.78	23.1	1913	34.14
Sud-vest Oltenia South-West Oltenia	1944	1944	85.2	8217	28.13	10.9	10161	34.78
România	14824	6.22	90.6	63655	26.70	9.4	78479	32.92

Sursa: Planul de Dezvoltare Regională al Regiunii Sud-Vest Oltenia 2007-2013
Source: Regional Development Plan of the Region South-West Oltenia 2007-2013

The state of the communal roads is generally critical, 80-90% of them being cobbled or earth roads. We must underline that in the north, the access to the main tourist objectives is via such communal roads, chiefly not modernized.

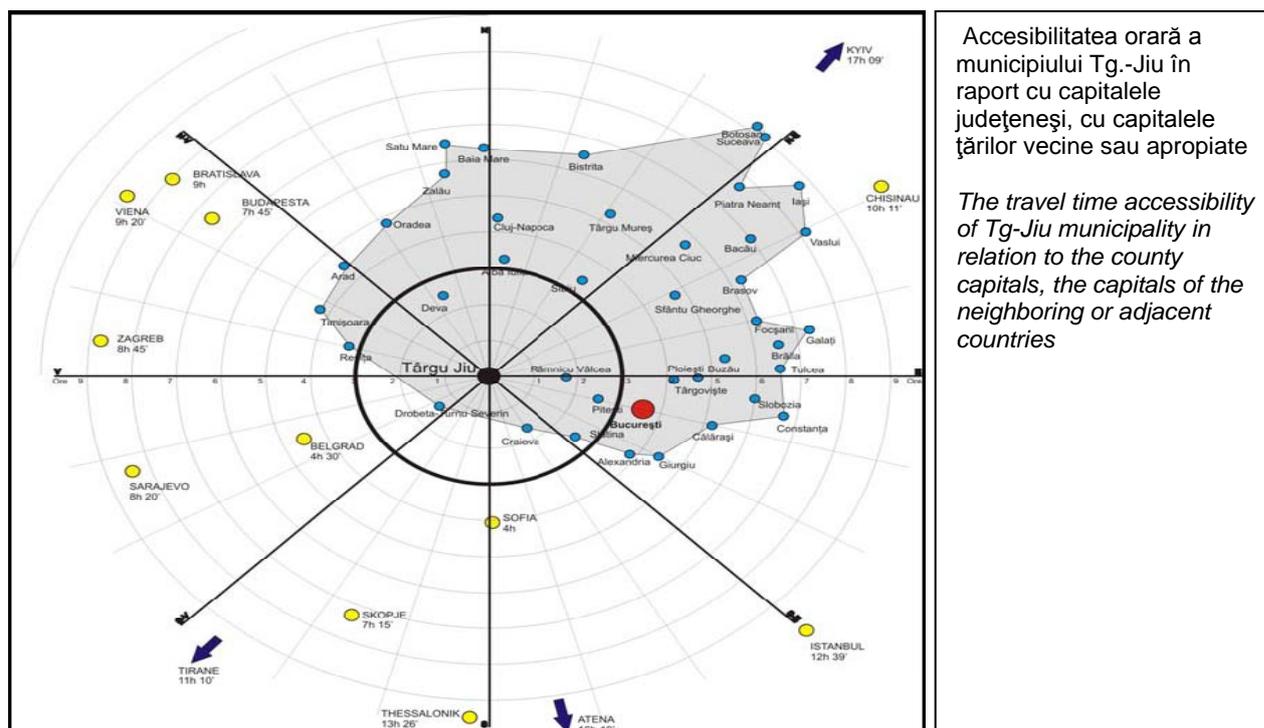
Applied Ecological Services, Wisconsin-Milwaukee University, Black and Veatch and Ovidius University, Constanța drew up a *Sustainable Development Plan for Gorj County*, study in which they identified the areas in Gorj County with a potential development.



The capital of the county, by its relatively central position in the county, at the crossroad of the two major roads, has a key role, being a major intermodal node in the county (it is also a railway node). Târgu-Jiu is the main guiding mark and connection point of the county with the rest of the country and other European regions. In figure 5.3. is represented the travel time accessibility on the main roads (DN) and highways towards the county centers and the capitals of the neighboring countries.

There is a good connection with the regional center Craiova and with other regional centers in the west of the country, such as Timișoara or Cluj-Napoca. Bucharest is in the same area of travel time accessibility as Cluj-Napoca, Sofia or Belgrade, while Budapest is "closer" than Iași. To establish the connection with the South and South-East of Europe, the Iron Gates check point is important, but more important will be the future road-rail bridge from Calafat - Vidin.

Fig. 7.3.



The railway transport is very important for Gorj County. The national route (Timișoara – Bucharest) crosses the entire county and the six important towns in the country, but there are also another 35 localities connected to the railway.

Gorj County is crossed from north to south by the main line Craiova –Simeria, which has a series of branches towards the mining zones in the west and east of the county. Excepting the north-western part, which is not connected to the network of railway lines, the rest of the county generally has a good accessibility to the railway transport system. The statistics is illustrated in the table bellow:

Linii CF <i>Railway lines</i>	km	%
Total	250	100.00
Din care electrificate <i>Of which electrified</i>	233	93.2
Linii cu ecartament normal <i>Normal gauge lines</i>	250	100.00
Din care: <i>Of which</i>		
cu o cale <i>with one-track</i>	193	77.2
cu doua căi <i>with two-tracks</i>	57	32.8
Densitate linii pe 1,000 kmp teritoriu <i>Line density on 1,000 sq. km of territory</i>	44.6	

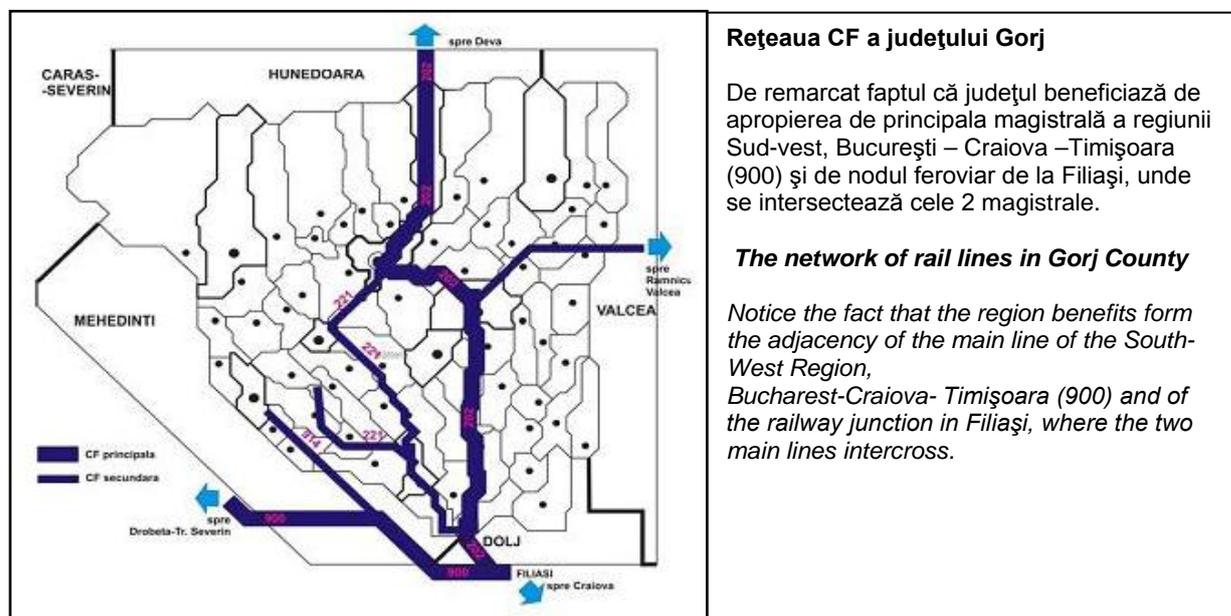
Sursa: Direcția Județeană de Statistică Gorj

Source: The County Directorate for Statistics Gorj

Compared to other counties in the region and to the regional average, Gorj has a favorable position, with a density superior to the county average of 34.4 km of rail lines/1,000 square kilometers. The only county with a similar density is Olt (42.4), the others having inferior indexes.

We mention that globally, the region has a reduced density of rail lines, under the national average of 46.2 and of the total of 1,010 km of rail lines, 50 % are electrified lines and 24% are double tracks.

Fig. 7.4.



Gorj County, as the main electricity supplier for Romania, has two large power plants, placed near the coal mines, one at Rovinari (6 groups with a total of 1,720 MW) and one at Turceni (7 groups with a total of 2,310 MW). The hydroelectric power plants (groups from 1 to 2 MW) contribute with 12 MW to the electricity generation. With a total of 4,030 MW, which represents 36% of the national electricity generation, Gorj County ranks the first at national level.

Notice the production cost which is the lowest in the country.

The distribution of **electricity** functions well and the thermal power stations are under modernization (new boilers, turbines etc.), in order to reduce the pollution and to increase the efficiency.

An important **gas pipe** (15 - 40 bars), from Transylvania to Craiova, traverses the entire county. A number of 13 towns in the county have a gas distribution network supplied by local sources. The most important gas supplier is the town **Ticleni**, which provides 95% of the quantity of gas consumed.

In the recent two years, the telecommunication system in Gorj County has been significantly updated. Seven centers are now connected by fiber-optic cable and a new digital telephone exchange with 16,000 lines has been brought into service at Târgu-Jiu. Currently, there are about 45,000 subscribers.

In Gorj, 17% of the localities have water supply systems, as against 23% at national level, 3% of the localities have sewage systems, as against the national level of 5 percents. The county also has five wastewater treatment plants.

Four towns and four communes have **centralized heating systems** (in the region another 22 towns and only 2 communes benefit as well from centralized heating systems).

8. EDUCATION

Gorj County benefits from a Local Action Plan for the Development of Vocational and Technical Education (PLAI), a “document of strategic planning of the vocational training offer, through vocational and technical education in prospect for the year 2013”.

The pre-university education comprises all forms of education: preschool, primary, secondary, high school and post high school education. There are 33 high schools in the country (of which 13 in Târgu-Jiu) and 2 post high schools.

The school aged population rate is generally higher, compared to other counties in the region. In 2005 /2006, the school aged population rate in Gorj County was superior to the county and national averages (NIS and HDR sources, 2007).



The tertiary education is represented by 5 universities, of which **Constantin Brâncuși University**, founded in 1992, is the most important. In 2005, Gorj was the second county in the region regarding the number of students, with over 6,300 students enrolled (NIS – Territorial Statistics, 2007).

Constantin Brâncuși University (UCB) in Târgu-Jiu has been functioning as a tertiary education state institution since the academic year 1992-1993. It started with two faculties: **The Faculty of Engineering** and **The Faculty of Science**, preparing qualified experts in the technical, economical and legal fields for the northern area of Oltenia, as well as for other counties in the country.

Presently, the University has seven structures: 5 faculties (**Engineering, Economic Sciences, Administrative and Juridical Sciences, Letters and Social Sciences and Physical Education and Sport**) and two departments (**The department of Mathematics** and **The Department of Teacher Training**), including a number 352 teaching staff and approximately 6,500 students. The University offers undergraduate and postgraduate programs, as well as continuous educational programs, both full-time or under the form of distance learning.

The University is equipped with a **Library** and a **Printing House („Academica Brâncuși”)**, certified by the National Council of Scientific Research (CNSIS). The Council

of Scientific Research (CCS) coordinates the research activities of UCB, which are one of the top priorities of the institution. Important sums of money from the budget of the University are directed towards this field and students are attracted and promoted in mixed research working groups. Moreover, the University obtained, as a result of the work of its researchers, a number of scholarships in the framework of the European program FP (The Framework Program). Within the University, there are seven research centers, equipped with modern research materials. In addition, the University and its structures organize yearly a series of international scientific conferences on different themes.

Internally, Constantin Brâncuși University is a market leader in the area regarding the educational services, which explains the “highly credential” qualification that has been granted by the Romanian Agency for Quality Assurance in Higher Education (ARACIS), organism approved by ENQA – European Association for Quality Assurance in Higher Education. Only ten Universities in Romania received this qualification at the pilot evaluation. In addition to that, the annual classification made by AD ASTRA foundation, places Constantin Brâncuși University constantly on the first fifteen places at national level.

Externally, the continual efforts to make projects and international partnerships prove the aspiration of Constantin Brâncuși University to integrate into the European Space of Higher Education. Moreover, lately, the University has begun to make efforts to join different international university organizations and to obtain the Erasmus University Charter (EUC).

The student life is also an important element for the University: in the current academic year, a modern campus will be finished and students are encouraged and financially supported to organize national and international scientific, cultural and sportive actions. Students are represented in the Senate and are organized in student leagues.

Constantin Brâncuși University is a young university, but it develops very quickly, thing confirmed by the number and the quantity of investments in the recent years, while its position of unique certified provider of educational services in the county, as well as the quality of these services, assures a solid base for future student recruitment.

9. SERVICES

Tourism

Unitățile de cazare turistică, capacitatea de cazare turistică

și turiștii cazați în unitățile de cazare turistică

*Establishments of tourist accommodation, tourist accommodation capacity
and tourists in the establishments of tourist accommodation*

Tab. 9.1.

		2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
	TOTAL,					
1) Unitățile de cazare turistică pe tipuri de unități - nr. unități -	din care:	17	21	24	36	41
	<i>of which:</i>					
	1. Hoteluri <i>Hotels</i>	7	7	6	8	11
	2. Hanuri și moteluri <i>Inns and motels</i>	1	2	2	2	3
1) Establishments of tourist accommodation by types of establishments - no. of establishments -	3. Cabane turistice <i>Tourist chalets</i>	3	2	2	2	1
	4. Pensiuni turistice <i>Tourist boarding houses</i>	4	8	11	21	23
	5. Vile turistice și bungalow <i>Tourist villas and bungalows</i>	1	1	1	1	1
	6. Hosteluri <i>Hostels</i>	1	1	1	1	1
	TOTAL, din care:	1 199	1 159	1 170	1 320	1480
	<i>of which:</i>					
2) Capacitatea de cazare turistică existentă, pe tipuri de unități - locuri -	1. Hoteluri <i>Hotels</i>	827	815	775	807	916
	2. Hanuri și moteluri <i>Inns and motels</i>	76	87	91	87	107
The existent tourist accommodation capacity by types of establishments - places -	3. Cabane turistice <i>Tourist chalets</i>	125	40	38	34	14
	4. Pensiuni turistice <i>Tourist boarding houses</i>	61	107	143	269	306
	5. Vile turistice și bungalow <i>Tourist villas and bungalows</i>	48	48	48	48	48
	6. Hosteluri <i>Hostels</i>	62	62	62	62	62
3) Numărul turiștilor cazați în unitățile de cazare turistică - nr. persoane	TOTAL, din care:	37 902	36 370	38 578	37 625	51564
	<i>of which:</i>					
	1. Hoteluri <i>Hotels</i>	28 162	28 173	28 699	28 582	38160
	2. Hanuri și moteluri	458	2 019	3 629	2 165	4211

		<i>Inns and motels</i>					
Number of tourists housed in the tourist establishments - no. of persons	3.	Cabane turistice	2 881	672	466	222	216
			<i>Tourist chalets</i>				
	4.	Pensiuni turistice	1 885	1 005	1 218	3 146	5729
			<i>Tourist boarding houses</i>				
	5.	Vile turistice și bungalow	501	700	380	290	171
			<i>Tourist villas and bungalows</i>				
6.	Hosteluri					3037	
		<i>Hostels</i>					
			4 015	3 801	4 159	3 112	

INSSE – Statistică teritorială, 2007

NIS – Territorial Statistics, 2007

Indicii de utilizare a capacității de cazare în funcțiune pe județ
Indices of using the tourist accommodation capacity by county

Tab. 9.2.

	U.M.	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
	M.U.					
Capacitatea de cazare în funcțiune	locuri-zile					
<i>The tourist accommodation capacity in function</i>	<i>places-days</i>	357,458	343,270	328,665	339,032	421,004
Numărul de înnoptări	Număr					
<i>Number of overnight stayings</i>	<i>number</i>	104,235	83,648	90,038	84,584	98,094
Indicele de utilizare a capacității în funcțiune	%					
<i>The index of using the tourist accommodation capacity in function</i>		29.2	24.4	27.4	24.9	23.3

NOTE :

By **establishment of tourist accommodation (at 31 of July)** we understand any building or settlement which provides permanently or seasonally the tourists with accommodation and other specific services.

The Existing tourist accommodation capacity (installed at 31 of July) represents the number of tourist accommodation places recorded at the last reception, homologation or classification document of the establishment of tourist reception with functions of tourist accommodation, excluding additional costs which could be settled if necessary

Indices of using the tourist accommodation capacity in function are calculated by dividing the total number of overnight stayings with the tourist accommodation capacity in function, in the respective period.

Unități de cazare turistică

Establishments of tourist accomodation

- număr -

- number -

Tab. 9.3.

		2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
TOTAL	Mun. Târgu-Jiu	5	6	6	8	10
	Mun. Motru	1	1	1	1	1
	Bumbești-Jiu	-	-	-	-	1
	Novaci	1	1	1	6	8
	Rovinari	1	1	1	-	-
	Târgu-Cărbunești	1	1	-	-	-
	Tismana	2	2	2	5	5
	Turceni	-	-	1	1	1
	Arcani	-	1	1	1	2
	Baia de Fier	2	3	3	3	2
	Padeș	-	-	2	2	2
	Polovragi	1	2	2	3	3
	Runcu	1	1	1	1	1
	Săcelu	2	2	3	3	3
Hoteluri Hotels	Peștișani	-	-	-	1	2
	Ploșșoru	-	-	-	1	-
	Mun.Târgu-Jiu	4	4	4	6	8
	Mun. Motru	-	-	-	-	-
	Novaci	-	-	-	1	1
	Rovinari	1	1	1	-	-
	Târgu-Cărbunești	1	1	-	-	-
	Tismana	-	-	-	-	-
	Turceni	-	-	-	-	-
	Arcani	-	-	-	-	1
	Baia de Fier	-	-	-	-	-
	Padeș	-	-	-	-	-
	Polovragi	-	-	-	-	-
	Runcu	-	-	-	-	-
Săcelu	1	1	1	1	1	
Hanuri și moteluri Inns and motels	Mun.Târgu-Jiu	-	1	1	1	1
	Mun. Motru	-	-	-	-	-
	Bumbesti-Jiu	-	-	-	-	1
	Novaci	-	-	-	-	-
	Rovinari	-	-	-	-	-
	Târgu-Cărbunești	-	-	-	-	-
	Tismana	-	-	-	-	-
	Turceni	-	-	-	-	-
	Arcani	-	-	-	-	-
	Baia de Fier	1	1	1	1	1
	Padeș	-	-	-	-	-
	Polovragi	-	-	-	-	-
	Runcu	-	-	-	-	-
	Săcelu	-	-	-	-	-

		2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Cabane turistice <i>Tourist chalets</i>	Mun.Târgu-Jiu	-	-	-	-	-
	Mun. Motru	-	-	-	-	-
	Novaci	1	1	1	1	1
	Rovinari	-	-	-	-	-
	Târgu-Cărbunești	-	-	-	-	-
	Tismana	1	-	-	-	-
	Turceni	-	-	-	-	-
	Arcani	-	-	-	-	-
	Baia de Fier	1	1	1	1	-
	Padeș	-	-	-	-	-
	Polovragi	-	-	-	-	-
	Runcu	-	-	-	-	-
	Săcelu	-	-	-	-	-
Pensiuni turistice <i>Tourist boarding houses</i>	Mun.Târgu-Jiu	-	-	-	-	-
	Mun. Motru	1	1	1	1	1
	Novaci	-	-	-	4	6
	Rovinari	-	-	-	-	-
	Târgu-Cărbunești	-	-	-	-	-
	Tismana	1	2	2	5	5
	Turceni	-	-	1	1	1
	Arcani	-	1	1	1	1
	Baia de Fier	-	1	1	1	1
	Padeș	-	-	1	1	1
	Polovragi	1	2	2	3	3
	Runcu	1	1	1	1	1
	Săcelu	-	-	1	1	1
Peștișani	-	-	-	1	2	
Plopșoru	-	-	-	1	-	
Vile turistice și bungalow <i>Tourist villas and bungalows</i>	Mun.Târgu-Jiu	-	-	-	-	-
	Mun. Motru	-	-	-	-	-
	Novaci	-	-	-	-	-
	Rovinari	-	-	-	-	-
	Târgu-Cărbunești	-	-	-	-	-
	Tismana	-	-	-	-	-
	Turceni	-	-	-	-	-
	Arcani	-	-	-	-	-
	Baia de Fier	-	-	-	-	-
	Padeș	-	-	-	-	-
	Polovragi	-	-	-	-	-
	Runcu	-	-	-	-	-
	Săcelu	1	1	1	1	1
Hosteluri <i>Hostels</i>	Mun.Târgu-Jiu	1	1	1	1	1
Popasuri turistice <i>Tourist stops</i>	Padeș	-	-	1	1	1
Camping	Padeș	-	-	-	-	-
	Runcu	-	-	-	-	-

Turiști cazați

Tourists accommodated

Tab. 9.4.

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	
TOTAL	Mun. Târgu-Jiu	29 405	30 770	33 987	31 954	40313
	Mun. Motru	1 853	995	849	679	778
	Bumbești-Jiu	-	-	-	-	1581
	Novaci	231	486	338	1 308	3531
	Rovinari	567	312	598	-	-
	Târgu-Cărbunești	797	656	155	-	-
	Tismana	2 523	-	3	47	45
	Turceni	-	-	6	-	-
	Arcani	-	-	-	-	650
	Baia de Fier	613	1 162	659	669	575
	Padeș	-	-	70	208	78
	Polovragi	4	4	21	1 446	2026
	Runcu	-	6	-	-	-
	Săcelu	1 909	1 979	1 892	1 127	1 222
	Peștișani	-	-	-	187	765
	Plopșoru	-	-	-	-	-
Hoteluri Hotels	Mun. Târgu-Jiu	25 390	25 926	26 488	27 029	35221
	Mun. Motru	-	-	-	-	-
	Novaci	-	-	171	866	1346
	Rovinari	567	312	598	-	-
	Târgu-Cărbunești	797	656	155	-	-
	Tismana	-	-	-	-	-
	Turceni	-	-	-	-	-
	Arcani	-	-	-	-	650
	Baia de Fier	-	-	-	-	-
	Padeș	-	-	-	-	-
	Polovragi	-	-	-	-	-
	Runcu	-	-	-	-	-
	Săcelu	1 408	1 279	1 287	687	943
Hanuri și moteluri Inns and motels	Mun. Târgu-Jiu	-	1 043	3 334	1 813	2055
	Mun. Motru	-	-	-	-	-
	Bumbești-Jiu	-	-	-	-	1581
	Novaci	-	-	-	-	-
	Rovinari	-	-	-	-	-
	Târgu-Cărbunești	-	-	-	-	-
	Tismana	-	-	-	-	-
	Turceni	-	-	-	-	-
	Arcani	-	-	-	-	-
	Baia de Fier	458	976	295	352	575
	Padeș	-	-	-	-	-
	Polovragi	-	-	-	-	--
	Runcu	-	--	-	-	-
Săcelu	-	-	-	-	-	

		2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Cabane turistice <i>Tourist chalets</i>	Mun. Târgu-Jiu	-	-	-	-	-
	Mun. Motru	-	-	-	-	-
	Novaci	231	486	167	162	216
	Rovinari	-	-	-	-	-
	Târgu-Cărbunești	-	-	-	-	-
	Tismana	2 495	-	-	-	-
	Turceni	-	-	-	-	-
	Arcani	-	-	-	-	-
	Baia de Fier	155	186	299	60	-
	Padeș	-	-	-	-	-
	Polovragi	-	-	-	-	-
	Runcu	-	-	-	-	-
	Săcelu	-	-	-	-	-
Pensiuni turistice <i>Tourist boarding houses</i>	Mun. Târgu-Jiu	-	-	6	-	-
	Mun. Motru	1.853	995	849	679	778
	Novaci	-	-	-	280	1969
	Rovinari	-	-	-	-	-
	Târgu-Cărbunești	-	-	-	-	-
	Tismana	28	-	3	47	45
	Turceni	-	-	6	-	-
	Arcani	-	-	-	-	-
	Baia de Fier	-	-	65	257	-
	Padeș	-	-	43	100	38
	Polovragi	4	4	21	1 446	2026
	Runcu	-	6	-	-	-
	Săcelu	-	-	225	150	108
Peștișani	-	-	-	187	765	
Vile turistice și bungalow <i>Tourist villas and bungalows</i>	Mun. Târgu-Jiu	-	-	-	-	-
	Mun. Motru	-	-	-	-	-
	Novaci	-	-	-	-	-
	Rovinari	-	-	-	-	-
	Târgu-Cărbunești	-	-	-	-	-
	Tismana	-	-	-	-	-
	Turceni	-	-	-	-	-
	Arcani	-	-	-	-	-
	Baia de Fier	-	-	-	-	-
	Padeș	-	-	-	-	-
	Polovragi	-	-	-	-	-
	Runcu	-	-	-	-	-
	Săcelu	501	700	380	290	171
Hosteluri <i>Hostels</i>	Mun. Târgu-Jiu	4 015	3 801	4 159	3 112	3 037
Popasuri turistice <i>Tourist stops</i>	Padeș	-	-	27	108	40

Înnoptări în principalele structuri de primire turistică cu funcțiuni de cazare turistică, pe tipuri de structuri de primire

Overnight stayings in the main establishments of tourist reception with tourist accommodation function, by types of establishment

Număr

Number

Tab. 9.6.

Tipuri de structuri de primire turistică Types of establishments of tourist reception	2006						2007						
	Iul. July	Aug. August	Sep. Sept.	Oct. Oct.	Nov. Nov.	Dec. Dec.	Ian. Jan	Feb. Feb.	Mar. March	Apr. April	Mai May	Iun. June	Iul. ¹⁾ July
Total județ Total county	13341	15999	8483	8010	8006	5286	5863	6988	6441	7304	8152	9795	12492
din care: of which:													
Hoteluri Hotels	9184	10479	5762	6023	5951	4199	4170	5015	4353	5573	5794	7475	9709
Moteluri Motels	816	728	545	695	479	87	52	435	319	461	538	548	409
Vile turistice Touristic villas	900	882	180	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cabane turistice Touristic chalets	434	264	360	-	-	30	112	150	72	-	-	-	23
Pensiuni turistice urbane Urban touristic boarding houses	391	1223	613	474	624	180	218	272	250	180	373	271	350
Pensiuni turistice rurale Rural touristic boarding houses	1166	1781	646	321	446	531	944	596	899	614	847	947	1519

¹⁾ Date provizorii/ Temporary data

Indicele de utilizare netă a locurilor de cazare

Index of net using of accommodation places

%

Tab. 9.7.

	2006						2007						
	Iul. July	Aug. August	Sep. Sept.	Oct. Oct.	Nov. Nov.	Dec. Dec.	Ian. Jan.	Feb. Feb.	Mar. March	Apr. April	Mai May	Iun. June	Iul. ¹⁾ July
Total județ Total county	33.4	39.9	22.8	23.0	23.8	17.6	19.3	23.3	20.2	24.1	22.6	27.8	

1) Date provizorii/ Temporary data

10. USEFUL INFORMATION

S.C. PARC INDUSTRIAL GORJ S.A. BUMBEȘTI-JIU

Headquarters: 462 Bumbeshți Street, Bumbeshți-Jiu, Gorj County , code 215100

Telephone/Fax : 0253/ 46 34 00

E-mail : mvlaicu@cjgorj.ro, parc_industrial@yahoo.com

Id messenger: [parc_industrial](#)

10.1. The Industrial Park Bumbeshți-Jiu

The Industrial Park Bumbeshți-Jiu lies on the territory of Bumbeshți-Jiu, in the south-eastern part of the town. It has the following characteristics:

Access ways:

- From the national road DN 66 (E79), which links the municipalities Târgu-Jiu and Petroșani, the connection with the industrial park being made through the communal road DC3 (road under modernization)
- From the North, the industrial park can be approached by the factory railway (CFU), linked to the national railway that connects Craiova to Petroșani.
- 120 km away from the industrial park is Craiova Airport, which assures the connection with Otopeni Airport and from here with international destinations.
- The fluvial access towards the Danube and the Black Sea is via the town Turnu Severin, situated 100 km away on the national road DN 67.

General characteristics and utilities of the Industrial Park

- The total area of the park is 18.62 ha, of which the ground area for renting will be of 15,000 sq m (5 new industrial buildings of 3,000 sq m each)
- The industrial park will be equipped with all the necessary utilities for a good deployment of the technologic activity in different fields, namely:
 - Main source - Substation with 2 unities of 1000 KV, generation set of 400 KV - coupled with the substation.
 - Gas, installed capacity of 4000 Nmc/h

- Central-heating network for the warming-up of the offices in the industrial park
- Water – the water supply network provides 219 m³/h for the industrial activity and the drinking water flow is 82.9 m³/h
- Waste platform
- Sewage system – wastewater treatment plant and a neutralization plant for the noxious waters resulted from the production process
- Telephony – its own telephone exchange and a GSM network
- An operation building (604 sq m) with the necessary spaces for the functional services planned in the industrial park (technical assistance, import-export services, distribution, transport, activities for the development of the industrial park and for development on the whole etc.)

Types of activities accepted in the industrial park:

- activities of mechanical manufacturing of marks/details and units in the mining and quarrying and energy industry ;
- unit manufacturing activities in the electrotechnical industry, household equipment (freezes, refrigerators, washing machines, calorifiers etc), plastic products;
- light industry activities (textile products manufacturing, leather clothing articles);
- wood manufacturing;
- different industrial services;
- storage activities – handling – transport;
- merchandise distribution activities;
- research activities and advanced technology production;
- manufacturing auto parts
- renewable energy plants
- other auxiliary activities

Other information regarding the Industrial Park Bumbesti-Jiu

The companies currently deploying their activities there, on the basis of a 15 years lease with the managing company, are:

1. S.C EUROMODEX S.R.L. Schela – 48 employees – Lohm tailoring;

2. S.C. LEVROMBEL S.R.L. Bumbăști-Jiu – 10 employees – nail production;
3. S.C. PATRIOT KAION S.R.L. Bumbăști-Jiu – 5 employees – under organization – chip removing process;
4. S.C. POPECI RENT S.A .Bumbăști-Jiu – 3 employees– metallic confections;
5. S.C. SERES PROD COM SRL Bumbăști-Jiu – 3 employees – metallic confections;
6. S.C. INDUSTRIAL EUMECA S.R.L. Bumbăști-Jiu – 4 employees – metallic confections;
7. S.C. 4G COM S.R.L. Brașov – 5 employees – under organization – electrostatic dyeing
8. S.C. ECO GROUP S.R.L. Bumbăști-Jiu – 32 employees – recycling of plastic products.

For the next years, the number of employees which deploy their activities within the firms that operate and will operate in the Industrial Park is estimated to reach 1760. In addition, there are several trading companies willing to invest and deploy their activities within the park.

In April 2008, the Pirelli Group will produce EURO5 Diesel filters for motorcars at their new factory of inside the park.

Currently, there are eight trading companies with private social capital deploying their activities at SC PARC INDUSTRIAL GORJ SA, occupying a surface of 9,041 square meters.

Those interested in promoting industrial activities in the industrial park Bumbăști-Jiu, benefiting from the advantage and facilities granted by the law, can contact us at:

Gorj County Council: Telephone: +40 0253/ 22 34 81, 21 18 15, interior 16

Fax: +40 0253/ 21 20 23

E-mail: consjud@cgorj.ro

E-mail: parculindustrialgorj@yahoo.com

The management of the Industrial Park:

Telephone: 0740.22 96 99

Telephone/Fax : 0253/ 46 34 00

E-mail: mvlaicu@cgorj.ro, parculindustrialgorj@yahoo.com

Web site: www.parculindustrialgorj.uv.ro

10.2. Other useful information

10.2.1. INSTITUTIONS IN GORJ COUNTY

Nr. Crt. No.	Instituția Institution	Adresă Address	Tel. / Fax	Web / E-mail
1.	Prefectura Gorj <i>Gorj Prefecture</i>	Tg-Jiu, Str. Victoriei nr. 2-4	0253/212273 0253/218537 0800.800.494	www.prefecturagorj.ro prefect@prefecturagorj.ro
2.	Primăria Targu-Jiu <i>Targu-Jiu City Hall</i>	Tg-Jiu, B-dul Constantin Brâncuși	0253/213317 0253/214878	primaria.targuiju@xnet.ro
3.	Inspectoratul pentru Situații de Urgență "Lt. Col. Dumitru Petrescu" al județului Gorj <i>The "Lt. Col. Dumitru Petrescu" Inspectorate for Emergency Situatın in Gorj County</i>	Tg-Jiu, str. Calea Bucutești nr. 9 bis	0253/219374 112	http://www.igsu.ro/isuj_gj.htm isugorj@yahoo.com
4.	Direcția Județeană de Statistică Gorj <i>The County Directorate for Statistics Gorj</i>	Tg-Jiu, str. Victoriei nr. 2-4	0253214403 0253/222790	gorj@djs.insse.ro
5.	Camera de comerț și industrie Gorj <i>The Chamber of Commerce and Industry Gorj</i>	Tg-Jiu, Str. Tudor Vladimirescu nr.54	0253/214391	ccigj@intergorj.ro
6.	Registrul comerțului <i>The Trade Register Office</i>	Tg-Jiu, Str. Dobrogeanu Gherea nr.11	0253/213414 0253/214387	www.onrc.ro
7.	Oficiul județean de cadastru <i>County Land Office</i>	Tg-Jiu, Str. 8 Martie nr. 3A	0253/215893 0253/217189	ojcgc@intergorj.ro
8.	Direcția pentru Agricultură și Dezvoltare Rurală <i>Directorate for Agriculture and Rural Development Gorj</i>	Tg-Jiu, Str. Victoriei nr. 2-4, cam. 122	0253/211018 0253/215075	dgaa@intersys.ro
9.	Oficiul județean de plăți pentru dezvoltare rurală și pescuit Gorj <i>The County Office for Rural Development and Fisheries Gorj</i>	Tg-Jiu, Str. Victoriei nr.2	0253/213400 0253/212944	ojpdrp.gorj@apdrp.ro
10.	Oficiul județean de Consultanță Agricolă <i>The County Office for Agricultural Consultancy</i>	Tg-Jiu, str. Unirii nr.18-20	0253/216450	www.ojcagorj.ro ojcagorj@gmail.com
11.	Administrația Națională "Apele Române" Direcția Apelor Jiu Craiova – Sistemul de Gospodărire a Apelor Gorj	Tg.-Jiu, B-dul Ecaterina Teodoroiu nr. 99	0253/218738 0253/217763	dispecergi@sgagi.doj.rotwater.ro

	<i>The National Administration "Romanian Waters", The Water Directorate Jiu-Craiova- Water Management System Gorj</i>			
12.	Direcția de sănătate publică <i>Directorate of Public Health</i>	Tg.-Jiu, Str. Progresului nr. 18	0253/210156 0253/210144	dspl.gorj@intergorj.ro
13.	Autoritatea Națională pentru Protecția Consumatorilor – Oficiul Județean pentru Protecția Consumatorilor Gorj <i>The National Authority for Consumer Protection – The County Office of Consumer Protection Gorj</i>	Tg-Jiu, str. Victoriei nr. 2-4	0253/217556 0253/212521	ojpgorj@anpe.ro
14.	Garda de mediu <i>Environment Guard</i>	Tg-Jiu, Str. Unirii nr. 76	0253/221651 0253/211331	cjgorj@gnm.ro
15.	Inspectoratul Școlar Gorj <i>The County School Inspectorate</i>	Tg-Jiu, Str.Victoriei nr. 132-134	0253/246896 0253/224750	isigj@intersys.ro
16.	Universitatea "Constantin Brâncuși" <i>The University Constantin Brâncuși</i>	Tg-Jiu, B-dul Republicii nr. 1	0253/214307 0253/215794	www.utgjiu.ro univ@utgjiu.ro
17.	Inspectoratul județean de poliție <i>The County Inspectorate of Police</i>	Tg-Jiu, Str. Traian nr.2	0253/207600 0253/211545	www.politiaromana.ro/gorj.htm
18.	Direcția comunitară județeană pentru evidența persoanelor Gorj <i>The County Directorate for Personal Records Gorj</i>	Tg-Jiu, Str. Victoriei nr. 2-4	0253/213843	www.evidentapersoanelor.ro
19.	Agenția de turism „Gorj Tourism Romania” <i>„Gorj Tourism Romania” Tourism Agency</i>	Tg.-Jiu, B-dul Republicii, bl.24, parter	0253/227435	www.gorjtourism.ro gorjtourism@xnet.ro
20.	Agenția de turism „Romania Gorj Aventura” <i>„Romania Gorj Aventura” Tourism Agency</i>	Tg-Jiu, Str.Victoriei nr. 7A	0253/222555	www.turismaventura.ro rga@turismaventura.ro

10.2.2. HOTELS IN GORJ COUNTY

HOTEL ANABELL

Adresa/ Address: Str.Victoriei 142, 210234, Targu Jiu,

Tel.(Phone)/Fax: + 40 (253) 210332

HOTEL BRANCUȘI ***

Adresa/ Address: B-dul Constantin Brancusi 10, 210164, Targu Jiu,

Tel/ Phone.: + 40 (253) 211441

Tel./Phone: + 40 (253) 215981

E-mail: hotelbrancus@gmail.com

HOTEL DASIANA ***

Adresa/ Address: Str. Jiului, Targu-Jiu

Tel./Phone: + 40 (253) 221993

E-mail: elsimida@yahoo.com

HOTEL GILORT

Adresa/ Address: Str.Trandafirilor 5, 215500, Targu-Carbunesti,

Tel./Phone: + 40 (253) 213722

HOTEL GORJ

Adresa/ Address: Str. Eroilor 6, 210163, Targu-Jiu,

Tel./Phone: + 40 (253) 214815

E-mail: receptiegorjhotel@yahoo.com

Webpage: www.hotelgorj.ro

HOTEL LAGUNA ***

Adresa/ Address: Str.Victoriei, Targu Jiu

Tel./Phone: + 40 (253) 227127

E-mail: lagunahotel@gmail.com

HOTEL ENERGETICIANULUI

Adresa/ Address: Calea Eroilor 27, 210135, Targu Jiu,

Tel./Phone: + 40 (253) 218407

Tel./Phone: + 40 (253) 221994

HOTEL TINERETULUI

Adresa/ Address: B-dul Nicolae Titulescu 26, 210280, Targu Jiu

Tel./Phone: + 40 (253) 238353

HOTEL LUȘU

Adresa/ Address: Strada Parangului nr. 102, Novaci

Tel./Phone: 40 (253) 466971 ; 40 (744) 703036

E-mail: hotellusu@yahoo.com

HOTEL GILORT

Adresa/ Address: Strada Trandafirilor, Targu-Carbunesti

Tel./Phone: 0253 378018

HOTEL CASA TINERETULUI

Adresa/ Address: Strada Nicolae Titulescu nr. 26, Tg-Jiu

Tel./Phone: 40 (253) 0253 238353

HOTEL ELSIMIDA

Adresa/ Address: Strada Jiului, Tg-Jiu

Tel./Phone: 40 (253) 221995

Fax: 40 (253) 221995

HOTEL PANDRA

Adresa/ Address: Strada Progresului nr. 1, Tg-Jiu

Tel./Phone: 40 (253) 237118

Fax: 40 (253) 237117

Web page: www.hotel-lexistar.ro

HOTEL ANNA

Adresa/ Address: Str. Calea Eroilor nr. 22, Tg-Jiu

Tel./Phone: 40 (253) 206333

Web page: www.hotel-anna.net

E-mail: hotel_anna@yahoo.com

HOTEL EUROPA

Adresa/ Address: B-dul Ecaterina Teodoroiu, nr. 17, Tg-Jiu

Tel./Phone: 40 (253) 211810

Web page: www.restauranteuropa.ro

E-mail: receptie@hotelrestauranteuropa.ro

10.2.3. Banks in Gorj County

ALPHA BANK ROMÂNIA S.A.

Sucursala Gorj/Gorj Subsidiary

Address: 2A-2B-4 General Magheru Street, Tg-Jiu

Tel.: (0253) 212 241; 212 258

E-mail: gja@alphabank.ro

Web: www.alphabank.ro

ATE BANK ROMÂNIA S.A.

Sucursala Gorj/Gorj Subsidiary

Address: 18 Siretului, Tg-Jiu

Tel.: (0253) 218 960

E-mail: targujiu@atebank.ro

Web: www.atebank.ro/

BANC POST S.A.

Sucursala Gorj/Gorj Subsidiary

Address: 25 Tudor Vladimirescu Street, Tg-Jiu

Tel.: (0253) 207 021

Web: www.bancpost.ro

BANCA ROMÂNĂ PENTRU DEZVOLTARE S.A.

Sucursala Gorj/Gorj Subsidiary

Address: 20 Tudor Vladimirescu, Tg-Jiu

Tel.: (0253) 213 425

Web: www.brd.ro

BANCA COMERCIALĂ CARPATICA S.A.

Sucursala Gorj/Gorj Subsidiary

Address: 27-31 Tudor Vladimirescu Street, Tg-Jiu

Tel.: (0253) 227 274

E-mail: bcctargujiu@carpatica.ro

BANCA COMERCIALĂ ROMÂNĂ S.A.

Sucursala Gorj/Gorj Subsidiary

Address: 2 Geneva Street, Tg-Jiu

Tel.: (0253) 211 114; 211 857

Web: www.bcr.ro

BANCA ROMÂNEASCĂ S.A. MEMBRĂ A GRUPULUI NAȚIONAL BANK OF GREECE

Sucursala Gorj/Gorj Subsidiary

Address: 44 Victora Street, Tg-Jiu

Tel.: (0253) 211 777

Web: www.banca-romaneasca.ro

BANCA TRANSILVANIA S.A.

Sucursala Gorj/Gorj Subsidiary

Address: C1 Traian Street, Tg-Jiu
Tel.: (0253) 227 094; 227 095
E-mail: dorina.mergea@bancatransilvania.ro
Web: www.bancatransilvania.ro

CASA DE ECONOMII ȘI CONSEMNAȚIUNI C.E.C. S.A.

Sucursala Gorj/Gorj Subsidiary

Address: 14 Tudor Vladimirescu Street, Tg-Jiu
Tel.: (0253) 218 530
Web: www.cec.ro

CREDIT EUROPE BANK S.A.

Sucursla Gorj/Gorj Subsidiary

Address: 8 Popa Șapcă Street, Tg-Jiu
Tel.: (0253) 215 796
Web: www.finansbank.ro

ING BANK N.V. AMSTERDAM S.A.

Sucursala Gorj/Gorj Subsidiary

Web: www.ingbank.ro

MKB ROMEXTERRA BANK S.A.

Sucursala Gorj/Gorj Subsidiary

Address: 33 Tudor Vladimirescu Street, Tg-Jiu
Tel.: (0253) 211 323
Web: www.romexterra

OTP BANK ROMÂNIA S.A.

Sucursala Gorj/Gorj Subsidiary

Web: www.otpbank.ro

PIRAEUS BANK ROMÂNIA S.A.

Sucursala Gorj/Gorj Subsidiary

Address: 6 Victoria Street, Tg-Jiu
Web: www.piraeusbank.ro

RAIFFEISEN BANK S.A.

Sucursala Gorj/Gorj Subsidiary

Web: www.raiffeisen.ro

UNICREDIT ȚIRIAC BANK S.A.

Sucursala Gorj/Gorj Subsidiary

Address: 52 Victoria Street, Tg-Jiu
Tel.: (0253) 206 210
Web: www.unicredittiriac.ro

VOLKBANK ROMÂNIA S.A.

Sucursala Gorj/Gorj Subsidiary

Address: C3 Ecaterina Teodoroiu Avenue, Tg-Jiu
Tel.: (0253) 211 306
E-mail: targujiu@vbr.ro
Web: www.volksbankromania.ro

10.2.4. Mayor's Offices in Gorj County

Primării în județul Gorj

Mayor's Offices in Gorj County

Albeni Mayor's Office

Address:	Albeni locality, Gorj County
Telephone:	0253-274.402
Faxes:	0253-274.402
Emails:	primaria_albeni@yahoo.com

Alimpesti Mayor's Office

Address:	Alimpesti locality, Gorj County
Telephone:	0253-275.181
Faxes:	0253-275.182
Emails:	mosor_elena_gj@yahoo.com

Aninoasa Mayor's Office

Address:	Aninoasa locality, Gorj County
Telephone:	0253-477.110,0253-477.222
Faxes:	0253-477.223
Emails:	Nu au instalat

Arcani Mayor's Office

Address:	Arcani locality, Gorj County
Telephone:	0253-278.303
Faxes:	0253-278.004
Emails:	In curs de instalare

BaiadeFier Mayor's Office

Address:	Baia de Fier locality, Gorj County
Telephone:	0253-461.202
Faxes:	0253-461.354
Emails:	baiadefierprimaria@yahoo.com

Balanesti Mayor's Office

Address:	Balanesti locality, Gorj County
Telephone:	0253-270.114
Faxes:	0253-270.287
Emails:	primariabalanesti@artelecom.net ; primariabalanesti@yahoo.com

Balesti Mayor's Office

Address:	Balesti locality, Gorj County
Telephone:	0253-210.890
Faxes:	0253-210.890
Emails:	primariabalesti@yahoo.com

Barbatesti Mayor's Office

Address:	Barbatesti locality, Gorj County
Telephone:	0253-270.503
Faxes:	0253-270.503
Emails:	

Bengesti-Ciocadia Mayor's Office

Address: Bengesti-Ciocadia locality, Gorj County
Telephone: 0253-273.742
Faxes: 0253-274.036
Emails: bengesti@yahoo.com

Berlesti Mayor's Office

Address: Berlesti locality, Gorj County
Telephone: 0253-271.088,0253-271.080
Faxes: 0253-271.088,0253-271.080
Emails: clberlesti@home.ro

Bîlteni Mayor's Office

Address: Bîlteni locality, Gorj County
Telephone: 0253-233.302
Faxes: 0253-233.302
Emails: primariabilteni@yahoo.com

Bolbosi Mayor's Office

Address: Bolbosi locality, Gorj County
Telephone: 0253-287.505
Faxes: 0253-287.505
Emails: primaria_bolbosi@yahoo.com

Borascu Mayor's Office

Address: Borascu locality, Gorj County
Telephone: 0253-287.001
Faxes: 0253-287.001
Emails: Nu au instalat

Branesti Mayor's Office

Address: Branesti locality, Gorj County
Telephone: 0253-288.211
Emails: costel_vaduva@yahoo.com

Bumbesti-Jiu Mayor's Office

Address: Bumbesti-Jiu locality, Gorj County j,Str. Parîngulu, nr. 101, Bumbesti-Jiu
Telephone: 0253-463.872,0253-463.872,0253-463.572
Faxes: 0253-463.872
Emails: primaria_bumbesti_jiu@yahoo.com

Bumbesti-Pitic Mayor's Office

Address: Bumbesti-Pitic locality, Gorj County
Telephone: 0253-232.139
Faxes: 0253-232.300
Emails: bumbestip@yahoo.com

Bustuchin Mayor's Office

Address: Bustuchin locality, Gorj County
Telephone: 0253-475.125,0253-475.156
Faxes: 0253-475.156
Emails: clau_ere@yahoo.com

Capreni Mayor's Office

Address: Capreni locality, Gorj County
Telephone: 0253-282.096
Faxes: 0253-282.096
Emails: primariacapreni@artelecom.net

Catunele Mayor's Office

Address: Catunele locality, Gorj County
Telephone: 0253-411.023
Faxes: 0253-411.023
Emails: primariacatunele@yahoo.com

Cîlnic Mayor's Office

Address: Cîlnic locality, Gorj County
Telephone: 0253-276.102
Faxes: 0253-276.102
Emails: primaria_cilnic@yahoo.com

Ciuperceni Mayor's Office

Address: Ciuperceni locality, Gorj County
Telephone: 0253-276.106
Faxes: 0253-276.106
Emails: pcciuperceni@yahoo.com

Crasna Mayor's Office

Address: Crasna locality, Gorj County
Telephone: 0253-474.216
Faxes: 0253-474.101
Emails: primcrasna@go.ro

Cruset Mayor's Office

Address: Cruset locality, Gorj County
Telephone: 0253-283.101
Faxes: 0253-283.067
Emails: primariacruset@yahoo.com

Danciulesti Mayor's Office

Address: Danciulesti locality, Gorj County
Telephone: 0253-289.007
Faxes: 0253-289.007
Emails:

Danesti Mayor's Office

Address: Danesti locality, Gorj County
Telephone: 0253-271.600,0253-271.854
Faxes: 0253-271.855
Email-uri: consiliuldanesti@artelecom.net; primariadanesti@yahoo.com

Dragotesti Mayor's Office

Address: Dragotesti locality, Gorj County
Telephone: 0253-376.701
Faxes: 0253-376.701
Emails: taniabrehui@yahoo.com

Dragutesti Mayor's Office

Address: Dragutesti locality, Gorj County
Telephone: 0253-227.625
Faxes: 0253-227.543
Emails: primaria_dragutesti@yahoo.com

Farcasesti Mayor's Office

Address: Farcasesti locality, Gorj County
Telephone: 0253-289.544
Faxes: 0253-289.544
Emails: corina.buzducea@yahoo.com

Glogova Mayor's Office

Address: Glogova locality, Gorj County
Telephone: 0253-411.411
Faxes: 0253-411.411
Emails: Nu au instalat

Godinesti Mayor's Office

Address: Godinesti locality, Gorj County
Telephone: 0253-377.001,0253-377.002
Faxes: 0253-377.001
Emails: primaria_godinesti@artelecom.net;

Hurezani Mayor's Office

Address: Hurezani locality, Gorj County
Telephone: 0253-231.221,0253-231.213
Faxes: 0253-231.107
Emails: primariahurezani@artelecom.net; integrare_2001@yahoo.com

Ionesti Mayor's Office

Address: Ionesti locality, Gorj County
Telephone: 0253-288.505
Faxes: 0253-288.505
Emails:

Jupânesti Mayor's Office

Address: Jupânesti locality, Gorj County
Telephone: 0253-230.606
Faxes: 0253-230.697
Emails: Nu au instalat

Lelesti Mayor's Office

Address: Lelesti locality, Gorj County
Telephone: 0253-278.484,0253-278.687
Faxes: 0253-278.687
Emails: primaria.lelesti@yahoo.com

Licurici Mayor's Office

Address: Licurici locality, Gorj County
Telephone: 0253-231.647,0253-231.667
Faxes: 0253-231.647
Emails: primarialicurici@yahoo.com

Logresti Mayor's Office

Address: Logresti locality, Gorj County
Telephone: 0253-284.027
Faxes: 0253-284.027
Emails: primlog@ltop.ro

Matasari Mayor's Office

Address: Matasari locality, Gorj County
Telephone: 0253-376.551,0253-376.782
Faxes: 0253-376.304
Emails: primariamatasari@yahoo.com

Motru Mayor's Office

Address: Motru locality, Gorj County, B-dul Garii, nr. 1, Motru
Telephone: 0253-410.560,0253-410.563
Faxes: 0253-410.560
Emails: primaria@primariamotru.ro;

Musetesti Mayor's Office

Address: Musetesti locality, Gorj County
Telephone: 0253-272.540,0253-272.501
Faxes: 0253-272.501
Emails: primariamusetesti2003@yahoo.com

Negomir Mayor's Office

Address: Negomir locality, Gorj County
Telephone: 0253-285.121,0253-285.100
Faxes: 0253-285.121
Emails: primarianegomir@yahoo.com

Novaci Mayor's Office

Address: Novaci locality, Gorj County, Str. Parîngulu, nr. 79, Novaci
Telephone: 0253-466.114,0253-466.114,0253-466.221
Faxes: 0253-466.114
Emails: primaria_novaci@yahoo.com;

Pades Mayor's Office

Address: Pades locality, Gorj County
Telephone: 0253-471.297,0253-471.297,0253-471.298
Faxes: 0253-471.298
Emails: primariapades@yahoo.com

Pestisani Mayor's Office

Address: Pestisani locality, Gorj County
Telephone: 0253-277.151
Faxes: 0253-277.100
Emails: miruna_pupaza@yahoo.com

Plopsoru Mayor's Office

Address: Plopsoru locality, Gorj County
Telephone: 0253-285.655,0253-285.660
Faxes: 0253-285.660
Emails: plopsoru@gmail.com

Polovragi Mayor's Office

Address: Polovragi locality, Gorj County
Telephone: 0253-476.135
Faxes: 0253-476.135
Emails: primariapolovragi@yahoo.com

Prigoria Mayor's Office

Address: Prigoria locality, Gorj County
Telephone: 0253-274.607
Faxes: 0253-274.607
Emails: primar@primariaprigoria.ro;

Rosia de Amaradia Mayor's Office

Address: Rosia de Amaradia locality, Gorj County
Telephone: 0253-232.504
Faxes: 0253-232.504
Emails: Nu are instalat

Rovinari Mayor's Office

Address: Rovinari locality, judetul Gorj, Str. Florilor, nr. 3, Rovinari
Telephone: 0253-371.095, 0253-371.011
Faxes: 0253-371.004
Emails: primaria_rovinari@yahoo.com; office@primariarovinari.ro;
integrare@primariarovinari.ro

Runcu Mayor's Office

Address: Runcu locality, Gorj County
Telephone: 0253-278.818
Faxes: 0253-278.818
Emails: primariaruncu@yahoo.com;

Sacelu Mayor's Office

Address: Sacelu locality, Gorj County
Telephone: 0253-275.502
Faxes: 0253-275.502
Emails: oliviadanciu@yagoo.com

Samarinesti Mayor's Office

Address: Samarinesti locality, Gorj County
Telephone: 0253-412.012
Faxes: 0253-412.012
Emails: Nu au instalat

Saulesti Mayor's Office

Address: Saulesti locality, Gorj County
Telephone: 0253-472.126
Faxes: 0253-472.001
Emails: andrita_justin@yahoo.com

Schela Mayor's Office

Address: Schela locality, Gorj County
Telephone: 0253-226.538
Faxes: 0253-226.538
Emails: cornoiun@yahoo.com (Cornoiu Nicolae Adrian)

Scoarta Mayor's Office

Address: Scoarta locality, Gorj County
Telephone: 0253-280.222
Faxes: 0253-280.222
Emails: primariascoarta1@yahoo.com

Slivesti Mayor's Office

Address: Slivesti locality, Gorj County
Telephone: 0253-335.300
Faxes: 0253-335.300
Emails: b_adrianconstantin@yahoo.com

Stanesti Mayor's Office

Address: Stanesti locality, Gorj County
Telephone: 0253-273.022,0253-273.355
Faxes: 0253-273.022
Emails: primaria_stanesti@artelecom.net, stanesti_gorj@artelecom.net

Stejari Mayor's Office

Address: Stejari locality, Gorj County
Telephone: 0253-235.302,0253-235.262
Faxes: 0253-235.302
Emails: primariastejari@artelecom.net

Stoina Mayor's Office

Address: Stoina locality, judetul Gorj
Telephone: 0253-281.120,0253-281.020
Faxes: 0253-281.120
Emails:

Târgu-Carbunesti Mayor's Office

Address: Târgu-Carbunesti locality, Gorj County, Str. Trandafirilor, nr. 41, Târgu- Carbunesti
Telephone: 0235-378.603,0253-379.053
Faxes: 0253-378.663
Emails: prtqcarb@intergorj.ro; office@primariacarbunesti.ro;

Targu-Jiu Mayor's Office

Address: Targu Jiu locality, Gorj County, B-dul C.tin Brîncusi, nr.19, Târgu-Jiu
Telephone: 0253-213.317,0253-213.317,0253-211.482
Faxes: 0253-214.878
Emails: primaria.tarqujiu@xnet.ro

Telesti Mayor's Office

Address: Telesti locality, Gorj County
Telephone: 0253-276.103,0253-276.323
Faxes: 0253-276.103
Emails:

Ticleni Mayor's Office

Address: Ticleni locality, Gorj County, Str. Petrolistilor, nr. 769, Ticleni
Telephone: 0253-234.416
Faxes: 0253-234.361
Emails: primaria_ticleni@yahoo.com;

Tîntareni Mayor's Office

Address: Tîntareni locality, Gorj County
Telephone: 0253-473.109
Faxes: 0253-473.109
Emails: primaria_tintareni@yahoo.com;

Tismana Mayor's Office

Address: Tismana locality, Gorj County, Tismana
Telephone: 0253-374.216, 0253-374.421
Faxes: 0253-206.102
Emails: ptismana@intergorj.ro; primaria@primariatismana.ro; integrare@primariatismana.ro;

Turburea Mayor's Office

Address: Turburea locality, Gorj County
Telephone: 0253-472.383
Faxes: 0253-472.527
Emails: primaria_turburea@yahoo.com;

Turceni Mayor's Office

Address: Turceni locality, 2 Muncii, Turceni, Gorj County
Telephone: 0253-335.025, 0253-335.024
Faxes: 0253-335.026
Emails: primaria.turceni@intergorj.ro

Turcinesti Mayor's Office

Address: Turcinesti locality, Gorj County
Telephone: 0253-226.549
Faxes: 0253-226.735
Emails: pturcinesti@intergorj.ro

Urdari Mayor's Office

Address: Urdari locality, Gorj County
Telephone: 0253-233.465
Faxes: 0253-233.465
Emails: primariaurdari@yahoo.com;

Vagiulesti Mayor's Office

Address: Vagiulesti locality, Gorj County
Telephone: 0253-412.505
Faxes: 0253-412.505
Emails: artemi79_sa@yahoo.com

Vladimir Mayor's Office

Address: Vladimir locality, Gorj County
Telephone: 0253-472.131
Faxes: 0253-472.131
Emails: primariavladimir@yahoo.com